



Service Manual

GREE ELECTRIC APPLIANCES, INC. OF ZHUHAI



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1. Summary

Indoor Unit:

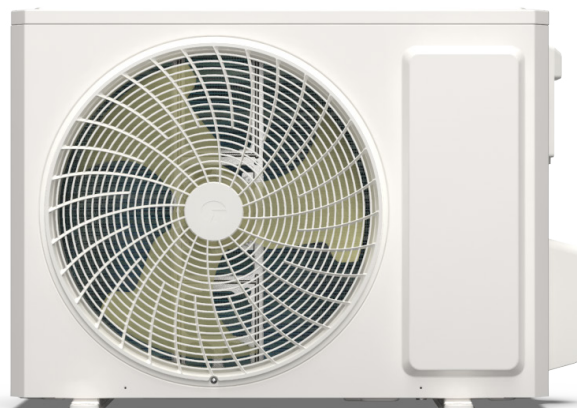
A1 panel (Gold)



A1 panel (Black)

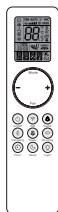
**Outdoor Unit:**

GWH09BBCXD-K6DNA1A/O
GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1A/O



Remote Controller:

YBE1FB13



YBE1FB14



Model list:

No.	Model	Product code	Indoor model	Indoor product code	Outdoor model	Outdoor product code	Remote Controller
1	GWH09BBCXD-K6DNA1A	CB637000301	GWH09BBCXD-K6DNA1A/I	CB637N00301	GWH09BBCXD-K6DNA1A/O	CB637W00300	YBE1FB13
2		CB637000300		CB637N00300			YBE1FB14
3	GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1A	CB637000100	GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1A/I	CB637N00100	GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1A/O	CB637W00100	YBE1FB13
4	GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1B	CB637000200	GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1B/I	CB637N00200			

2. Specifications

2.1 Specification Sheet

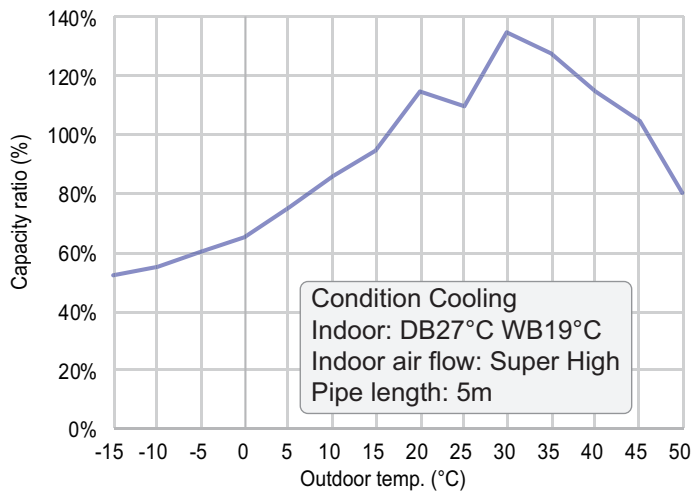
Model		-	GWH09BBCXD-K6DNA1A	GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1A GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1B
Product Code		-	CB637000300/CB637000301	CB637000100 CB637000200
Power Supply	Rated Voltage	V~	220-240	220-240
	Rated Frequency	Hz	50	50
	Phases	-	1	1
Power Supply Mode		-	Outdoor	Outdoor
Cooling Capacity		W	2700	3500
Heating Capacity		W	3000	3810
Cooling Power Input		W	640	875
Heating Power Input		W	730	952
Cooling Current Input		A	2.84	4.00
Heating Current Input		A	3.24	4.36
Rated Input		W	1400	1800
Rated Cooling Current		A	7.5	7.32
Rated Heating Current		A	7.5	8.24
Air Flow Volume		m³/h	580/500/470/420/380/350/300/280	670/620/540/480/380/300/276/250
Dehumidifying Volume		L/h	0.80	1.4
EER		W/W	4.22	4.00
COP		W/W	4.11	4.00
SEER		-	8.5	8.5
SCOP (Average/Warmer/Colder)		-	4.6/5.6/3.6	4.6/5.6/3.4
Application Area		m²	12-18	16-24
Indoor Unit	Model of indoor unit	-	GWH09BBCXD-K6DNA1A/I	GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1A/I GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1B/I
	Indoor Unit Product Code	-	CB637N00300/CB637N00301	CB637N00100 CB637N00200
	Fan Type	-	Cross-flow	Cross-flow
	Fan Diameter Length(DXL)	mm	Φ92X644	Φ92X644
	Cooling Speed	r/min	1200/1080/1030/930/830/750/700/550	1350/1100/1050/950/850/750/700/550
	Heating Speed	r/min	1200/1030/990/920/860/790/750	1350/1080/1050/1020/950/890/800
	Fan Motor Power Output	W	15	15
	Fan Motor RLA	A	0.09	0.09
	Fan Motor Capacitor	μF	/	/
	Evaporator Form	-	Aluminum Fin-copper Tube	Aluminum Fin-copper Tube
	Evaporator Pipe Diameter	mm	Φ7	Φ7
	Evaporator Row-fin Gap	mm	1-1.3 2-1.4 2-1.5	1-1.3 2-1.4 2-1.5
	Evaporator Coil Length (LXDXW)	mm	650X25.4X305	650X25.4X305
	Swing Motor Model	-	MP24HV / MP35CM / MP20AC	MP24HV / MP35CM / MP20AC
	Swing Motor Power Output	W	1.5 / 2.5 / 1.5	1.5 / 2.5 / 1.5
	Fuse Current	A	5	5
	Sound Pressure Level	dB (A)	Cooling:40/37/34/31/27/26/22/19 Heating:41/37/35/31/29/27/24	Cooling:43/38/36/34/31/27/24/19 Heating:43/37/36/35/33/31/28
	Sound Power Level	dB (A)	Cooling:56/51/48/45/41/40/36/33 Heating:56/51/49/45/43/41/38	Cooling:60/52/50/48/45/41/38/33 Heating:59/51/50/49/47/45/42
	Dimension (WXHXD)	mm	915X311X170	915X311X170
	Dimension of Carton Box (LXWXH)	mm	1000X395X278	1000X395X278
	Dimension of Package (LXWXH)	mm	1003X398X293	1003X398X293
	Net Weight	kg	12	12
	Gross Weight	kg	15	15

Outdoor Unit	Outdoor Unit Model	-	GWH09BBCXD-K6DNA1A/O	GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1A/O
	Outdoor Unit Product Code	-	CB637W00300	CB637W00100
	Compressor Manufacturer	-	ZHUHAI LANDA COMPRESSOR CO.,LTD.	ZHUHAI LANDA COMPRESSOR CO., LTD.
	Compressor Model	-	QXF-M098zE170	QXF-M098zE170
	Compressor Oil	-	FW68L	FW68L
	Compressor Type	-	Rotary	Rotary
	Compressor L.R.A.	A	/	/
	Compressor RLA	A	4	4
	Compressor Power Input	W	856.6	856.6
	Compressor Overload Protector	-	/	/
	Throttling Method	-	Electron expansion valve	Electron expansion valve
	Set Temperature Range	°C	Cooling:16-30; Heating:8-30	Cooling:16-30; Heating:8-30
	Cooling Operation Ambient Temperature Range	°C	-18~54	-18~54
	Heating Operation Ambient Temperature Range	°C	-25~24	-25~24
	Condenser Form	-	Aluminum Fin-copper Tube	Aluminum Fin-copper Tube
	Condenser Pipe Diameter	mm	Φ7	Φ7
	Condenser Rows-fin Gap	mm	1-1.2	2-1.4
	Condenser Coil Length (LXDXW)	mm	761.5X38.1X528	761.5X38.1X528
	Fan Motor Speed	rpm	850	850
	Fan Motor Power Output	W	30	30
	Fan Motor RLA	A	/	/
	Fan Motor Capacitor	μF	/	/
	Outdoor Unit Air Flow Volume	m³/h	2200	2200
	Fan Type	-	Axial-flow	Axial-flow
	Fan Diameter	mm	Φ420	Φ420
	Defrosting Method	-	Automatic Defrosting	Automatic Defrosting
	Climate Type	-	T1	T1
	Isolation	-	I	I
	Moisture Protection	-	IPX4	IPX4
	Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Discharge Side	MPa	4.3	4.3
	Permissible Excessive Operating Pressure for the Suction Side	MPa	2.5	2.5
	Sound Pressure Level	dB (A)	53	53
	Sound Power Level	dB (A)	63	64
	Dimension(WXHXD)	mm	802X555X350	802X555X350
	Dimension of Carton Box (LXWXH)	mm	869X395X594	869X395X594
	Dimension of Package(LXWXH)	mm	872X398X620	872X398X620
	Net Weight	kg	27.5	30
	Gross Weight	kg	30	32.5
	Refrigerant	-	R32	R32
	Refrigerant Charge	kg	0.7	0.8
Connection Pipe	Connection Pipe Length	m	5	5
	Connection Pipe Gas Additional Charge	g/m	16	16
	Outer Diameter Liquid Pipe	inch	1/4	1/4
	Outer Diameter Gas Pipe	inch	3/8	3/8
	Max Distance Height	m	10	10
	Max Distance Length	m	20	20
Note: The connection pipe applies metric diameter.				

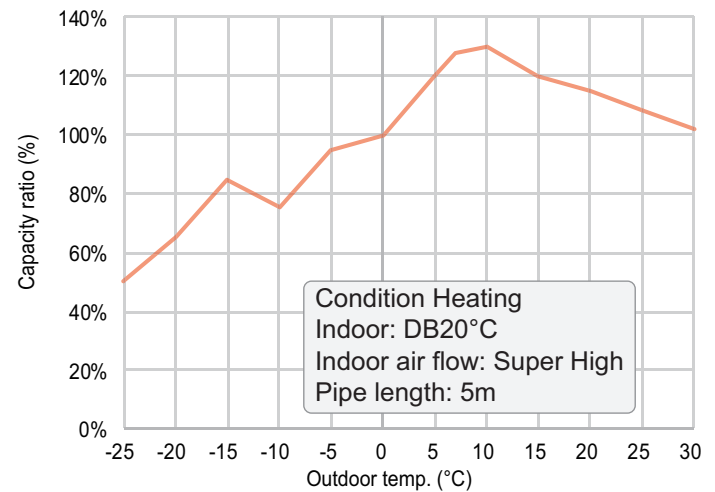
The above data is subject to change without notice. Please refer to the nameplate of the unit.

2.2 Capacity Variation Ratio According to Temperature

Cooling:



Heating:



2.3 Cooling and Heating Data Sheet in Rated Frequency

Cooling:

Rated cooling condition(°C) (DB/WB)		Model	Pressure of gas pipe connecting indoor and outdoor unit	Inlet and outlet pipe temperature of heat exchanger		Fan speed of indoor unit	Fan speed of outdoor unit
Indoor	Outdoor			T1 (°C)	T2 (°C)		
27/19	35/24	09/12K	0.9 ~ 1.1	12 ~ 14	75 ~ 37	Super High	High

Heating:

Rated heating condition(°C) (DB/WB)		Model	Pressure of gas pipe connecting indoor and outdoor unit	Inlet and outlet pipe temperature of heat exchanger		Fan speed of indoor unit	Fan speed of outdoor unit
Indoor	Outdoor			T1 (°C)	T2 (°C)		
20/-	7/6	09/12K	2.2 ~ 2.4	70 ~ 35	2 ~ 4	Super High	High

Instruction:

T1: Inlet and outlet pipe temperature of evaporator

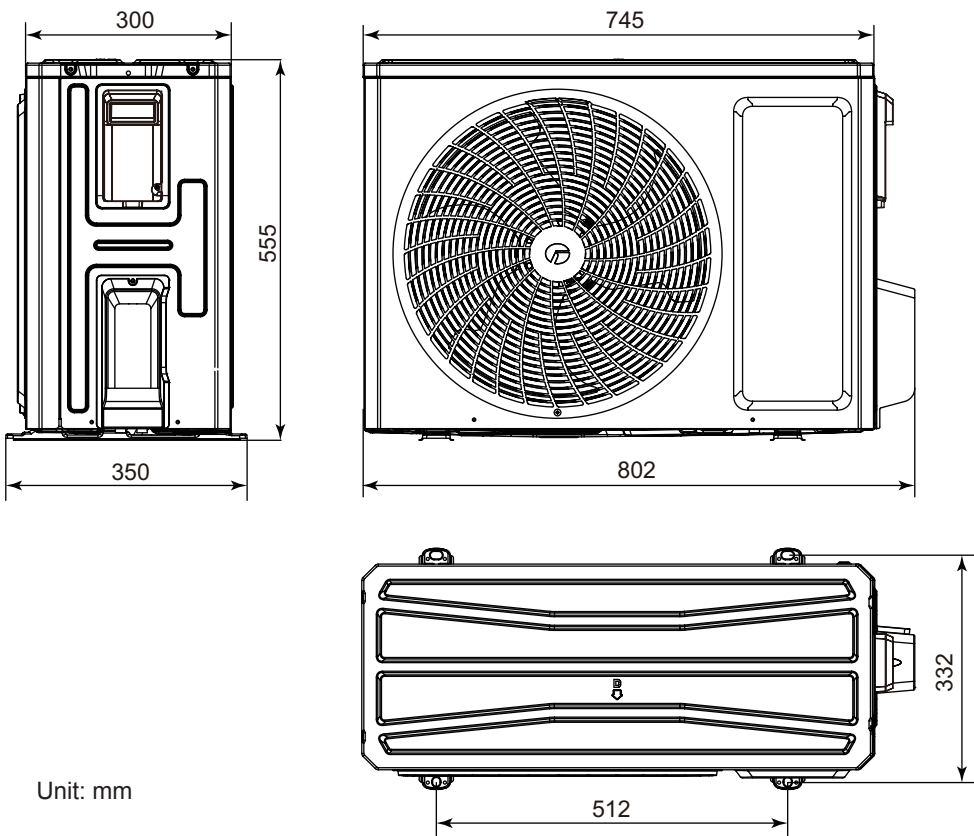
T2: Inlet and outlet pipe temperature of condenser

P: Pressure at the side of big valve

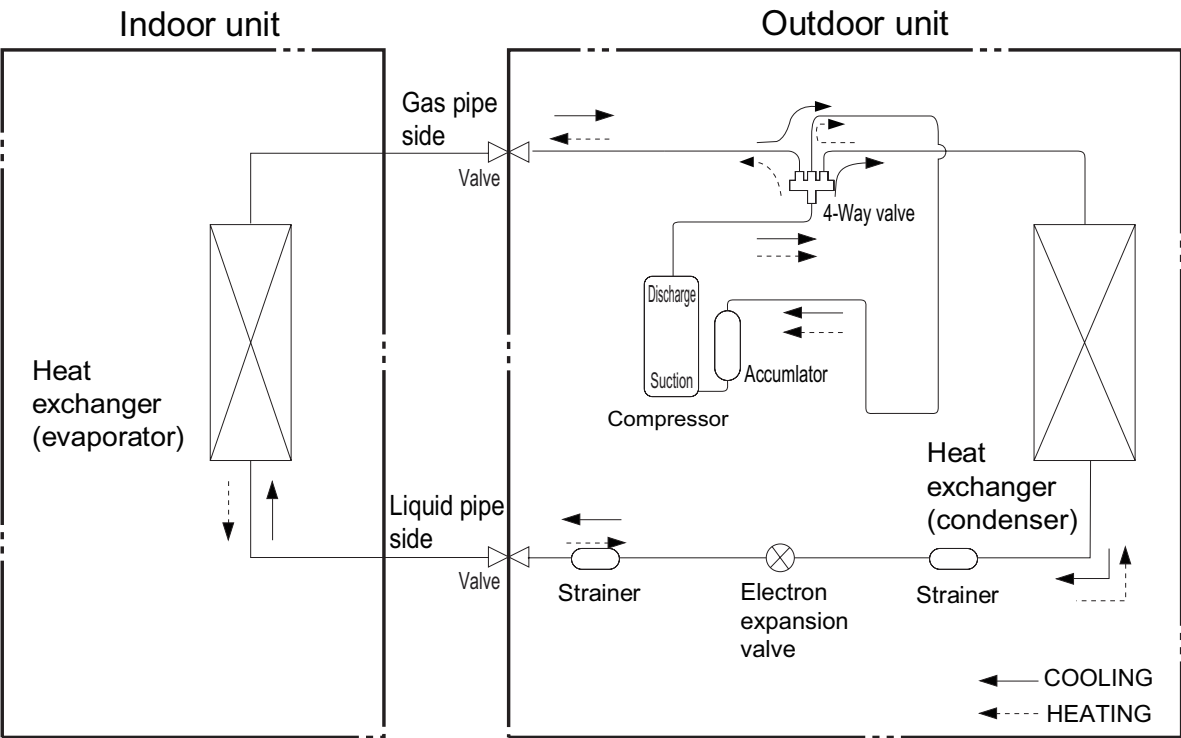
Connection pipe length: 5 m.

3.2 Outdoor Unit

GWH09BBCXD-K6DNA1A/O
GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1A/O



4. Refrigerant System Diagram




Connection pipe specification:
Liquid pipe: 1/4"
Gas pipe: 3/8"

5. Electrical Part

5.1 Wiring Diagram

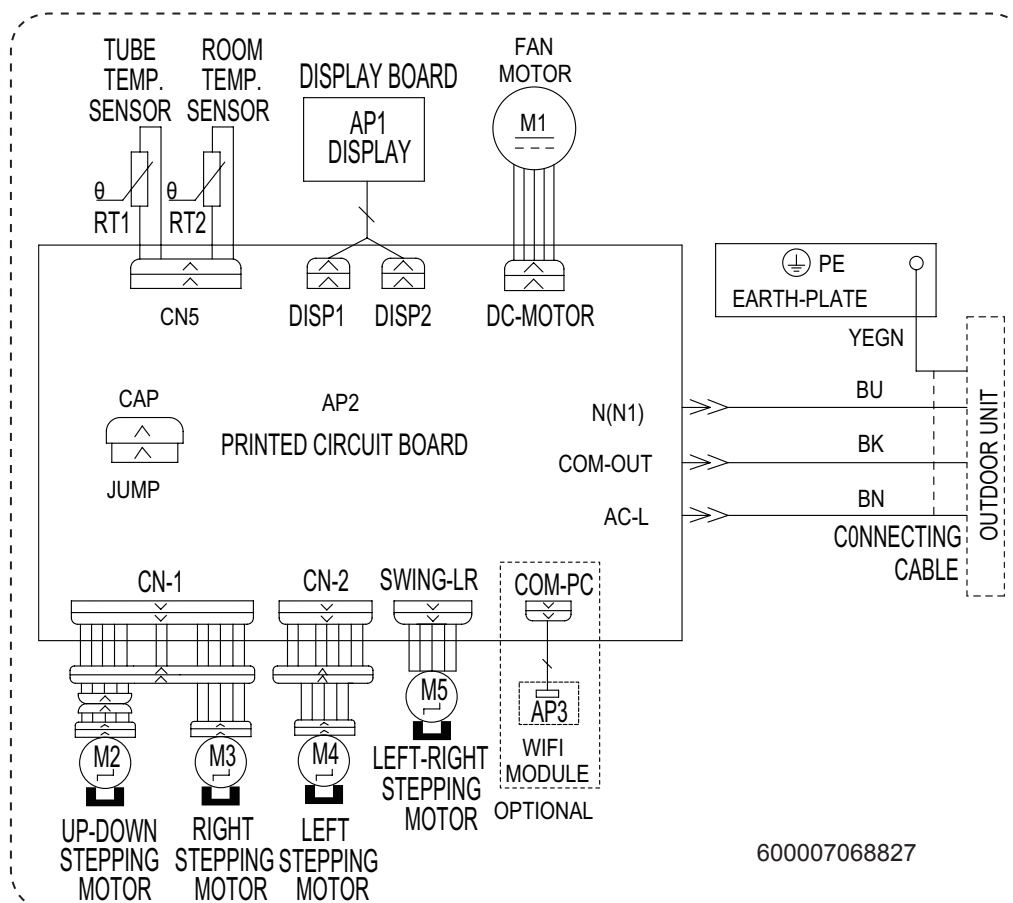
• Instruction

Symbol	Symbol Color	Symbol	Symbol Color	Symbol	Name
WH	White	GN	Green	CAP	Jumper cap
YE	Yellow	BN	Brown	COMP	Compressor
RD	Red	BU	Blue		Grounding wire
YEGN	Yellow/Green	BK	Black	/	/
VT	Violet	OG	Orange	/	/

Note: Jumper cap is used to determine fan speed and the swing angle of horizontal louver for this model.

• Indoor Unit

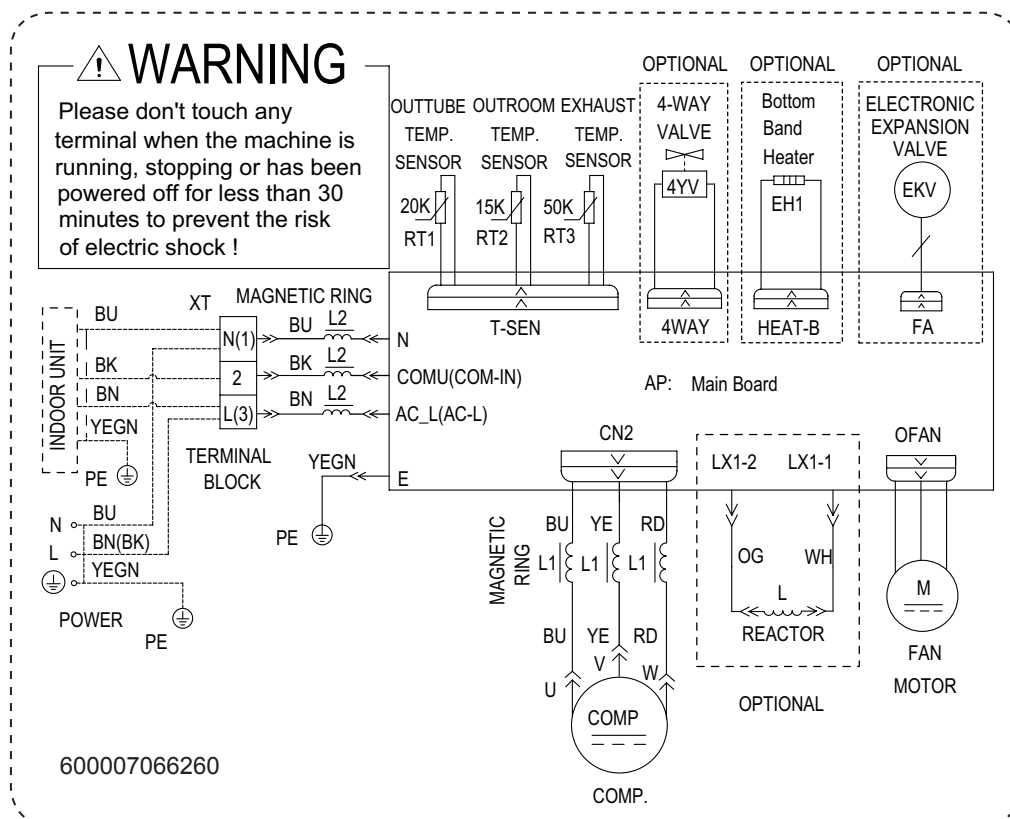
GWH09BBCXD-K6DNA1A/I
GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1A/I
GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1B/I



• Outdoor Unit

GWH09BBCXD-K6DNA1A/O

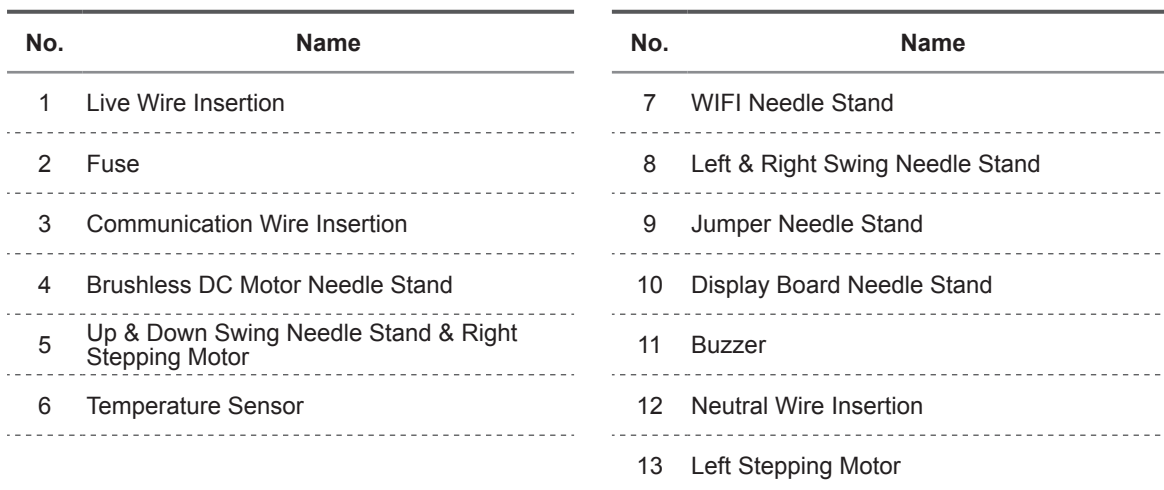
GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1A/O



These wiring diagrams are subject to change without notice; please refer to the one supplied with the unit.

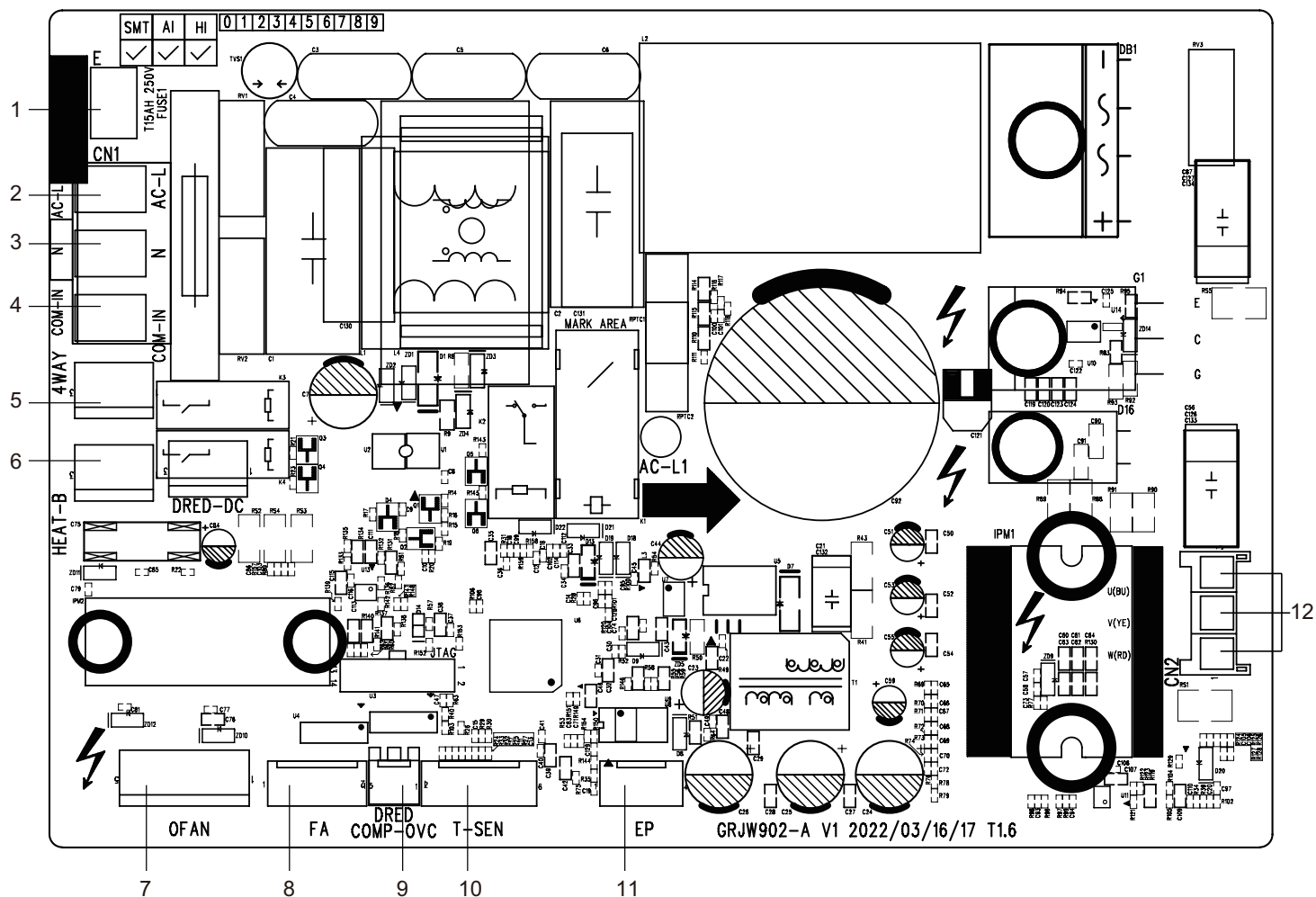
- **Indoor Unit**

GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1B/I



● Outdoor Unit

GWH09BBCXD-K6DNA1A/O GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1A/O

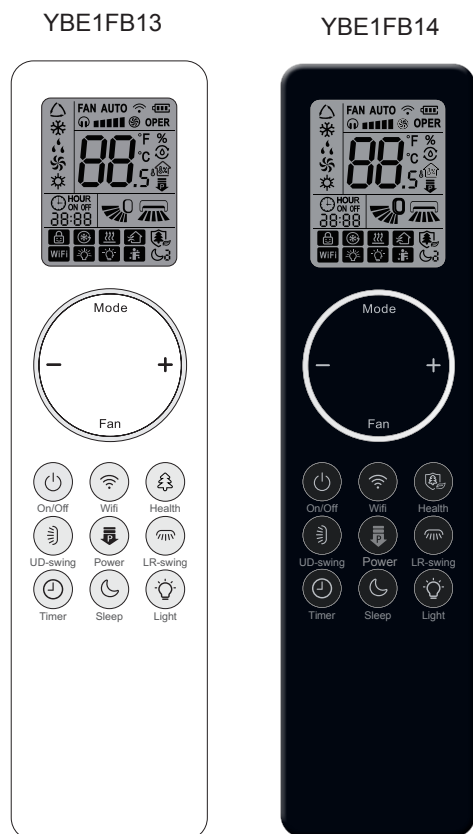


No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Earthing Wire Insertion	7	Outdoor Fan Needle Stand
2	Live Wire Insertion	8	Electronic Expansion Valve Needle Stand
3	Neutral Wire Insertion	9	Compressor Overload Needle Stand
4	Communication Wire Insertion	10	Temperature Sensor Needle Stand
5	Four-way Valve Needle Stand	11	EEP Flash Drive Needle Stand
6	Chassis Electric Heating Belt Needle Stand	12	Compressor Needle Stand

6. Function and Control

6.1 Remote Controller Introduction

Buttons on remote controller



Introduction for icons on display screen

	Quiet
	Set fan speed
	Turbo mode
	Send signal
	Auto mode
	Cool mode
	Dry mode
	Fan mode
	Heat mode
	Set temperature
	Power limiting operation
	TIMER ON / TIMER OFF
	Set time
	Left & right swing
	Up & down swing
	Child lock
	Fast cool
	X-FAN function
	Air function
	Health function
	WiFi function
	LED
	I feel function
	Sleep mode

NOTE:

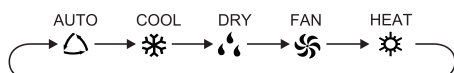
- This is a general use remote controller. It could be used for the air conditioner with multifunction. For the functions which the model doesn't have, if press the corresponding button on the remote controller, the unit will keep the original running status.
- After putting through the power, the air conditioner will give out a sound. Power indicator "⏻" is ON. After that, you can operate the air conditioner by using remote controller.
- Under on status, pressing the button on the remote controller, the signal icon "📶" on the display of remote controller will blink once and the air conditioner will give out a "di" sound, which means the signal has been sent to the air conditioner.

1. On/Off button

Press this button to turn on the unit. Press this button again to turn off the unit.

2. Mode button

Press this button to select your required operation mode:










- When selecting auto mode, air conditioner will operate automatically according to ambient temperature. Press "Fan" button can adjust fan speed. Press "🌀" / "🌀" button can adjust fan blowing angle.
- After selecting cool mode, air conditioner will operate under cool mode. Press "+" or "-" button to adjust set temperature. Press "Fan" button to adjust fan speed. Press "🌀" / "🌀" button to adjust fan blowing angle.
- When selecting dry mode, the air conditioner operates at low speed under dry mode. Under dry mode, fan speed can't be adjusted. Press "🌀" / "🌀" button to adjust fan blowing angle.
- When selecting fan mode, the air conditioner will only blow fan, no cooling and no heating. Press "Fan" button to adjust fan speed. Press "🌀" / "🌀" button to adjust fan blowing angle.
- When selecting heat mode, the air conditioner operates under heat mode. Press "+" or "-" button to adjust set temperature. Press "Fan" button to adjust fan speed. Press "🌀" / "🌀" button to adjust fan blowing angle.

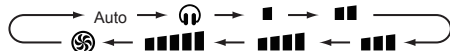
NOTE:



- For preventing cold air, after starting up heat mode, indoor unit will delay 1~5 minutes to blow air (Actual delay time depends on indoor ambient temperature).

- Set temperature range from remote controller: 16~30°C (61~86°F).
- This mode indicator is not available for some models.
- Cooling only unit won't receive heat mode signal. If setting heat mode with remote controller, press "On/Off" button can't start up the unit.


3. Fan button

This button is used for setting Fan Speed in the sequence that goes from AUTO, , , , , ,  to  then back to Auto.



- Low speed ■ Low-Medium speed ■ Medium speed
- Medium-High speed ■■■■ High speed  Turbo speed
-  Quiet speed

NOTE:

- It's low fan speed under dry mode.
- X-FAN function: Holding fan speed button for 2s in cool or dry mode, the icon " " is displayed and the indoor fan will continue operation for a few minutes in order to dry the indoor unit even though you have turned off the unit. After energization, X-FAN OFF is defaulted. X-FAN is not available in auto, fan or heat mode.

This function indicates that moisture on evaporator of indoor unit will be blown after the unit is stopped to avoid mould.

- Having set X-FAN function on: After turning off the unit by pressing "On/Off" button, indoor fan will continue running for a few minutes at low speed. In this period, hold fan speed button for 2s to stop indoor fan directly.
- Having set X-FAN function off: After turning off the unit by pressing "On/Off" button, the complete unit will be off directly.

4. - / + button

Press " + " or " - " button once increase or decrease set temperature 1°C(°F). Holding " + " or " - " button, 2s later, set temperature on remote controller will change quickly. On releasing button after setting is finished, temperature indicator on indoor unit will change accordingly.

5. Wifi button

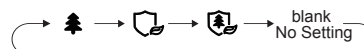
Press "Wifi" button to turn on WiFi function, "Wifi" icon will be displayed on the remote controller; Hold "Wifi" button for 5s to turn off WiFi function and "Wifi" icon will disappear. Under off status, press "Mode" and "Wifi" buttons simultaneously for 1s, WiFi module will restore factory settings.




NOTE:

- This function is only available for some models.

6. Health button

Press this button to turn on or turn off the health function and UVC lamp in operation status.



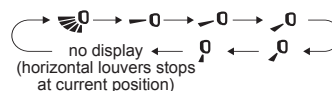
- When selecting "  " with remote controller, Cold Plasma will be turn on.
- When selecting "  " with remote controller, UVC lamp will be turn on.
- When selecting "  " with remote controller, Cold Plasma and UVC lamp will be turn on together.










NOTE:

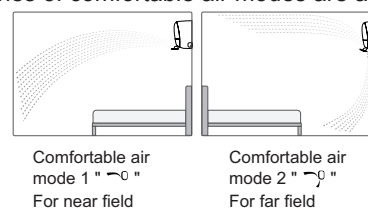
- Health function and UVC lamp are only available for some models.

7. UD-swing button

Press this button can select up & down swing angle. Fan blow angle can be selected circularly as below:





- When selecting "  ", air conditioner is blowing fan automatically. Horizontal louver will automatically swing up & down at maximum angle.
- When selecting "  ,  ,  ,  ,  ", air conditioner is blowing fan at fixed position. Horizontal louver will stop at the fixed position.
- Hold "  " button above 2s to set your required swing angle. When reaching your required angle, release the button.
- Under cooling, press this button to set comfortable air mode 1 "  " and comfortable air mode 2 "  ". The recommended applicable scenes of comfortable air modes are as follows:




NOTE:

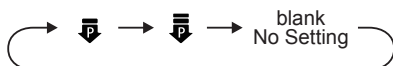
- Press this button continuously more than 2s, the main unit will swing back and forth from up to down, and then loosen the button, the unit will stop swinging and present position of guide louver will be kept immediately.





- Under swing up and down mode, when the status is switched from off to , if press this button again 2s later,  status will switch to off status directly; if press this button again within 2s, the change of swing status will also depend on the circulation sequence stated above.

8. Humidity button

 function is for limiting power of the whole unit.

Press this button, the remote controller will circularly display as the following:



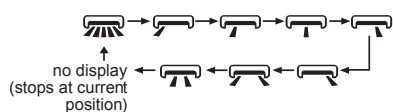
- Maximum power limited under the  mode is lower than that of  mode.
- If you want to cancel the power limiting function, press the button  till the icon in remote controller is not displayed.
- When the remote controller is turned off, power limiting function is cancelled. If you want to activate the function, please repress the button.
- If the current power is lower than the maximum power of  mode, then the power will not be limited after entering into such mode.
- For the model with one outdoor unit and two indoor units, if any one of indoor units enters into power limiting function, the outdoor unit will enter into the set limiting power mode of indoor unit; when two indoor units enter into power limiting mode, then the power of outdoor unit will be limited according to the lower power of the two indoor units.

NOTE:



- This button is only available for the model with such function.

9. LR-swing button

Press this button can select left & right swing angle. Fan blow angle can be selected circularly as below:



NOTE:

- Press this button continuously more than 2s, the main unit will swing back and forth from left to right, and then loosen the button, the unit will stop swinging and present position of guide louver will be kept immediately.
- Under swing left and right mode, when the status is switched from off to , if press this button again 2s later,  status will switch to off status directly; if press this button again within 2s,

the change of swing status will also depend on the circulation sequence stated above.

- This function only applicable for some models.

10. Timer button

- At ON status, press this button once can set TIMER OFF. The character of HOUR and OFF will flash. Press " + " or " - " button within 5s can adjust the time of TIMER ON. After each pressing of " + " or " - " button, time will increase or decrease half an hour. When holding " + " or " - " button, 2s later, the time will change quickly until to reach to your required time. After that, press "Timer" button to confirm it. The character of HOUR and OFF won't flash again.

Cancel TIMER OFF: Press "Timer" button again under TIMER OFF status.




- At OFF status, press this button once can set TIMER ON. Please refer to TIMER off for detailed operation.

Cancel TIMER ON: Press "Timer" button again under TIMER ON status.

NOTE:

- Time setting range: 0.5~24 hours.
- Time interval between two operations can't exceed 5s. Otherwise, remote controller will exit the setting status automatically.

11. Sleep button

Press this button, can select Sleep 1 (), Sleep 2 (), Sleep 3 () and cancel the Sleep, circulate between these, after electrified, Sleep Cancel is defaulted.

- Sleep 1 is Sleep mode 1, in Cool modes: sleep status after run for one hour, the main unit setting temperature will increase 1, two hours, setting temperature increased 2, then the unit will run at this setting temperature; In Heat mode: sleep status after run for one hour, the setting temperature will decrease 1, two hours, setting temperature will decrease 2, then the unit will run at this setting temperature.
- Sleep 2 is sleep mode 2, that is air conditioner will run according to the presetting a group of sleep temperature curve.
- Sleep 3 the sleep curve setting under Sleep mode by DIY;

(1) Under Sleep 3 mode, press "Health" button for a long time, remote controller enters into user individuation sleep setting status, at this time, the time of remote controller will display "1HOUR", the setting temperature "88" will display the corresponding temperature of last setting sleep curve and blink (The first entering will display according to the initial curve setting value of original factory);

(2) Adjust "+" and "-" button, could change the corresponding setting temperature, after adjusted, press "Health" button for confirmation;

(3) At this time, 1hour will be automatically increased at the timer position on the remote control, (that are "2HOUR" or "3HOUR" or "8HOUR"), the place of setting temperature "88" will display the corresponding temperature of last setting sleep curve and blink;

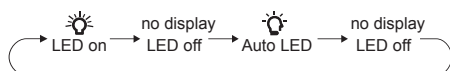
(4) Repeat the above step (2)~(3) operation, until 8 hours temperature setting finished, sleep, curve setting finished, at this time, the remote controller will resume the original timer display; temperature display will resume to original setting temperature.


- Sleep 3 the sleep curve setting under Sleep mode by DIY could be inquired:

The user could accord to sleep curve setting method to inquire the presetting sleep curve, enter into user individuation sleep setting status, but do not change the temperature, press "Health" button directly for confirmation. Note: In the above presetting or enquiry procedure, if continuously within 10s, there is no button pressed, the sleep curve setting within 10s, there is no button pressed, the sleep curve setting status will be automatically quit and resume to display the original displaying. In the presetting or enquiry procedure, press "On/Off" button, "Mode" button, "Timer" button or "Sleep" button, the sleep curve setting or enquiry status will quit similarly.

12. Light button

Press this button to control the LED status on the display, the circulation change is as follow:



When selecting " " (Auto LED) with remote controller, LED indicator on indoor unit will adjust the luminance automatically according to the ambient intensity of illumination.


Function introduction for combination buttons

8°C heating function



Under heat mode, press "Mode" and "Timer" buttons simultaneously to start up or turn off 8°C heating function. When this function is started up, "8°C" will be shown on remote controller, and the air conditioner keep the heating status at 8°C. Press "Mode" and "Timer" buttons simultaneously again to exit 8°C heating function.

NOTE:

- Under 8°C heating function, fan speed is defaulted at auto speed and it can't be adjusted.

- Under 8°C heating function, set temperature can't be adjusted.
- Sleep function and 8°C heating function can't operate at the same time. If 8°C heating function has been set under heat mode, press "" button will cancel 8°C heating function. If sleep function has been set under heat mode, start up the 8°C heating function will cancel sleep function.
- Under °F temperature display, the remote controller will display 46°F heating.


Child lock function

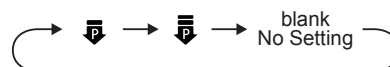
Hold "On/Off" and "-" buttons simultaneously for 3s to turn on or turn off child lock function. When child lock function is on, "" icon is displayed on remote controller. If you operate the remote controller, the "" icon will blink three times without sending signal to the unit.



Temperature display switchover function

Under OFF status, hold "Mode" and "-" buttons simultaneously for 3s to switch temperature display between °C and °F.

function

 function is for limiting power of the whole unit. Press "Mode" and "Sleep" buttons simultaneously, the remote controller will circularly display as the following:



- Maximum power limited under the  mode is lower than that of  mode.
- If you want to cancel the power limiting function, press "Mode" and "Sleep" buttons simultaneously till the icon in remote controller is not displayed.
- When the remote controller is turned off, power limiting function is cancelled. If you want to activate the function, please repress "Mode" and "Sleep" buttons simultaneously.
- If the current power is lower than the maximum power of mode, then the power will not be limited after entering into such mode.
- For the model with one outdoor unit and two indoor units, if any one of indoor units enters into power limiting function, the outdoor unit will enter into the set limiting power mode of indoor unit; when two indoor units enter into power limiting mode, then the power of outdoor unit will be limited according to the lower power of the two indoor units.

NOTE:

- This button is only available for the model with such function.

Indoor ambient temperature or humidity display

By holding "On/Off" and "⌂" buttons simultaneously, you can see indoor ambient temperature or indoor ambient humidity on indoor unit's display. The setting on remote controller is selected circularly as below:



- When selecting "⌂" with remote controller, temperature indicator on indoor unit displays indoor ambient temperature.
- When selecting "⌂%" with remote controller, temperature indicator on indoor unit displays indoor ambient humidity.

NOTE:

- The ambient humidity value is only for reference. E.g.: If humidity value is "0%", there may be malfunction for the humidity detection board. Please contact local service provider.
- There may be some measuring deviation for humidity detection and photosensitivity detection.

Clean reminder function of filter

The reminder function is defaulted to be OFF. Hold "On/Off" and "⌂" buttons simultaneously for 5s to turn it on. The buzzer will give out sound for 0.5s and the dual-8 nixie tube on the display will be on for 3s; Once the reminder function is turned on, when the air conditioner has reached to the set time, the dual-8 nixie tube will flash about 30s when the unit is turned on each time to remind the user to clean the filter; you can turn off this cycle reminder by holding "On/Off" and "⌂" buttons simultaneously for 5s and then the air conditioner will count time again.

NOTE:

- Once the reminder function is turned on, only this cycle reminder can be cleared.
- This function is only available for some models.

Volume control of IDU Buzzer

Press "Mode" and "🔊" buttons simultaneously to reduce the sound level of the indoor unit's buzzer.

NOTE:

- This function is only available for some models.

Fast cool function

Press "On/Off" and "+" buttons simultaneously under cooling mode can select 25°C(77°F) fast cooling mode, 16°C(61°F) fast cooling mode and normal cooling mode circularly. "❄️" icon will

be displayed on the remote controller under fast cooling mode.

Once it enters into fast cooling mode, the fan speed is auto fan and the set temperature is 25°C(77°F) or 16°C(61°F). At this time, the set temperature flashes to display for 5s. In the flashing period, press "+" or "-" button to adjust the set temperature.

Press "Fan" button to adjust the fan speed. If the set temperature and the fan speed haven't been adjusted during that time, the remote controller and the indoor unit will operate under current set temperature and fan speed for 20 minutes. 20 minutes later, the set temperature and the fan speed for the remote controller and the indoor unit will turn to the status before quick cooling.

NOTE:

- If the set temperature and the fan speed have been adjusted during the operation under fast cooling mode, the unit will exit from the fast cooling mode. Then the indoor unit operates continuously under the adjusted status.
- Fast cooling function is only applicable for some models. If this function is unavailable for this indoor unit, 20 minutes later, the remote controller will turn back to the status before fast cooling. Indoor unit operates continuously according to current status. At this time, status of indoor unit and the display status on the remote controller may be different.
- This function is only available for some models.

Auto clean function

Under unit off status, hold "Mode" and "⌂" buttons simultaneously for 5s to turn on or turn off the auto clean function. When the auto clean function is turned on, indoor unit displays "CL". During the auto clean process of evaporator, the unit will perform fast cooling or fast heating. There may be some noise, which is the sound of flowing liquid or thermal expansion or cold shrinkage. The air conditioner may blow cool or warm air, which is a normal phenomenon. During cleaning process, please make sure the room is well ventilated to avoid affecting the comfort.

NOTE:

- The auto clean function can only work under normal ambient temperature. If the room is dusty, clean it once a month; if not, clean it once every three months. After the auto clean function is turned on, you can leave the room. When auto clean is finished, the air conditioner will enter standby status.
- This function is only available for some models.



Night mode

Under cooling or heating mode, when turning on sleep mode and turn to low speed or quiet notch, the outdoor unit would enter into night mode.

NOTE:


- When you feel that the cooling and heating effect is poor, please press "Fan" button to other fan speed or press "Sleep" button to exit the night mode.
- The night mode can only work under normal ambient temperature.
- This function is only available for some models.


I FEEL function

Press "Health" and " + " buttons simultaneously to start I FEEL function and "  " will be displayed on the remote controller. After this function is set, the remote controller will send the detected ambient temperature to the controller and the unit will automatically adjust the indoor temperature according to the detected temperature. Press "Health" and " + " buttons simultaneously again to turn off I FEEL function and "  " will disappear.

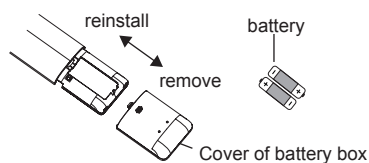
- Please put the remote controller near user when this function is set. Do not put the remote controller near the object of high temperature or low temperature in order to avoid detecting inaccurate ambient temperature. When I FEEL function is turned on, the remote controller should be put within the area where indoor unit can receive the signal sent by the remote controller.


Two-way ventilation function

Under turning on, press "Mode" and "Health" buttons simultaneously to start up or turn off two-way ventilation function. When two-way ventilation function is started up,  will be shown on remote controller, and the light of the two-way ventilation system is turned on. Fan speed will be adjusted according to the fan speed of air conditioner.

Under turning off, press "Mode" and "Health" buttons simultaneously to start up or turn off two-way ventilation function only. When two-way ventilation function is started up,  will be shown on remote controller, and the light of the two-way ventilation system is turned on. Fan speed will be adjusted according to fan button on remote controller.

Replacement of batteries in remote controller



1. Press the back side of remote controller marked with "  ", as shown in the fig, and then push out the cover of battery box along the arrow direction.

2. Replace two 7# (AAA 1.5V) dry batteries, and make sure the position of " + " polar and " - " polar are correct.

3. Reinstall the cover of battery box.

NOTE:

- During operation, point the remote control signal sender at the receiving window on indoor unit.
- The distance between signal sender and receiving window should be no more than 8m, and there should be no obstacles between them.
- Signal may be interfered easily in the room where there is fluorescent lamp or wireless telephone; remote controller should be close to indoor unit during operation.
- Replace new batteries of the same model when replacement is required.
- When you don't use remote controller for a long time, please take out the batteries.
- If the display on remote controller is fuzzy or there's no display, please replace batteries.

6.2 Brief Description of Models and Functions

• Indoor Unit

1. Basic function of system

(1) Cooling mode

(1) Under this mode, fan and swing operates at setting status. Temperature setting range is 16~30°C.

(2) During malfunction of outdoor unit or the unit is stopped because of protection, indoor unit keeps original operation status.

(2) Drying mode

(1) Under this mode, fan operates at low speed and swing operates at setting status. Temperature setting range is 16~30°C.

(2) During malfunction of outdoor unit or the unit is stopped because of protection, indoor unit keeps original operation status.

(3) Protection status is same as that under cooling mode.

(4) Sleep function is not available for drying mode.

(3) Heating mode

(1) Under this mode, Temperature setting range is 16~30°C.

(2) Working condition and process for heating mode:

When turn on the unit under heating mode, indoor unit enters into cold air prevention status. When the unit is stopped or at OFF status, and indoor unit has been started up just now, the unit enters into residual heat-blowing status.

(4) Working method for AUTO mode:

1. Working condition and process for AUTO mode:

a. Under AUTO mode, standard heating $T_{\text{preset}}=20^{\circ}\text{C}$ and standard cooling $T_{\text{preset}}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$. The unit will switch mode automatically according to ambient temperature.

2. Protection function

a. During cooling operation, protection function is same as that under cooling mode.

b. During heating operation, protection function is same as that under heating mode.

3. Display: Set temperature is the set value under each condition. Ambient temperature is $(T_{\text{amb.}}-T_{\text{compensation}})$ for heat pump unit and $T_{\text{amb.}}$ for cooling only unit.

4. If there's I feel function, $T_{\text{compensation}}$ is 0. Others are same as above.

(5) Fan mode

Under this mode, indoor fan operates at set fan speed. Compressor, outdoor fan, 4-way valve and electric heating tube stop operation. Indoor fan can select to operate at high, medium, low or auto fan speed. Temperature setting range is 16~30°C.

2. Other control

(1) Buzzer

Upon energization or availablely operating the unit or remote controller, the buzzer will give out a beep.

(2) Auto button

If press this auto button when turning off the unit, the complete unit

will operate at auto mode. Indoor fan operates at auto fan speed and swing function is turned on. Press this auto button at ON status to turn off the unit.

(3) Auto fan

Heating mode: During auto heating mode or normal heating mode, auto fan speed will adjust the fan speed automatically according to ambient temperature and set temperature.

(4) Sleep

After setting sleep function for a period of time, system will adjust set temperature automatically.

(5) Timer function:

General timer and clock timer functions are compatible by equipping remote controller with different functions.

(6) Memory function

memorize compensation temperature, off-peak energization value.

Memory content: mode, up & down swing, light, set temperature, set fan speed, general timer (clock timer can't be memorized).

After power recovery, the unit will be turned on automatically according to memory content.

(7) Health function

During operation of indoor fan, set health function by remote controller. Turn off the unit will also turn off health function.

Turn on the unit by pressing auto button, and the health is defaulted ON.

Once compressor is started, it won't stop within 6 mins according to the change of room temp.

1) Auto mode

① Operation condition and process for auto mode

Under auto mode, the system will automatically select operation mode (cooling, heating, and fan) according to indoor ambient temperature. There will be 30s delayed for protection between mode switchover.

◆ When $T_{\text{amb.}} \geq 26^{\circ}\text{C}$, unit will be in cooling mode. Ex-factory set temperature is 25°C

◆ Cooling and heating unit: When $T_{\text{amb.}} \leq (19^{\circ}\text{C} + T_{\text{compensation}})$, unit will be in heating mode $T_{\text{preset}}=20^{\circ}\text{C}$.

◆ Cooling only unit: When $T_{\text{amb.}} \leq 22^{\circ}\text{C}$ (or 72°F), unit will be in fan mode $T_{\text{preset}}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

◆ For cooling and heating unit under condition that $(19^{\circ}\text{C} + T_{\text{compensation}}) < T_{\text{amb.}} < 26^{\circ}\text{C}$ (For cooling only unit under condition that $22^{\circ}\text{C} < T_{\text{amb.}} < 26^{\circ}\text{C}$), when unit is initially turned on in auto mode, it will operate according to auto fan mode. When unit is changed to auto mode from other modes, it will maintain its previous working status (If auto mode is turned on from drying mode, unit will operate according to auto fan mode).

② Protection function is same as that under each mode.

2) Cooling mode

① Operation condition and process for cooling mode

◆ When $T_{\text{amb.}} \geq T_{\text{set}} + 1^{\circ}\text{C}$, the system operates under cooling mode.

In this case, the compressor, the ODU fan motor and the IDU fan motor operates at set speed.

◆ When $T_{amb.} \leq T_{set} - 1^{\circ}\text{C}$, the compressor and the ODU fan motor stop, while the IDU fan motor operates at set speed.

◆ When $T_{set} - 1^{\circ}\text{C} < T_{amb.} < T_{set} + 1^{\circ}\text{C}$, the system will maintain its previous operation status.

In cooling mode, the 4-way valve is de-energized (4-way valve is not available for cooling only unit). Temperature setting range is 16~30°C.

(8) I feel control mode

After controller received I feel control signal and ambient temperature sent by remote controller, controller will work according to the ambient temperature sent by remote controller.

(9) Entry condition for compulsory defrosting function

When turn on the unit under heating mode and set temperature is 16°C (or 16.5°C by remote controller), press “ Δ , ∇ , Δ , ∇ , Δ , ∇ ” (or +, -, +, -, +, -, -) button successively within 5s and then indoor unit will enter into compulsory defrosting setting status:

(1) If there's only indoor units controller, it enters into indoor normal defrosting mode.

(2) If there's indoor units controller and outdoor units controller, indoor unit will send compulsory defrosting mode signal to outdoor unit and then outdoor unit will operate under normal defrosting mode. After indoor unit received the signal that outdoor unit has entered into defrosting status, indoor unit will cancel to send compulsory mode to outdoor unit. If outdoor unit hasn't received feedback signal from outdoor unit after 3min, indoor unit will also cancel to send compulsory defrosting signal.

(10) Refrigerant recovery function:

Enter into Freon recovery mode actively: Within 5min after energization, turn on the unit at 16°C under cooling mode, and press light button for 3 times within 3s to enter into Freon recovery mode. Fo is displayed and Freon recovery mode will be sent to outdoor unit.

(11) Ambient temperature display control mode

1. When user set the remote controller to display set temperature (corresponding remote control code: 01), current set temperature will be displayed.

2. Only when remote control signal is switched to indoor ambient temperature display status (corresponding remote control code: 10) from other display status (corresponding remote control code: 00, 01, 11), controller will display indoor ambient temperature for 3s and then turn back to display set temperature.

Under this mode, indoor fan operates at set fan speed. Compressor, outdoor fan, 4-way valve and electric heating tube stop operation. Indoor fan can select to operate at high, medium, low or auto fan speed. Temperature setting range is 16~30°C.

(12) Off-peak energization function:

Adjust compressors minimum stop time. The original minimum stop time is 180s and then we change to:

The time interval between two start-ups of compressor can't be

less than $180 + T_s$ ($0 \leq T_s \leq 15$). T is the variable of controller. That's to say the minimum stop time of compressor is 180s~195s. Read-in T into memory chip when refurbish the memory chip each time. After power recovery, compressor can only be started up after $180 + T$ s at least.

(13) SE control mode

The unit operates at SE status.

(14) X-fan mode (This function is only available for some models)

When X-fan function is turned on, after turn off the unit, indoor fan will still operate at low speed for a few minutes and then the complete unit will be turned off. When x-fan function is turned off, after turn off the unit, the complete unit will be turned off directly.

(15) 8°C heating function

Under heating mode, you can set 8°C heating function by remote controller. The system will operate at 8°C set temperature.

(16) Turbo function

Turbo function can be set under cooling and heating modes. Press Fan Speed button to cancel turbo setting. Turbo function is not available under auto, drying and fan modes.

• Outdoor Unit

1. Basic Functions

(1) Cooling Mode

1. Conditions and processes of cooling operation:

(1) If the compressor is shut down, and $[T_{setup} - (T_{indoor\ ambient\ temperature} - \Delta T_{cooling\ indoor\ ambient\ temperature\ compensation})] < 0^{\circ}\text{C}$, start up the machine for cooling, the cooling operation will start;

(2) During operations of cooling, if $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq [T_{setup} - (T_{indoor\ ambient\ temperature} - \Delta T_{cooling\ indoor\ ambient\ temperature\ compensation})] < 2^{\circ}\text{C}$, the cooling operation will be still running;

(3) During operations of cooling, if $2^{\circ}\text{C} \leq [T_{setup} - (T_{indoor\ ambient\ temperature} - \Delta T_{cooling\ indoor\ ambient\ temperature\ compensation})]$, the cooling operation will stop after reaching the temperature point.

2. Temperature setting range

(1) If $T_{outdoor\ ambient\ temperature} \geq [T_{low\ temperature\ cooling\ temperature}]$, the temperature can be set at: 16~30°C (Cooling at room temperature);

(2) If $T_{outdoor\ ambient\ temperature} < [T_{low\ temperature\ cooling\ temperature}]$, the temperature can be set at: 25~30°C (Cooling at low temperature), that is, the minimum setting temperature for outer units judgment is 25°C.

(2) Dehumidifying Mode

1. Conditions and processes of dehumidifying operations: Same as the cooling mode;

2. The temperature setting range is: 16~30°C;

(3) Air-supplying Mode

1. The compressor, outdoor fans and four-way valves are switched off;

2. The temperature setting range is: 16~30°C.

(4) Heating Mode

1. Conditions and processes of heating operations:

($T_{\text{indoor ambient temperature}}$ is the actual detection temperature of indoor environment thermo-bulb, $T_{\text{heating indoor ambient temperature compensation}}$ is the indoor ambient temperature compensation during heating operations)

(1) If the compressor is shut down, and $[(T_{\text{indoor ambient temperature}} - \Delta T_{\text{heating indoor ambient temperature compensation}}) - T_{\text{setup}}] < 0^{\circ}\text{C}$, start the machine to enter into heating operations for heating;

(2) During operations of heating, if $0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq [(T_{\text{indoor ambient temperature}} - \Delta T_{\text{heating indoor ambient temperature compensation}}) - T_{\text{setup}}] < 2^{\circ}\text{C}$, the heating operation will be still running;

(3) During operations of heating, if $2^{\circ}\text{C} \leq [(T_{\text{indoor ambient temperature}} - \Delta T_{\text{heating indoor ambient temperature compensation}}) - T_{\text{setup}}]$, the heating operation will stop after reaching the temperature point.

2. The temperature setting range in this mode is: $16\sim 30^{\circ}\text{C}$.

3. Special Functions

Defrosting Control

① Conditions for starting defrosting

After the time for defrosting is judged to be satisfied, if the temperature for defrosting is satisfied after detections for continuous 3minutes, the defrosting operation will start.

② Conditions of finishing defrosting

The defrosting operation can exit when any of the conditions below is satisfied:

③ $T_{\text{outdoor pipe temperature}} \geq (T_{\text{outdoor ambient temperature}} - [T_{\text{temperature 1 of finishing defrosting}}])$;

④ The continuous running time of defrosting reaches $[t_{\text{max. defrosting time}}]$.

4. Control Logic

(1) Compressor Control

Start the compressor after starting cooling, heating, dehumidifying operations, and the outer fans start for 5s; When the machine is shutdown, in safety stops and when switching to air-supplying mode, the compressor will stop immediately. In all modes: once the compressor starts up, it will not be allowed to stop until having run for the $[t_{\text{min. compressor running time}}]$ (Note: including cases of shutdown when the temperature point is reached; except the cases requiring stopping the compressor such as fault protection, remote shutdown, mode switching etc.); In all modes: once the compressor stops, it will be allowed be restart after 3-minute delay (Note: The indoor units have a function of power memory, the machine can be restarted after remote shutdown and powering up again without delay).

1. Cooling mode

Start the machine to enter into cooling operation for cooling, the compressor is switched on.

2. Dehumidifying mode

Same as the cooling mode.

3. Air-supplying mode

The compressor is switched off.

4. Heating mode

(1) Start the machine to enter into heating operation for heating, the compressor is switched on.

(2) Defrosting:

a. Defrosting starts: the compressor is shut down, and restarts it after 55-second delay.

b. Defrosting ends: the compressor stops, then starts it after 55-second delay.

(2) Outer Fans Control

Notes:

Only the outer fans run for at least 80s in each air flow speed can the air flow be switched;

After the outer fans run compulsively in high speed for 80s when the machine starts up, control the air flow according to the logic.

After remote shutdown, safety stops, and when the machine stops after reaching the temperature point, as well as after the compressor stops, extend 1 minute, the outer fans will stop (During the period in the 1 minute, the air flow of outer fans can be changed according to the outdoor ambient temperature changes); When running with force, the outdoor fans shall run in the highest air flow.

(3) 4-way valve control

1. The 4-way valve control under the modes of Cooling, dehumidification and supplying air: closing;

2. The status of 4-way valve control under the heating mode: getting power;

(1) 4-way valve power control under heating mode

a. Starts the machine under heating mode, the 4-way valve will get power immediately.

(2) 4-way valve power turn-off control under heating mode

a. When you should turn off the power or switch to other mode under heating mode, the power of 4-way valve will be cut after 2 minutes of the compressor stopped.

b. When all kinds of protection stops, the power of 4-way valve will be cut after delaying 4 minutes.

(3) Defrosting control under heating mode:

a. Defrosting begins: The power of 4-way valve will be cut after 50s of entering into the defrosting compressor.

b. Defrosting stops: The 4-way valve will get power after 50s of exiting the defrosting compressor.

(4) Evaporator frozen-preventing protection function

1. Starting estimation:

When the indoor unit is running 6 minutes (the compressor is turned on), the $T_{\text{inner pipe}} \leq [T_{\text{frozen-preventing stop}}]$ (the temperature of hysteresis is 2) is detected in 3 minutes., then enter the frozen-preventing protection.

2. Frequency limited

When the indoor unit enters frozen-preventing protection, according to cooling reaches temperature point stop.

(5) Compressor overloads protection

If you measure the compressor overload switch action in 3s, the compressor should be stopped for overloading. The machine should be allowed to operate after overload protection was measured to resume. If the overloading protection continuously

occurs for three times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume. The protection times of compressor is allowed to clear after the compressor run [t Protection times clearing of compressor overloading] 30 minutes.

(6) Communication fault

When you have not received any correct signal from the inner machine in three minutes, the machine will stop for communication fault. When you have not received any correct signal from driver IC (aim to the controller for the separating of main control IC and driver IC), and the machine will stop for communication fault. If the communication is resumed, the machine will be allowed to operate.

(7) Module protection

Testing the module protective signal immediately after started, once the module protective signal is measured, stop the machine with module protection immediately. If the module protection is resumed, the machine will be allowed to operate. If the module protection continuously occurs for three times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume. If the running time of compressor exceeds the [t Protection times clearing of module], the module protection is cleared to recount.

(9) Module overheating protection

1. Starting estimation:

After the compressor stopped working for 180s, if $T_{Module} < [T_{Module} \text{ frequency limited temperature}]$, the machine is allowed to start, otherwise it should not be started, and should be stopped to treat according to the module overheating protection: The machine should be stopped or transferred to supply air, the trouble should be cleared immediately, and the protection times are not counted.

2. Frequency limited

If $[T_{Limited \text{ frequency temperature of module}}] \leq T_{Module} < [T_{\text{frequency reducing temperature at normal speed of module}}]$, you should limit the frequency raising of compressor.

3. Reducing frequency at normal speed and power turn-off:

If $[T_{\text{frequency reducing temperature at normal speed of module}}] \leq T_{Module} < [T_{\text{frequency reducing temperature at high speed of module}}]$, you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 8Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if $[T_{\text{frequency reducing temperature at normal speed of module}}] \leq T_{Module}$, you should stop the machine for module overheating protection;

4. Reducing frequency at high speed and power turn-off:

If $[T_{\text{frequency reducing temperature at high speed of module}}] \leq T_{Module} < [T_{\text{Power turn-off temperature of module}}]$ you should adjust the compressor frequency by reducing 30Hz/90s till the lower limit; After it was running 90s at the lower limit, if $[T_{\text{frequency reducing temperature at normal speed of module}}] \leq T_{Module}$, you should stop the machine for module overheating protection;

5. Power turn-off:

If the $[T_{\text{Power turn-off temperature of module}}] \leq T_{Module}$, you should stop the machine for module overheating protection; If $T_{Module} < [T_{Limited \text{ frequency temperature of module}}]$ and the compressor has been stopped for 3 minutes, the machine should be allowed to operate.

6. If protection continuously occurs for six times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF

button to resume. During the process of running, if the running time of compressor exceeds the [t Protection times clearing of module], the discharge protection is cleared to recount. Stopped or transferred to supply air mode will clear the trouble times immediately (if the trouble can not be resumed, mode transferring also will not clear it).

(10) Phase current overcurrent protection of compressor

During the running process of compressor, you could measure the phase current of the compressor, and control it according to the following steps:

1. Frequency limited

If $[I_{Limited \text{ frequency phase current}}] \leq [I_{\text{Phase current T frequency reducing phase current}}]$, you should limit the frequency raising of compressor.

2. Reducing Frequency

If $[I_{\text{Frequency Reducing Phase Current}}] \leq I_{\text{Phase Current}} < [I_{\text{Power Turn-Off Phase Current}}]$, the compressor shall continue to reduce frequency till the lowest frequency limit or out of the condition of reducing frequency;

3. Power turn-off

If $[I_{\text{Phase Current}}] \geq [I_{\text{Power Turn-Off Phase Current}}]$, the compressor phase current shall stop working for overcurrent protection; if $[I_{\text{Phase Current}}] \leq [I_{\text{Frequency Reducing Phase Current}}]$, and the compressor have stopped working for 3 min, the machine shall be allowed to operate;

4. If the overcurrent protection of compressor phase current continuously occurs for six times, it should not be resumed automatically, and you should press the ON/OFF button to resume. During the process of running, if the running time of compressor exceeds the [t Clearing Time of Compressor Phase Current Times], the overcurrent protection is cleared to recount.

(11) Starting-up Failure Protection for Compressor

Stop the compressor after its starting-up fails, restart it after 20s if the fault doesn't shows, and if they are all failing for the successive start 3 times, it shall be reported as Starting-up Failure, and then restart up it after 3 min. When it still not be able to operate through carry out the above process for 5 times, it is available if press ON/OFF. And the compressor should be cleared the times after it run 2 min.

(12) Out-of-Step Protection for Compressor

The out-of-step protection signal should be detected immediately after starting-up compressor, and once find the out-of-step protection signal, the out-of-step protection shall be stopped; if it can run for lasting power turn-off 3 min, the machine shall be allowed to operate. If it still can't run automatically when the out-of-step protection for compressor happens to stop working for 6 times in succession, it needs to press ON/OFF to operate. And if the running time is more than 10 min, the power turn-off times for out-of-step protection shall be cleared and recounted.

(13) Voltage Abnormity Protection for DC Bus

To detect voltage abnormity protection for dc bus after completing the pre-charge:

1. Over-Low Voltage Protection for DC Bus:

When the compressor is running, the DC bus voltage is detected.

If the PFC is not opened, the bus voltage is smaller than the VPFC does not open the undervoltage protection value time, if the PFC is turned on, the bus voltage is smaller than the VPFC Open undervoltage protection value Times Under voltage protection, under pressure protection, the compressor is closed, and the PFC is closed, and the compressor will clear the fault sign after 3 minutes.

2. Over-High Voltage Protection for DC Bus

When the compressor is running, if the DC bus voltage is detected is greater than the VPFC output protection value, the voltage protection is reported, the stopper, the PFC, and the compressor will clear the fault flag after 3 minutes.

(14) Abnormity Protection for Four-way Valve

Under the model of heating operation in good condition: the compressor is detected [$T_{\text{Inner Tube}} < (T_{\text{Inner Ring}} - T_{\text{Abnormity Temperature Difference}})$ For Four-Way Valve Reversion)], during the running, it should be regarded as four-way valve reversion abnormity. And then it can run if stop the reversion abnormity protection for four-way valve 3 min; and if it still can't run when the reversion abnormity protection for four-way valve happens to stop working for 3 times in succession, it is available if presses ON/OFF.

Attention: the protection shall be shielded during the testing mode and defrosting process, and it shall be cleared out the failure and its times immediately when turning off or delivering wind / cooling / dehumidifying mode conversed (the inverted mode don't clear out the failure when it can't recover to operate).

(15) PFC Protection

1. After start up the PFC, it should detect the protection signal of PFC immediately; under the condition of PFC protection, it should turn off the PFC and compressor at one time;
2. It shows the failure is cleared out if PFC Protection stopped working 3 min and recovers to run automatically;
3. If it still can't run when it occurs PFC protection for 3 times in succession, it is available if presses ON/OFF; and clear the PFC Protection times when start up PFC for 10min.

(16) Failure Detection for Sensor

1. Outdoor Ambient Sensor: detect the failure of sensor at all times.
2. Outdoor Tube Sensor: You should not detect the failure of outdoor tube sensor within 10 minutes heating operation compressor except the defrosting, and you could detect it at other time.
3. Outdoor Exhaust Sensor:
 - (a) The compressor only detect the sensor failure after it start up 3 min in normal mode;
 - (b) It should detect the exhaust sensor failure immediately in the testing mode.
4. Module Temperature Sensor:
 - (a) Short-Circuit Detection: the compressor should be detected immediately when the module temperature sensor occurs short-circuits;
 - (b) Open-Circuit Detection: the compressor should be detected on

open-circuit when it runs 3min (it needn't 30s avoiding the module over-heated).

(c) Detect the sensor failure at all times in the testing mode.

5. Disposal for Sensor Protection

(1) When the short-circuit of sensor is detected within 30s, It is regarded as the temperature of sensor over-high (or infinitely high), and now according to the over-high sensor, the machine should carry out the corresponding protection to stop working, and show the corresponding temperature shutdown protection and sensor failure at the same time (for example: the compressor stops immediately when the outdoor tube sensor short-circuit, and the machine shall show the overload protection and outdoor tube sensor failure).

(2) When the open-circuit of sensor is detected within 30s, The protection shall be stopped and it shall show the corresponding sensor failure.

6. Electric Heating Function of Chassis

- (1) When $T_{\text{outdoor amb.}} \leq 0$, the electric heating of chassis will operate;
- (2) When $T_{\text{outdoor amb.}} > 2$, the electric heating of chassis will stop operation;
- (3) When $0 < T_{\text{outdoor amb.}} \leq 2$, the electric heating of chassis will keep original status.

7. Electric Heating Function of Compressor

- (1) When $T_{\text{outdoor amb.}} \leq -5$, compressor stops operation, while the electric heating of compressor starts operation;
- (2) When $T_{\text{outdoor amb.}} > -2$, the electric heating of compressor stops operation;
- (3) When $-5 < T_{\text{outdoor amb.}} \leq -2$, the electric heating of compressor will keep original status.

• UV-C lamp function instruction

⚠ WARNING

This appliance contains a UV emitter. Do not stare at the light source.

- This appliance contains a UV-C lamp.
- Read the maintenance instructions before opening the appliance.
- Details for cleaning and other user maintenance of the appliance:
 - (1) Prior to cleaning or other maintenance, the appliance must be disconnected from the supply mains.
 - (2) Open the panel to take out the filter.
 - (3) Use a soft cotton cloth to wipe the quartz glass until it's clean.
 - (4) Reinstall the filter when it has been cleaned and then close the panel cover.
- The method, frequency of cleaning, and necessary precautions to be taken:

Cleaning method: wipe the quartz glass with soft cloth until the surface is clean.

Cleaning frequency: clean it every 6 months; the cleaning frequency can be properly adjusted according to the degree of

air cleanliness.

Preventive measures:

- (1) The unit must be turned off and the power must be cut off before cleaning. Otherwise, it may cause electric shock and damage by UV.
 - (2) Do not use volatile oil, alcohol, diluents or lacquer to clean the UV-C lamp. Otherwise, the UV-C lamp may be damaged.
 - (3) Do not touch the fins of indoor unit to prevent scalding.
 - (4) Do not scratch the surface of glass when wiping it.
- Unintended use of the appliance or damage to the housing may result in the escape of dangerous UV-C radiation. UV-C radiation may, even in small doses, cause harm to the eyes and skin.
 - Appliances that are obviously damaged must not be operated.

- Before opening doors and access panels bearing the ultraviolet radiation hazard Symbol for the conducting user maintenance, it is recommended to disconnect the power.
- UV-C barriers bearing the ultraviolet radiation hazard symbol should not be removed.
- Do not operate UV-C lamps outside of the appliance.

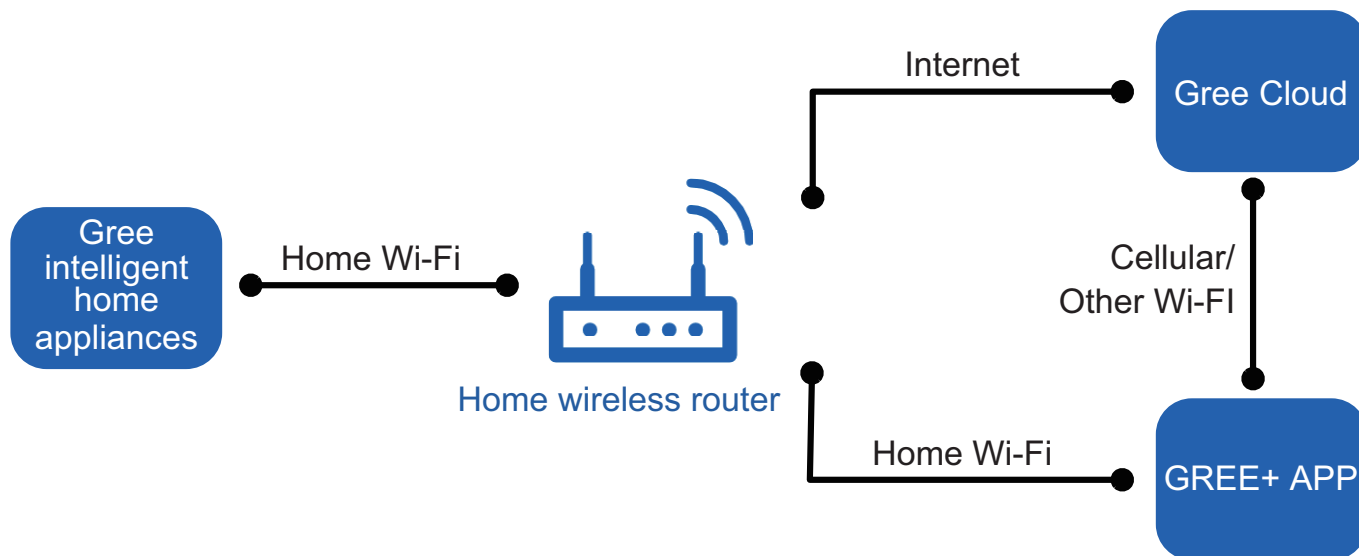
⚠ WARNING

Do not operate the UV-C emitter when it is removed from the appliance.

- To avoid any dangerous situations, the user shall not replace the UV-C lamp, which must be performed by the manufacturer or the professionals of the maintenance or similar department.

6.3 GREE+ App Operation Manual

Control Flow Chart



Operating Systems

Requirement for User's smart phone:



iOS system
Support iOS7.0 and
above version



Android system
Support Android 4.4 and
above version

Download and installation

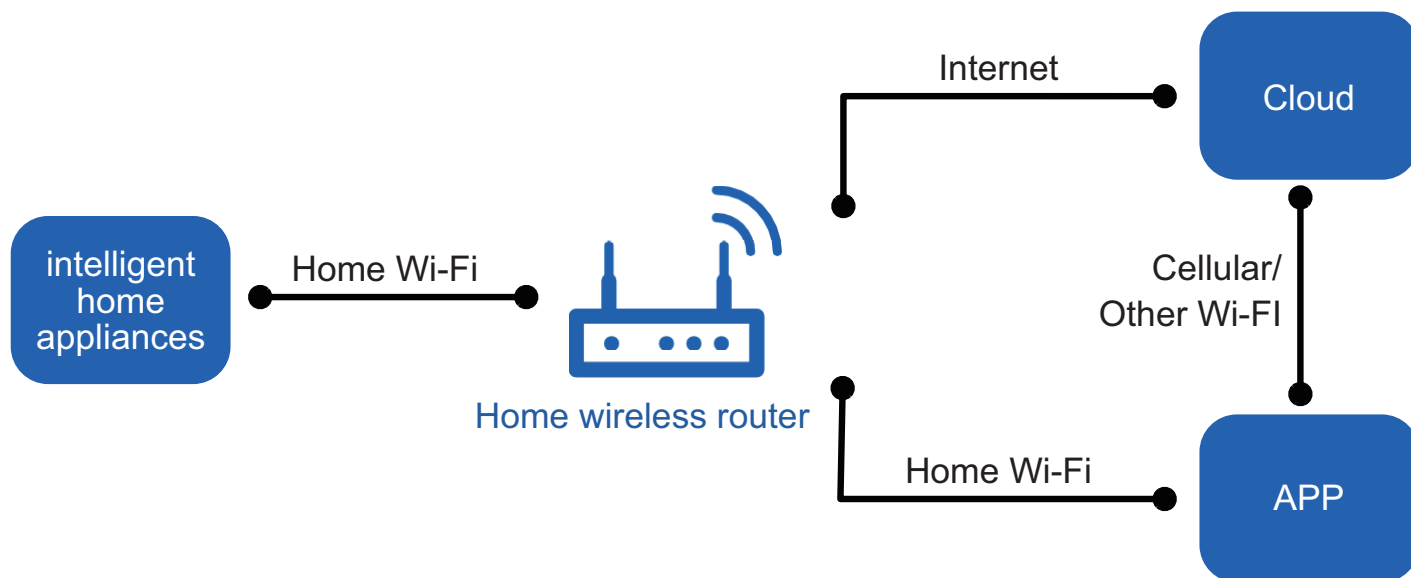


GREE+ App Download Linkage

Scan the QR code or search "GREE+" in the application market to download and install it. When "GREE+" App is installed, register the account and add the device to achieve long-distance control and LAN control of Gree smart home appliances. For more information, please refer to "Help" in App.

6.4 Ewpe Smart App Operation Manual

Control Flow Chart



Operating Systems

Requirement for User's smart phone:



iOS system
Support iOS7.0 and
above version



Android system
Support Android 4.4 and
above version

Download and installation



App Download Linkage

Scan the QR code or search "Ewpe Smart" in the application market to download and install it. When "Ewpe Smart" App is installed, register the account and add the device to achieve long-distance control and LAN control of smart home appliances. For more information, please refer to "Help" in App.

7. Notes for Installation and Maintenance

Safety Precautions: Important!

Please read the safety precautions carefully before installation and maintenance.

The following contents are very important for installation and maintenance.

Please follow the instructions below.

- The installation or maintenance must accord with the instructions.
- Comply with all national electrical codes and local electrical codes.
- Pay attention to the warnings and cautions in this manual.
- All installation and maintenance shall be performed by distributor or qualified person.
- All electric work must be performed by a licensed technician according to local regulations and the instructions given in this manual.
- Be caution during installation and maintenance. Prohibit incorrect operation to prevent electric shock, casualty and other accidents.



WARNINGS

Electrical Safety Precautions:

1. Cut off the power supply of air conditioner before checking and maintenance.
2. The air condition must apply specialized circuit and prohibit share the same circuit with other appliances.
3. The air conditioner should be installed in suitable location and ensure the power plug is touchable.
4. Make sure each wiring terminal is connected firmly during installation and maintenance.
5. Have the unit adequately grounded. The grounding wire can't be used for other purposes.
6. Must apply protective accessories such as protective boards, cable-cross loop and wire clip.
7. The live wire, neutral wire and grounding wire of power supply must be corresponding to the live wire, neutral wire and grounding wire of the air conditioner.
8. The power cord and power connection wires can't be pressed by hard objects.
9. If power cord or connection wire is broken, it must be replaced by a qualified person.
10. If the power cord or connection wire is not long enough, please get the specialized power cord or connection wire from the manufacture or distributor. Prohibit prolong the wire

by yourself.

11. For the air conditioner without plug, an air switch must be installed in the circuit. The air switch should be all-pole parting and the contact parting distance should be more than 3mm.
12. Make sure all wires and pipes are connected properly and the valves are opened before energizing.
13. Check if there is electric leakage on the unit body. If yes, please eliminate the electric leakage.
14. Replace the fuse with a new one of the same specification if it is burnt down; Don't replace it with a cooper wire or conducting wire.
15. If the unit is to be installed in a humid place, the circuit breaker must be installed.

Installation Safety Precautions:

1. Select the installation location according to the requirement of this manual. (See the requirements in installation part)
2. Handle unit transportation with care; the unit should not be carried by only one person if it is more than 20kg.
3. When installing the indoor unit and outdoor unit, a sufficient fixing bolt must be installed; make sure the installation support is firm.
4. Wear safety belt if the height of working is above 2m.
5. Use equipped components or appointed components during installation.
6. Make sure no foreign objects are left in the unit after finishing installation.

Refrigerant Safety Precautions:

1. When refrigerant leaks or requires discharge during installation, maintenance, or disassembly, it should be handled by certified professionals or otherwise in compliance with local laws and regulations.
2. Avoid contact between refrigerant and fire as it generates poisonous gas; Prohibit prolong the connection pipe by welding.
3. Apply specified refrigerant only. Never have it mixed with any other refrigerant. Never have air remain in the refrigerant line as it may lead to rupture or other hazards.
4. Make sure no refrigerant gas is leaking out when installation is completed.
5. If there is refrigerant leakage, please take sufficient measure to minimize the density of refrigerant.
6. Never touch the refrigerant piping or compressor without wearing glove to avoid scald or frostbite.

Improper installation may lead to fire hazard, explosion, electric shock or injury.

Safety Precautions for Installing and Relocating the Unit:

To ensure safety, please be mindful of the following precautions.

WARNINGS

1. When installing or relocating the unit, be sure to keep the refrigerant circuit free from air or substances other than the specified refrigerant.

Any presence of air or other foreign substance in the refrigerant circuit will cause system pressure rise or compressor rupture, resulting in injury.

2. When installing or moving this unit, do not charge the refrigerant which is not comply with that on the nameplate or unqualified refrigerant.

Otherwise, it may cause abnormal operation, wrong action, mechanical malfunction or even series safety accident.

3. When refrigerant needs to be recovered during relocating or repairing the unit, be sure that the unit is running in cooling mode. Then, fully close the valve at high pressure side (liquid valve). About 30~40 seconds later, fully close the valve at low pressure side (gas valve), immediately stop the unit and disconnect power. Please note that the time for refrigerant recovery should not exceed 1 minute.

If refrigerant recovery takes too much time, air may be sucked in and cause pressure rise or compressor rupture, resulting in injury.

4. During refrigerant recovery, make sure that liquid valve and gas valve are fully closed and power is disconnected before detaching the connection pipe.

If compressor starts running when stop valve is open and connection pipe is not yet connected, air will be sucked in and cause pressure rise or compressor rupture, resulting in injury.

5. When installing the unit, make sure that connection pipe is securely connected before the compressor starts running.

If compressor starts running when stop valve is open and connection pipe is not yet connected, air will be sucked in and cause pressure rise or compressor rupture, resulting in injury.

6. Prohibit installing the unit at the place where there may be leaked corrosive gas or flammable gas.

If there leaked gas around the unit, it may cause explosion and other accidents.

7. Do not use extension cords for electrical connections. If the electric wire is not long enough, please contact a local service center authorized and ask for a proper electric wire.

Poor connections may lead to electric shock or fire.

8. Use the specified types of wires for electrical connections between the indoor and outdoor units. Firmly clamp the wires so that their terminals receive no external stresses.

Electric wires with insufficient capacity, wrong wire connections and insecure wire terminals may cause electric shock or fire.

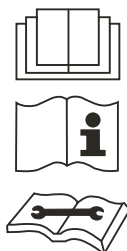
Safety Precautions for Refrigerant

- To realize the function of the air conditioner unit, a special refrigerant circulates in the system. The used refrigerant is the fluoride R32, which is specially cleaned. The refrigerant is flammable and inodorous. Furthermore, it can lead to explosion under certain conditions. But the flammability of the refrigerant is very low. It can be ignited only by fire.

- Compared to common refrigerants, R32 is a nonpolluting refrigerant with no harm to the ozone layer. The influence upon the greenhouse effect is also lower. R32 has got very good thermodynamic features which lead to a really high energy efficiency. The units therefore need a less filling.

WARNING

Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer. Should repair be necessary, contact your nearest authorized Service Centre. Any repairs carried out by unqualified personnel may be dangerous. The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources. (For example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater.) Do not pierce or burn. Appliance shall be installed, operated and stored in a room with a floor area larger than Xm^2 . (Please refer to table "a" in section of "Safety operation of flammable refrigerant" for space X.) Appliance filled with flammable gas R32. For repairs, strictly follow manufacturer's instructions only. Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour. Read specialist's manual.



This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety. Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.

Hereby, Our company, declares that this Air Conditioner is in compliance with the essential requirement and other relevant provisions of RE Directive 2014/53/EU. A copy of the full DoC is attached. Wireless frequency range: 2412MHz - 2472MHz
Maximum Transmit Power: 18dBm



R32: 675

This marking indicates that this product should not be disposed with other household wastes. To prevent possible harm to the environment or human health from uncontrolled waste throughout the EU. To prevent possible harm to the environment or human health.

From uncontrolled waste disposal, recycle it responsibly to promote the sustainable reuse of material resources. To return your used device, please use the return and collection systems or contact the retailer where the product was purchased. They can take this product for environmental safe recycling.

If it needs to install, move or maintain the air conditioner, please contact dealer or local service center to conduct it at first. Air conditioner must be installed, moved or maintained by appointed unit. Otherwise, it may cause serious damage or personal injury or death.

Safety Operation of Flammable Refrigerant

1. Qualification requirement for installation and maintenance man

- All the work men who are engaging in the refrigeration system should bear the valid certification awarded by the authoritative organization and the qualification for dealing with the refrigeration system recognized by this industry. If it needs other technician to maintain and repair the appliance, they should be supervised by the person who bears the qualification for using the flammable refrigerant.
- It can only be repaired by the method suggested by the equipment's manufacturer.

2. Installation notes

- The air conditioner must be installed in a room that is larger than the minimum room area. The minimum room area is shown on the nameplate or following table a.
- It is not allowed to drill hole or burn the connection pipe.
- Leak test is a must after installation.

table a - Minimum room area (m²)

Charge amount (kg)	Floor location	Window mounted	Wall mounted	Ceiling mounted
≤1.2	/	/	/	/
1.3	14.5	5.2	1.6	2.6
1.4	16.8	6.1	1.9	2.8
1.5	19.3	7	2.1	3
1.6	22	7.9	2.4	3.2
1.7	24.8	8.9	2.8	3.4
1.8	27.8	10	3.1	3.6
1.9	31	11.2	3.4	3.8
2.0	34.3	12.4	3.8	4
2.1	37.8	13.6	4.2	4.2
2.2	41.5	15	4.6	4.4
2.3	45.4	16.3	5	4.6
2.4	49.4	17.8	5.5	4.8
2.5	53.6	19.3	6	5
2.6	58.1	20.9	6.5	5.2
2.7	62.6	22.6	7	5.4
2.8	67.4	24.3	7.5	5.6
2.9	72.3	26	8.1	5.8
3.0	77.3	27.9	8.6	6
3.1	82.6	29.8	9.2	6.2
3.2	88	31.7	9.8	6.6
3.3	93.6	33.7	10.4	7
3.4	99.3	35.8	11.1	7.4
3.5	105.2	37.9	11.7	7.9
3.6	111.3	40.1	12.4	8.3
3.7	117.6	42.4	13.1	8.8
3.8	124	44.7	13.8	9.3
3.9	130.7	47.1	14.6	9.8
4.0	137.4	49.5	15.3	10.3

3. Maintenance notes

- Check whether the maintenance area or the room area meet the requirement of the nameplate.
- It's only allowed to be operated in the rooms that meet the requirement of the nameplate.
- Check whether the maintenance area is well-ventilated.
- The continuous ventilation status should be kept during the operation process.
- Check whether there is fire source or potential fire source in the maintenance area.
- The naked flame is prohibited in the maintenance area; and the "no smoking" warning board should be hanged.
- Check whether the appliance mark is in good condition.

— Replace the vague or damaged warning mark.

4. Welding

- If you should cut or weld the refrigerant system pipes in the process of maintaining, please follow the steps as below:
 - a. Shut down the unit and cut power supply
 - b. Eliminate the refrigerant
 - c. Vacuuming
 - d. Clean it with N₂ gas
 - e. Cutting or welding
 - f. Carry back to the service spot for welding
- Make sure that there isn't any naked flame near the outlet of the vacuum pump and it's well-ventilated.
- The refrigerant should be recycled into the specialized storage tank.

5. Filling the refrigerant

- Use the refrigerant filling appliances specialized for R32. Make sure that different kinds of refrigerant won't contaminate with each other.
- The refrigerant tank should be kept upright at the time of filling refrigerant.
- Stick the label on the system after filling is finished (or haven't finished).
- Don't overfilling.
- After filling is finished, please do the leakage detection before test running; another time of leak detection should be done when it's removed.

6. Safety instructions for transportation and storage

- Please use the flammable gas detector to check before unload and open the container.
- No fire source and smoking.
- According to the local rules and laws.

Specialist's Manual

- The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants:
 - the charge size is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed;
 - the ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed;

— if an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant;

— marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected;

— refrigerating pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.

- Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used. This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised.

- Initial safety checks shall include:

— that capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking;

— that no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system;

— that there is continuity of earth bonding.

- Checks to the area

Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimised. For repair to the refrigerating system, DD.4.3 to DD.4.7 shall be completed prior to conducting work on the system.

- Work procedure

Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimise the risk of a flammable gas or vapour being present while the work is being performed.

- General work area

All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out. Work in confined spaces shall be avoided.

- Checking for presence of refrigerant

The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable atmospheres. Ensure

that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe.

- Presence of fire extinguisher

If any hot work is to be conducted on the refrigerating equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO₂ fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

- No ignition sources

No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigerating system which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space.

Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.

- Ventilated area

Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.

- Checks to the refrigerating equipment

Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification. At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed. If in doubt, consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.

The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants:

— the actual refrigerant charge is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed;

— the ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed;

— if an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant;

— marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected;

— refrigerating pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.

- Checks to electrical devices

Repair and maintenance to electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures. If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used. This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised.

Initial safety checks shall include:

- that capacitors are discharged: this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking;
- that no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system;
- that there is continuity of earth bonding.

- Repairs to sealed components

During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc. If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.

Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected. This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.

- Ensure that the apparatus is mounted securely.
- Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded to the point that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres. Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

NOTE: The use of silicon sealant can inhibit the effectiveness

of some types of leak detection equipment. Intrinsically safe components do not have to be isolated prior to working on them.

- Repair to intrinsically safe components

Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use.

Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere. The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating.

Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.

- Cabling

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

- Detection of flammable refrigerants

Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks. A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.

- Leak detection methods

The following leak detection methods are deemed acceptable for all refrigerant systems.

Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need recalibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.) Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25% maximum) is confirmed.

Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.

If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished.

If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing,

all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, oxygen free nitrogen (OFN) shall then be purged through the system both before and during the brazing process.

- Removal and evacuation

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs — or for any other purpose — conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration. The following procedure shall be adhered to:

- remove refrigerant;
- purge the circuit with inert gas;
- evacuate;
- purge with inert gas;
- open the circuit by cutting or brazing.

The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be "flushed" with OFN to render the unit safe. This process may need to be repeated several times. Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems.

For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, flushing shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system. When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place. This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe-work are to take place.

Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any ignition sources and that ventilation is available.

- Charging procedures

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.

- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimise the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
- Cylinders shall be kept in an appropriate position according to the instructions.
- Ensure that the refrigerating system is earthed prior to

charging the system with refrigerant.

- Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigerating system.

Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressure-tested with the appropriate purging gas. The system shall be leak-tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

- Decommissioning

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail. It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of recovered refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.

b) Isolate system electrically.

c) Before attempting the procedure, ensure that:

- mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
- all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
- the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
- recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.

d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.

e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.

f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.

g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

h) Do not overfill cylinders. (No more than 80% volume liquid charge).

i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.

j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the

equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.

k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigerating system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

- **Labelling**

Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed. For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

- **Recovery**

When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely.

When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed. Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge is available. All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant). Cylinders shall be complete with pressure-relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order. Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.

The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appropriate

refrigerants including, when applicable, flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order. Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition. Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt.

The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant waste transfer note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.

If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant. The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers. Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process. When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

- **General**

That the installation of pipe-work shall be kept to a minimum.

That compliance with national gas regulations shall be observed.

That mechanical connections made in accordance with 22.118 shall be accessible for maintenance purposes.

Main Tools for Installation and Maintenance



Level meter



Measuring tape



Screw driver



Impact drill



Drill head



Electric drill



Electroprobe



Universal meter



Torque wrench



Open-end wrench



Inner hexagon spanner



Electronic leakage detector



Vacuum pump



Pressure meter



Pipe pliers



Pipe pliers



Pipe cutter



Pipe expander



Pipe bender



Soldering appliance



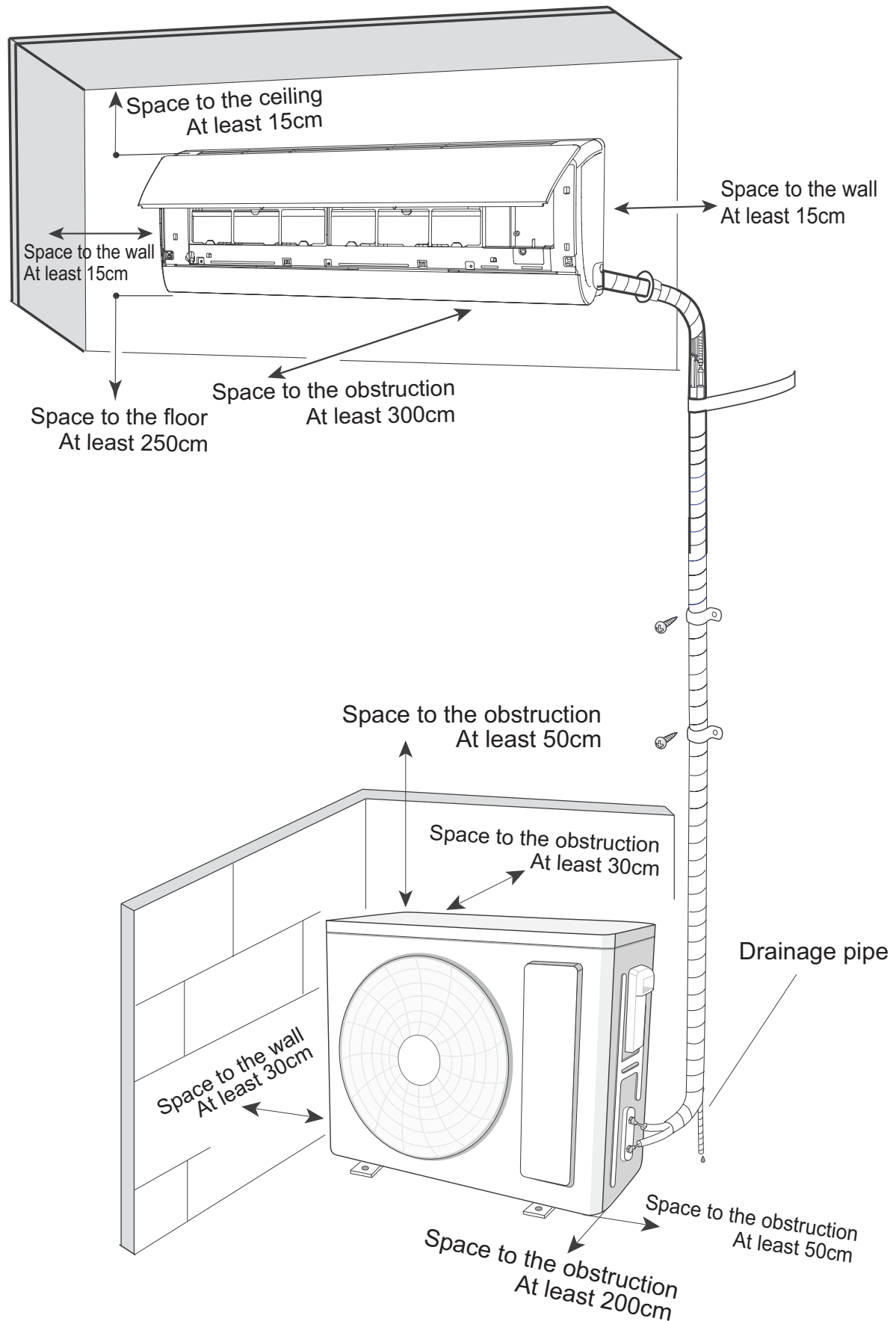
Refrigerant container



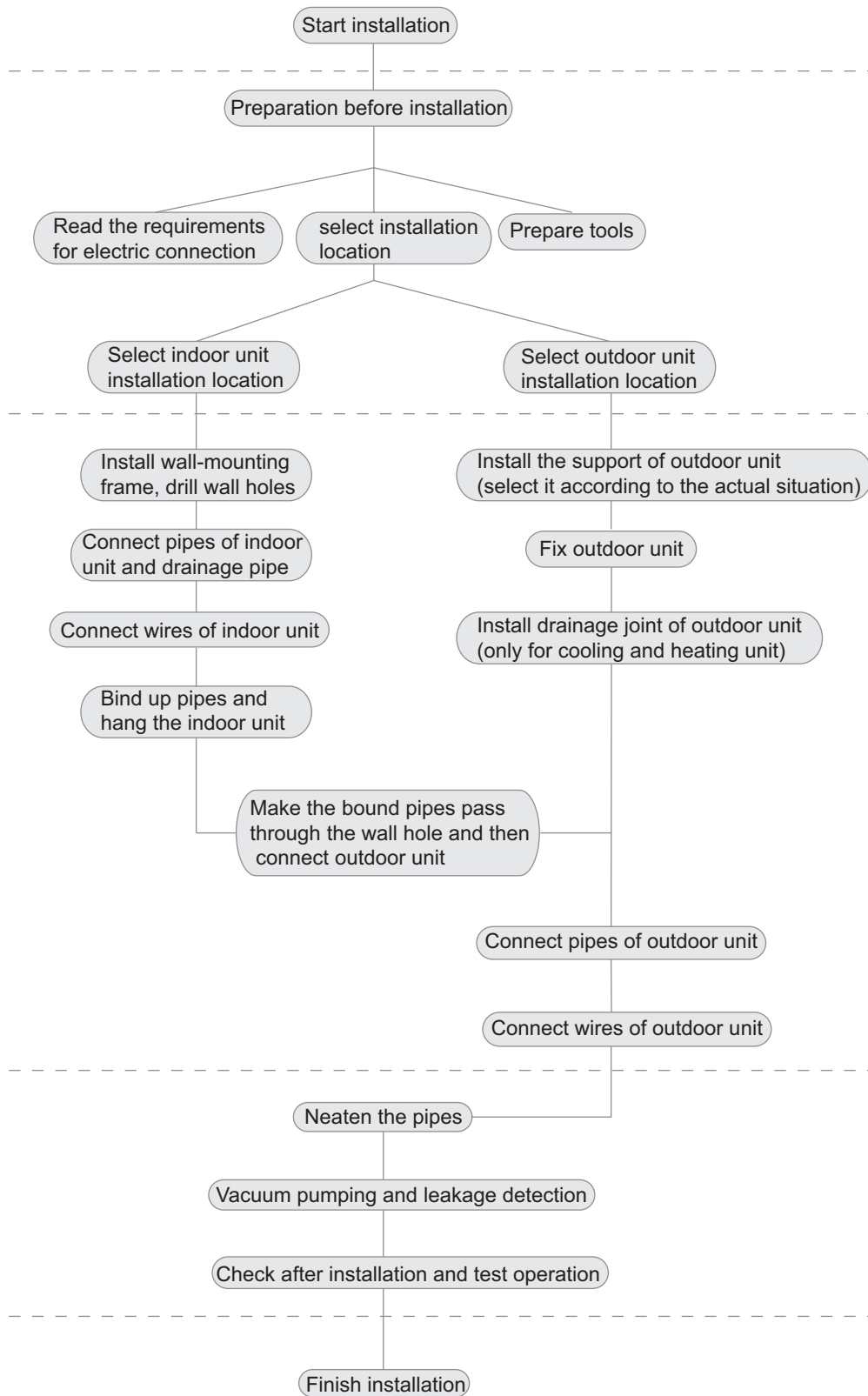
Electronic scale

8. Installation

8.1 Installation Dimension Diagram



Installation Procedures



Note: this flow is only for reference; please find the more detailed installation steps in this section.

8.2 Installation Parts-checking

No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Indoor unit	8	Sealing gum
2	Outdoor unit	9	Wrapping tape
3	Connection pipe	10	Support of outdoor unit
4	Drainage pipe	11	Fixing screw
5	Wall-mounting frame	12	Drainage plug (Heat pump model)
6	Connecting cable (Power Cord)	13	Owners manual
7	Wall pipe	14	Remote controller

⚠ NOTE:

1. Please contact the local agent for installation.
2. Don't use unqualified power cord.

8.3 Selection of Installation Location

1. Basic Requirement

Installing the unit in the following places may cause malfunction. If it is unavoidable, please consult the local dealer:

- (1) The place with strong heat sources, vapors, flammable or explosive gas, or volatile objects spread in the air.
- (2) The place with high-frequency devices (such as welding machine, medical equipment).
- (3) The place near coast area.
- (4) The place with oil or fumes in the air.
- (5) The place with sulfureted gas.
- (6) Other places with special circumstances.
- (7) The appliance shall not be installed in the laundry.
- (8) It's not allowed to be installed on the unstable or motive base structure (such as truck) or in the corrosive environment (such as chemical factory).

2. Indoor Unit

- (1) There should be no obstruction near air inlet and air outlet.
- (2) Select a location where the condensation water can be dispersed easily and won't affect other people.
- (3) Select a location which is convenient to connect the outdoor unit and near the power socket.
- (4) Select a location which is out of reach for children.
- (5) The location should be able to withstand the weight of indoor unit and won't increase noise and vibration.

- (6) The appliance must be installed 2.5m above floor.

- (7) Don't install the indoor unit right above the electric appliance.

- (8) Please try your best to keep way from fluorescent lamp.

3. Outdoor Unit

- (1) Select a location where the noise and outflow air emitted by the outdoor unit will not affect neighborhood.
- (2) The location should be well ventilated and dry, in which the outdoor unit won't be exposed directly to sunlight or strong wind.
- (3) The location should be able to withstand the weight of outdoor unit.
- (4) Make sure that the installation follows the requirement of installation dimension diagram.
- (5) Select a location which is out of reach for children and far away from animals or plants. If it is unavoidable, please add fence for safety purpose.

8.4 Electric Connection Requirement

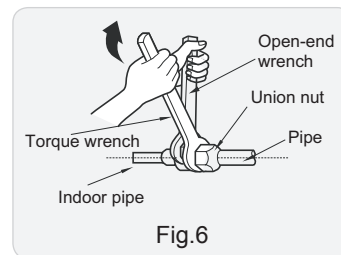
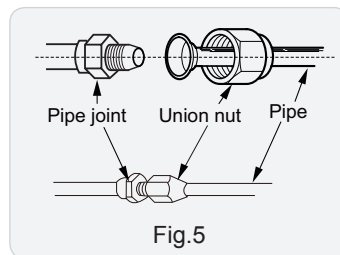
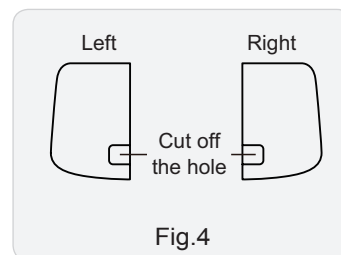
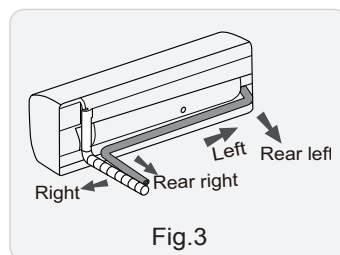
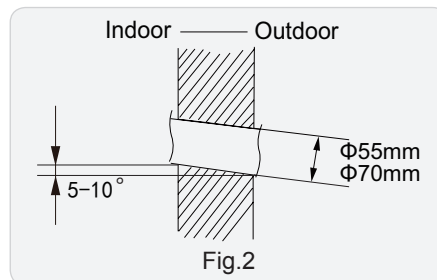
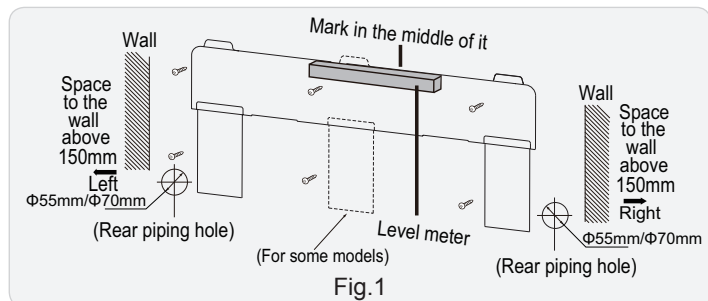
1. Safety Precaution

- (1) Must follow the electric safety regulations when installing the unit.
- (2) According to the local safety regulations, use qualified power supply circuit and air switch.
- (3) Make sure the power supply matches with the requirement of air conditioner. Unstable power supply or incorrect wiring may result in electric shock, fire hazard or malfunction. Please install proper power supply cables before using the air conditioner.
- (4) Properly connect the live wire, neutral wire and grounding wire of power socket.
- (5) Be sure to cut off the power supply before proceeding any work related to electricity and safety.
- (6) Do not put through the power before finishing installation.
- (7) The temperature of refrigerant circuit will be high, please keep the interconnection cable away from the copper tube.
- (8) The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations.

2. Grounding Requirement

- (1) The air conditioner is I class electric appliance. It must be properly grounding with specialized grounding device by a professional. Please make sure it is always grounded effectively, otherwise it may cause electric shock.
- (2) The yellow-green wire in air conditioner is grounding wire, which can't be used for other purposes.
- (3) The grounding resistance should comply with national electric safety regulations.

- | Model | Air switch capacity | Power cord |
|--------|---------------------|------------|
| 09/12K | 10A | 3G1.0 |



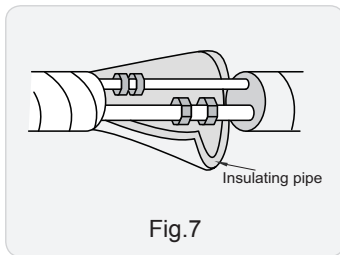


Fig.7

Refer to the following table for wrench moment of force:

Piping size (inch)	Tightening torque (N·m)
1/4	15~20
3/8	30~40
1/2	45~55
5/8	60~65
3/4	70~75

6. Install Drain Hose

(1) Connect the drain hose to the outlet pipe of indoor unit. (As show in Fig.8)

(2) Bind the joint with tape. (As show in Fig.9)

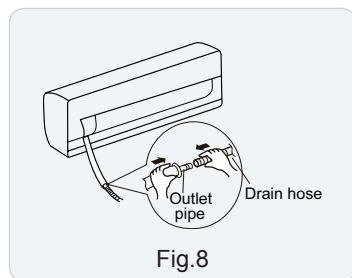


Fig.8

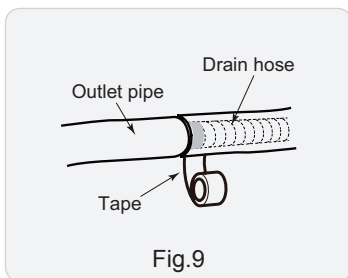


Fig.9

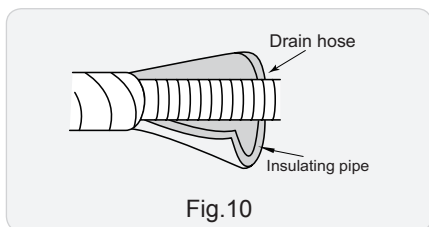


Fig.10

NOTE:

- Add insulating pipe in the indoor drain hose in order to prevent condensation.
- The plastic expansion particles are not provided.

7. Connect Wire of Indoor Unit

NOTICE:

- All wires of indoor unit and outdoor unit should be connected by a professional.
- If the length of power connection wire is insufficient, please contact the supplier for a new one. Avoid extending the wire by yourself.

- For the air conditioner with plug, the plug should be reachable after finishing installation.
- For the air conditioner without plug, an air switch must be installed in the line. The air switch should be all-pole parting and the contact parting distance should be more than 3mm.

(1) Open the panel, remove the screw on the wiring cover and then take down the cover. (As show in Fig.11)

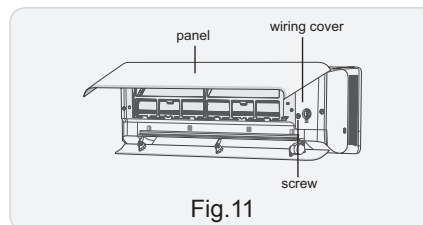


Fig.11

(2) Make the power connection wire go through the cable-cross hole at the back of indoor unit and then pull it out from the front side. (As show in Fig.12)

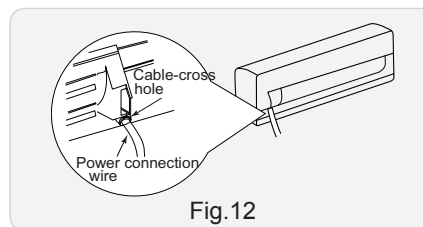


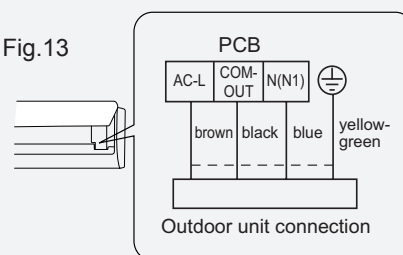
Fig.12

(3) Remove the wire clip; connect the power connection wiresignal control wire (only for cooling and heating unit) to the wiring terminal according to the color; tighten the screw and then fix the power connection wire with wire clip. (As show in Fig.13)

(4) Put wiring cover back and then tighten the screw.

(5) Close the panel.

Fig.13



NOTICE:

- The wiring board is for reference only, please refer to the actual one.

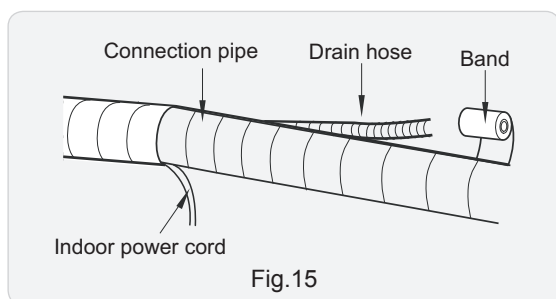
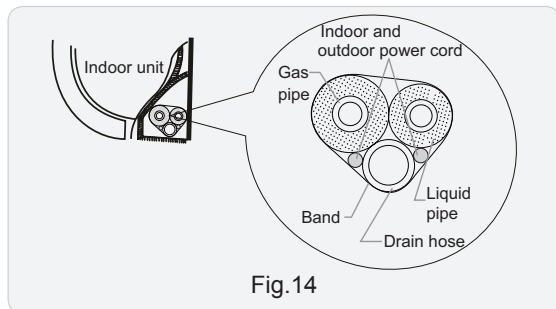
8. Bind up Pipe

(1) Bind up the connection pipe, power cord and drain hose with the band. (As show in Fig.14)

(2) Reserve a certain length of drain hose and power cord for installation when binding them. When binding to a certain degree, separate the indoor power and then separate the drain hose. (As show in Fig.15)

(3) Bind them evenly.

(4) The liquid pipe and gas pipe should be bound separately at the end.



NOTE:

- The power cord and control wire can't be crossed or winding.
- The drain hose should be bound at the bottom.

9. Hang the Indoor Unit

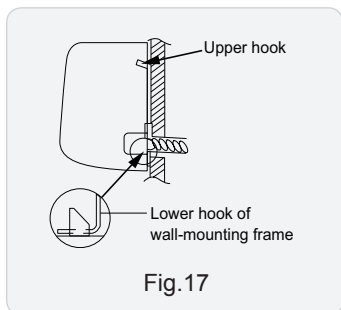
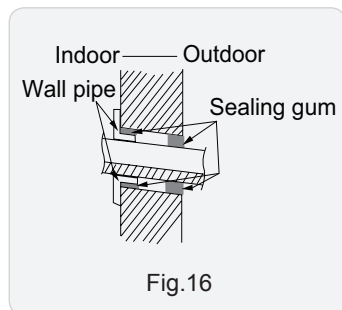
(1) Put the bound pipes in the wall pipe and then make them pass through the wall hole.

(2) Hang the indoor unit on the wall-mounting frame.

(3) Stuff the gap between pipes and wall hole with sealing gum.

(4) Fix the wall pipe. (As show in Fig.16)

(5) Check if the indoor unit is installed firmly and closed to the wall. (As show in Fig.17)



NOTE:

- Do not bend the drain hose too excessively in order to prevent blocking.

8.6 Installation of Outdoor Unit

1. Fix the Support of Outdoor Unit (Select it according

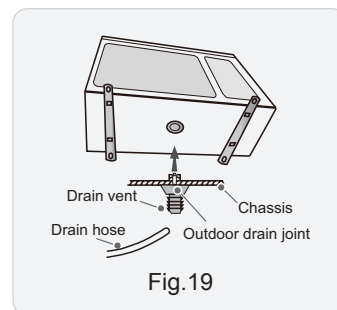
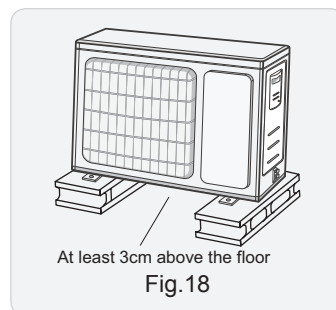
to the actual installation situation)

(1) Select installation location according to the house structure.

(2) Fix the support of outdoor unit on the selected location with expansion screws.

NOTICE:

- Take sufficient protective measures when installing the outdoor unit.
- Make sure the support can withstand at least four times the unit weight.
- The outdoor unit should be installed at least 3cm above the floor in order to install drain joint.(As show in Fig.18)
- For the unit with cooling capacity of 2300W~5000W, 6 expansion screws are needed; for the unit with cooling capacity of 6000W~8000W, 8 expansion screws are needed; for the unit with cooling capacity of 10000W~16000W, 10 expansion screws are needed.



2. Install Drain Joint (Only for heat pump models)

(1) Connect the outdoor drain joint into the hole on the chassis.

(2) Connect the drain hose into the drain vent. (As show in Fig.19)

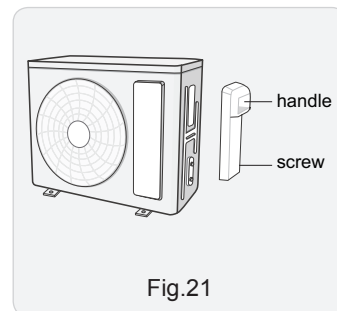
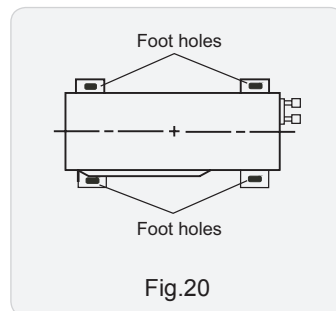
NOTICE:

- As for the shape of drainage joint, please refer to the current product. Do not install the drainage joint in the severe cold area. Otherwise, it will be frosted and then cause malfunction.

3. Fix Outdoor Unit

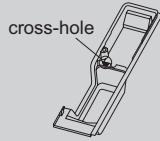
(1) Place the outdoor unit on the support.

(2) Fix the foot holes of outdoor unit with bolts. (As show in Fig.20)

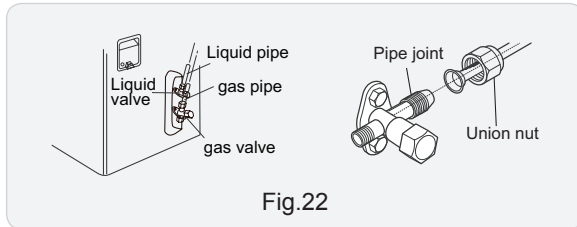


NOTE:

- When there're multiple cables passing through it, the cross-hole of handle should be knocked off and eliminate the sharp burrs for avoid damaging the cables. Only applicable for some models.

**4. Connect Indoor and Outdoor Pipes**

- Remove the screw on the right handle of outdoor unit and then remove the handle. (As show in Fig.21)
- Remove the screw cap of valve and aim the pipe joint at the bellmouth of pipe. (As show in Fig.22)



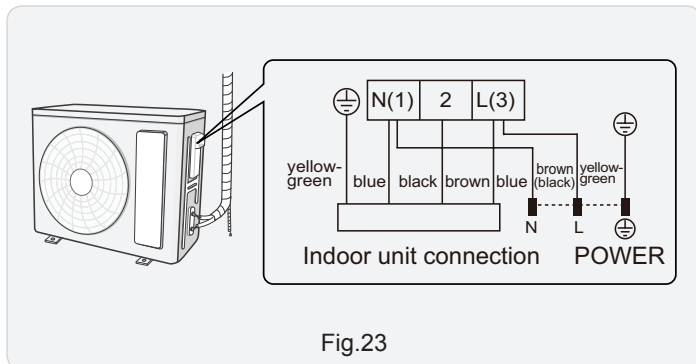
- Pretightening the union nut with hand.
- Tighten the union nut with torque wrench .

Refer to the following table for wrench moment of force:

Piping size (inch)	Tightening torque (N·m)
1/4	15~20
3/8	30~40
1/2	45~55
5/8	60~65
3/4	70~75

5. Connect Outdoor Electric Wire

- Remove the wire clip; connect the power connection wire and signal control wire (only for cooling and heating unit) to the wiring terminal according to the color; fix them with screws. (As show in Fig.23)

**NOTICE:**

- The wiring board is for reference only, please refer to the actual one.

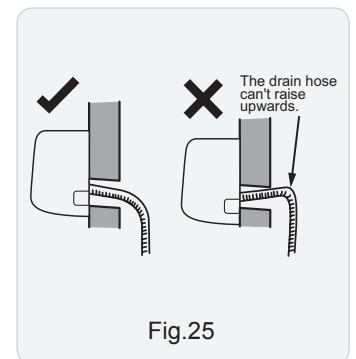
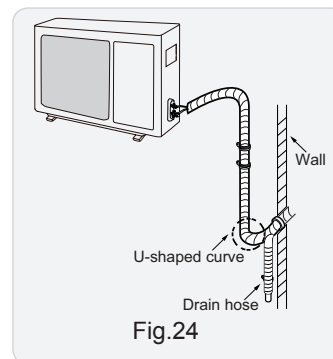
- Fix the power connection wire and signal control wire with wire clip (only for heat pump models).

NOTICE:

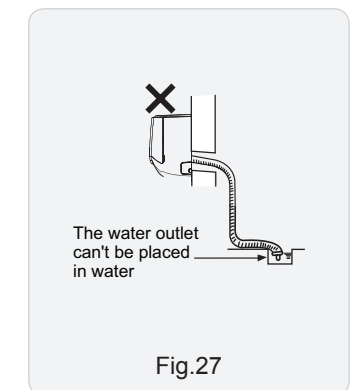
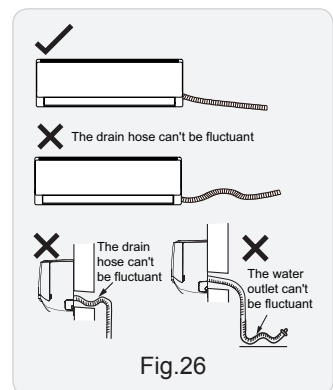
- After tightening the screw, pull the power cord slightly to check if it is firm.
- Never cut the power connection wire to prolong or shorten the distance.

6. Neaten the Pipes

- The pipes should be placed along the wall, bent reasonably and hidden possibly. Min. semidiameter of bending the pipe is 10cm.
- If the outdoor unit is higher than the wall hole, you must set a U-shaped curve in the pipe before pipe goes into the room, in order to prevent rain from getting into the room. (As show in Fig.24)

**NOTICE:**

- The through-wall height of drain hose shouldnt be higher than the outlet pipe hole of indoor unit.(As show in Fig.25)
- Slant the drain hose slightly downwards. The drain hose cant be curved, raised and fluctuant, etc.(As show in Fig.26)
- The water outlet cant be placed in water in order to drain smoothly.(As show in Fig.27)

**8.7 Vacuum Pumping and Leak Detection****1. Use Vacuum Pump**

- Remove the valve caps on the liquid valve and gas valve and the nut of refrigerant charging vent.

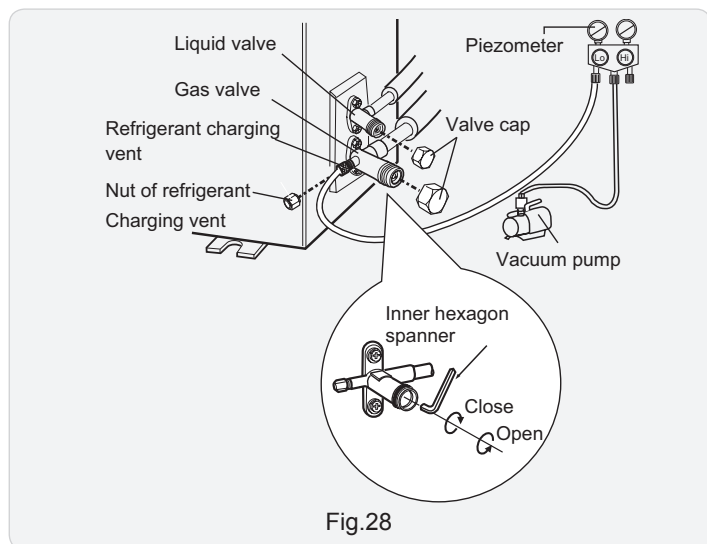
(2) Connect the charging hose of piezometer to the refrigerant charging vent of gas valve and then connect the other charging hose to the vacuum pump.

(3) Open the piezometer completely and operate for 10-15min to check if the pressure of piezometer remains in -0.1MPa.

(4) Close the vacuum pump and maintain this status for 1-2min to check if the pressure of piezometer remains in -0.1MPa. If the pressure decreases, there may be leakage.

(5) Remove the piezometer, open the valve core of liquid valve and gas valve completely with inner hexagon spanner.

(6) Tighten the screw caps of valves and refrigerant charging vent. (As show in Fig.28)



2. Leakage Detection

(1) With leakage detector:

Check if there is leakage with leakage detector.

(2) With soap water:

If leakage detector is not available, please use soap water for leakage detection. Apply soap water at the suspected position and keep the soap water for more than 3min. If there are air bubbles coming out of this position, There's a leakage.

8.8 Check after Installation and Test Operation

1. Check after Installation

Check according to the following requirement after finishing installation.

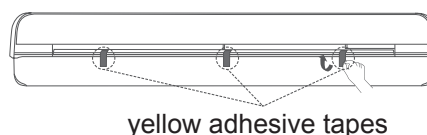
NO.	Items to be checked	Possible malfunction
1	Has the unit been installed firmly?	The unit may drop, shake or emit noise.
2	Have you done the refrigerant leakage test?	It may cause insufficient cooling (heating) capacity.
3	Is heat insulation of pipeline sufficient?	It may cause condensation and water dripping.
4	Is water drained well?	It may cause condensation and water dripping.
5	Is the voltage of power supply according to the voltage marked on the nameplate?	It may cause malfunction or damage the parts.
6	Is electric wiring and pipeline installed correctly?	It may cause malfunction or damage the parts.
7	Is the unit grounded securely?	It may cause electric leakage.
8	Does the power cord follow the specification?	It may cause malfunction or damage the parts.
9	Is there any obstruction in air inlet and air outlet?	It may cause insufficient cooling (heating) capacity.
10	The dust and sundries caused during installation are removed?	It may cause malfunction or damaging the parts.
11	The gas valve and liquid valve of connection pipe are open completely?	It may cause insufficient cooling (heating) capacity.
12	Is the inlet and outlet of piping hole been covered?	It may cause insufficient cooling(heating) capacity or waster eletricity.

2. Test Operation

⚠ WARNING

When the air conditioner is installed, please ask the qualified professional personnel to tear off three adhesive tapes before handle over the unit to the customer for operation. Do not extend the hand into the air outlet. It may cause personal injury.

Method: When the air conditioner is energized and then air louver is opened and at the static status, tear off adhesive tapes from outside to inside with appropriate force.



(1) Preparation of test operation

- The client approves the air conditioner installation.
- Specify the important notes for air conditioner to the client.

(3) Method of test operation

- Put through the power, press ON/OFF button on the remote controller to start operation.
- Press MODE button to select AUTO, COOL, DRY, FAN and HEAT to check whether the operation is normal or not.
- If the ambient temperature is lower than 16°C, the air conditioner can't start cooling.

9. Maintenance

9.1 Error Code List

Error code	Malfunction name	AC status	Possible causes
C5	Malfunction of jumper cap	The complete unit stops operation	1. Jumper cap is not installed in control panel; 2. Poor contact of jumper cap; 3. Jumper cap is damaged; 4. The tested circuit of jumper cap on control panel is abnormal.
E6	Communication malfunction between indoor unit and outdoor unit	Cool: compressor stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	See "Communication malfunction"
H5	IPM protection	Cool/Dry: compressor stops operation, while indoor fan operates. Heat: all loads stops operation.	See "IPM protection, over-phase current of compressor"
L3 LA	Malfunction of outdoor fan/ malfunction of DC motor	Cool/Dry: all loads stops operation except indoor fan. Heat: all loads stops operation.	1. Outdoor condenser, air inlet and air outlet are blocked by filth or dirt; 2. Fan is blocked or loosened; 3. Motor or connection wire of motor is damaged; 4. Main board of outdoor unit is damaged; (As for dual-outdoor fan, L3 indicates fan 1; LA indicates fan 2)
H3	Overload protection of compressor	Cool/Dry: compressor stops operation, while indoor fan operates. Heat: all loads stops operation.	1. Overload wire of compressor is loose; 2. The overload protector is damaged. Under normal circumstances, the resistance between both ends of terminal is less than 1ohm. 3. See "Overload protection of compressor , High discharge temperature protection of compressor"
F0	Refrigerant insufficient protection, cut-off protection of refrigerant	Cool: compressor and outdoor fan stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: Compressor, outdoor fan and indoor fan stops operation.	1. Is system cooling under high humidity environment, thus temperature difference of heat transfer is small; 2. Check whether the big valve and small valve of outdoor unit are opened completely; 3. Is the temperature sensor of evaporator of indoor unit loose? 4. Is the temperature sensor of condenser of outdoor unit loose? 5. Is the capillary or the electronic expansion valve blocked? 6. Is refrigerant leaking?
F1	Indoor ambient temperature sensor is open/short-circuited	Cool/Dry: indoor fan operates, while compressor and outdoor fan stops operation; Heat: all loads stops operation.	1. Temperature sensor is not well connected; 2. Temperature sensor is damaged 3. Main board of indoor unit is damaged.
F2	Indoor evaporator temperature sensor is open/short-circuited	Cool/Dry: indoor fan operates, while compressor and outdoor fan stops operation; Heat: all loads stops operation.	1. Temperature sensor is not well connected; 2. Temperature sensor is damaged 3. Main board of indoor unit is damaged.
H6	No feedback from indoor unit's motor	The complete unit stops operation	1. Is the fan blocked? 2. Is the motor terminal loose? 3. Is the connection wire of motor damaged? 4. Is the motor damaged? 5. Is the main board of indoor unit damaged?
LP	Indoor unit and outdoor can be matched with each other	Heat: compressor, outdoor unit and indoor fan stops operation.	Capacity of indoor unit and outdoor unit can't be matched.
C4	Malfunction of jumper cap of outdoor unit	Heat: all loads are stopped; other modes: outdoor unit stops operation.	Jumper cap of outdoor unit hasn't been installed.
b7	Gas valve temperature sensor is ON / short-circuited		1. Temperature sensor is not well connected or damaged; 2. The wire of temperature sensor is damaged, causing short circuit to copper pipe or outer casing; 3. Main board of outdoor unit is damaged.

Error code	Malfunction name	AC status	Possible causes
b5	Liquid valve temperature sensor is ON / short-circuited		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Temperature sensor is not well connected or damaged; 2. The wire of temperature sensor is damaged, causing short circuit to copper pipe or outer casing; 3. Main board of outdoor unit is damaged.
E1	High pressure protection of system	Cool/Dry: all loads stops operation except indoor fan; Heat: all loads stops operation.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Heat exchange of outdoor unit is too dirty, or it blocked the air inlet/outlet; 2. Is power voltage normal; (three-phase unit) 3. Ambient temperature is too high; 4. Wiring of high pressure switch is loose or high pressure switch is damaged; 5. The internal system is blocked; (dirt blockage, ice blockage, oil blockage, angle valve is not completely opened) 6. Main board of outdoor unit is damaged; 7. Refrigerant is too much.
E3	Low pressure/low system pressure protection/ compressor low pressure protection	Cool: compressor, outdoor fan and indoor fan stop operation; Heat: compressor and outdoor fan stop operation at first. About 1 minute later, indoor fan stops operation; 2 minutes later, the 4-way valve stop operation.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Low pressure switch is damaged; 2. Refrigerant inside the system is insufficient.
E4	High discharge temperature protection of compressor	Cool/Dry: compressor and outdoor fan stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	See "Overload protection of compressor , High discharge temperature protection of compressor"
E5	AC overcurrent protection	Cool/Dry: compressor and outdoor fan stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Power voltage is unstable; 2. Power voltage is too low; 3. System load is too high, which leads to high current; 4. Heat exchange of indoor unit is too dirty, or it blocked the air inlet/outlet; 5. Fan motor operation is abnormal; the fan speed is too low or not functioning; 6. Compressor is blocked; 7. The internal system is blocked; (dirt blockage, ice blockage, oil blockage, angle valve is not completely opened) 8. Main board of outdoor unit is damaged. See "AC overcurrent protection"
E7	Mode shock/sysmte mode shock	Load of indoor unit stops operation (indoor fan, E-heater, swing)	Malfunction of one-to-more system; there may be two indoor units which has set the shock mode, such as one is cooling and the other is heating.
E8	High temperature prevention protection	Cool: compressor stops operation while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	See "High temperature prevention protection; high power; system isabnormal"
EE	Malfunction of EEPROM	Cool/Dry: compressor stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	Main board of outdoor unit is damaged.
F0	Refrigerant-recovery mode	Cool/Dry: compressor and outdoor fan stops operation, while indoor fan operates.	Refrigerant recovery. The maintenance personnel operate it when he is maintaining the unit.
F3	Outdoor ambient temperature is open/short-circuited	Cool/Dry: compressor and outdoor fan stop operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Temperature sensor is not connected well or damaged; 2. Temperature sensor wire of outdoor unit is damaged; short circuit between the temperature sensor and copper pipe or outer case; 3. Main board of outdoor unit is damaged;

Error code	Malfunction name	AC status	Possible causes
F4	Outdoor condenser temperature sensor is open/short-circuited	Cool/Dry: compressor and outdoor fan stop operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: after operating for 3 minutes, all loads stops operation.	1. Temperature sensor is not connected well or damaged; 2. Temperature sensor wire of outdoor unit is damaged; short circuit between the temperature sensor and copper pipe or outer case; 3. Main board of outdoor unit is damaged.
F5	Outdoor air discharge temperature is open/short-circuited	Complete unit stops operation; motor of sliding door is cut off power.	1. The exhaust temperature sensor is not connected well or damaged. 2. Temperature sensor wire of outdoor unit is damaged; short circuit between the temperature sensor and copper pipe or outer case 3. Main board of outdoor unit is damaged;
FC	Malfunction of micro switch	Cool/Dry: compressor stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	1. The sliding door is blocked; 2. Malfunction of the photoelectric inspection panel of sliding door;
H4	System is abnormal	Cool/Dry: all loads stops operation except indoor fan; Heat: all loads stops operation.	See "High temperature prevention protection; high power; system is abnormal"
H7	Desynchronizing of compressor	Cool/Dry: compressor stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	See "Desynchronization diagnosis for compressor"
HC	PFC protection	Cool/Dry: compressor stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	1. The power grid quality is bad; AC input voltage fluctuates sharply; 2. Power plug of air conditioner or wiring board or reactor is not connected reliably; 3. Indoor and outdoor heat exchanger is too dirty, or air inlet/outlet is blocked; 4. Main board of outdoor unit is damaged.
HE	Demagnetization protection of compressor	Cool: compressor and outdoor fan stop operation; Heat: compressor and outdoor fan stop operation at first; about 1 minute later, indoor fan stops operation.	1. The main board of outdoor unit is damaged; 2. Compressor is damaged;
JF	Communication malfunction between indoor unit and inspection board	Normal operation	1. Poor connection between the indoor unit and the inspection board. 2. The main board of indoor unit is damaged; 3. The inspection board is damaged;
L1	Malfunction of humidity sensor	Compressor, outdoor fan and indoor fan stop operation;	The inspection board is damaged.
L9	High power protection	Cool: compressor and outdoor fan stops operation, while indoor fan operates.	See "High temperature prevention protection; high power; system is abnormal"
Lc	Start-up failed	Cool/Dry: compressor stops, while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	See "Malfunction diagnosis for failure startup"
Ld	Lost phase	Cool: compressor and outdoor fan stop operation; Heat: compressor and outdoor fan stop operation at first; about 1 minute later, indoor fan stops operation.	1. The main board of outdoor unit is damaged; 2. The compressor is damaged; 3. The connection wire of compressor is not connected well.
PS	Over-phase current protection of compressor	Cool/Dry: compressor stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	See "Overload protection of compressor , High discharge temperature protection of compressor"

Error code	Malfunction name	AC status	Possible causes
oE	Undefined outdoor unit error	Cool: compressor and outdoor fan stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: compressor, outdoor fan and indoor fan stop operation.	1. Outdoor ambient temperature exceeds the operation range of unit (e.g.: less than 20°C or more than 60°C for cooling; more than 30°C for heating); 2. Are wires of compressor not connected tightly? 3. Failure startup of compressor? 4. Is compressor damaged? 5. Is main board damaged?
P6	Communication malfunction between the drive board and the main board	Cool: compressor and outdoor fan stops operation; Heat: compressor and outdoor fan stop at first; about 1 minute later, indoor fan stops operation;	1. The drive board is damaged; 2. The main board of outdoor unit is damaged; 3. The drive board and the main board is not connected well.
P7	Circuit malfunction of module temperature sensor	Cool/Dry: compressor stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	Replace outdoor control board
P8	Module overheating protection	Cool: compressor stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	1. Air inlet / air outlet of outdoor unit are blocked by filth or dirt; 2. Condenser of outdoor unit is blocked by filth or dirt; 3. IPM screw of main board is not tightened; 4. Main board of outdoor unit is damaged;
PF	Malfunction of ambient temperature sensor of drive board	Cool: compressor, outdoor fan and indoor fan stop operation; Heat: compressor and outdoor fan stop operation at first; about 1 minute later, indoor fan stops operation.	1. The ambient temperature sensor of the drive board is not connected well; 2. Malfunction of the ambient temperature sensor of drive board.
PH	DC bus voltage is too high	Cool/Dry: compressor stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	1. Measure the voltage between position L and position N on the wiring board (XT). If it's higher than 265 VAC, please turn on the unit until the power voltage is decreased to the normal range; 2. If the AC input is normal, please replace the outdoor control board.
PL	DC bus voltage is too low	Cool/Dry: compressor stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	1. Measure the voltage between position L and position N on the wiring board (XT). If it's lower than 150 VAC, please turn on the unit until the power voltage is increased to the normal range; 2. If the AC input is normal, please replace the outdoor control board.
PU	Charging malfunction of capacitor	Cool/Dry: compressor stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	See "Charging malfunction of capacitor"
rF	Malfunction of RF module	Cool: compressor and outdoor fan stop operation; Heat: compressor and outdoor fan stop operation at first; about 1 minute later, indoor fan stops operation.	1. The connection wire of RF module is not connected well. 2. Malfunction of RF module;
U1	Phase current detection circuit malfunction of	Cool: compressor and outdoor fan stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: compressor, outdoor fan and indoor fan stops operation.	The control board is damaged
U2	Lost phase protection of compressor	Cool: compressor and outdoor fan stop operation; Heat: compressor and outdoor fan stop operation at first; about 1 minute later, indoor fan stops operation.	1. The main board of outdoor unit is damaged; 2. The compressor is damaged; 3. The connection wire of compressor is not connected well.

Error code	Malfunction name	AC status	Possible causes
U3	DC bus voltage drop malfunction	Cool/Dry: compressor stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	The power voltage is unstable.
U5	Current detection malfunction of unit	Cool: compressor and outdoor fan stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: compressor, outdoor fan and indoor fan stops operation.	1. Is the complete unit lacking of refrigerant? 2. There's malfunction for the circuit of control board of outdoor unit. Replace the control board of outdoor unit.
U7	4-way valve is abnormal	This malfunction occurs when the unit is heating. All loads stops operation.	1. Power voltage is lower than AC175V; 2. Wiring terminal of 4-way valve is loose or broken;3. 4-way valve is damaged. Replace the 4-way valve.
U8	Malfunction of zero-crossing signal of indoor unit	Compressor, outdoor fan and indoor fan stop operation.	1. The power is abnormal; 2. Main board of indoor unit is damaged.
U9	Zero-crossing malfunction of outdoor unit	Cool: compressor stops operation, while indoor fan operates; Heat: all loads stops operation.	Replace the control board of outdoor unit.
E2	Evaporator anti-freezing protection		Not error code, it is the status code in cooling process
E9	Anti cold air protection		Not error code, it is the status code in cooling process
	Defrosting	Heat indicator Flash once/10s	Not error code, it is the status code in cooling process

Analysis or processing of some of the malfunction display:

1. Compressor discharge protection

Possible causes: shortage of refrigerant; blockage of air filter; poor ventilation or air flow short pass for condenser; the system has noncondensing gas (such as air, water etc.); Blockage of capillary assy (including filter); leakage inside four-way valve causes incorrect operation; malfunction of compressor; malfunction of protection relay; malfunction of discharge sensor; outdoor temperature too high.

Processing method: refer to the malfunction analysis in the above section.

2. Low voltage overcurrent protection

Possible cause: Sudden drop of supply voltage.

3. Communication malfunction

Processing method: Check if communication signal cable is connected reliably.

4. Sensor open or short circuit

Processing method: Check whether sensor is normal, connected with the corresponding position on the controller and if damage of lead wire is found.

5. Compressor over load protection

Possible causes: insufficient or too much refrigerant; blockage of capillary and increase of suction temp.; improper running of compressor, burning in or stuck of bearing, damage of discharge valve; malfunction of protector.

Processing method: adjust refrigerant amount; replace the capillary; replace the compressor; use universal meter to check if the contactor of compress or is fine when it is not overheated, if not replace the protector.

6. System malfunction

i.e. overload protection. When tube temperature(Check the temperature of outdoor heat exchanger when cooling and check the temperature of indoor heat exchanger when heating) is too high, protection will be activated.

Possible causes: Outdoor temperature is too high when cooling; insufficient outdoor air circulation; refrigerant flow malfunction.

Please refer to the malfunction analysis in the previous section for handling method .

7. IPM module protection

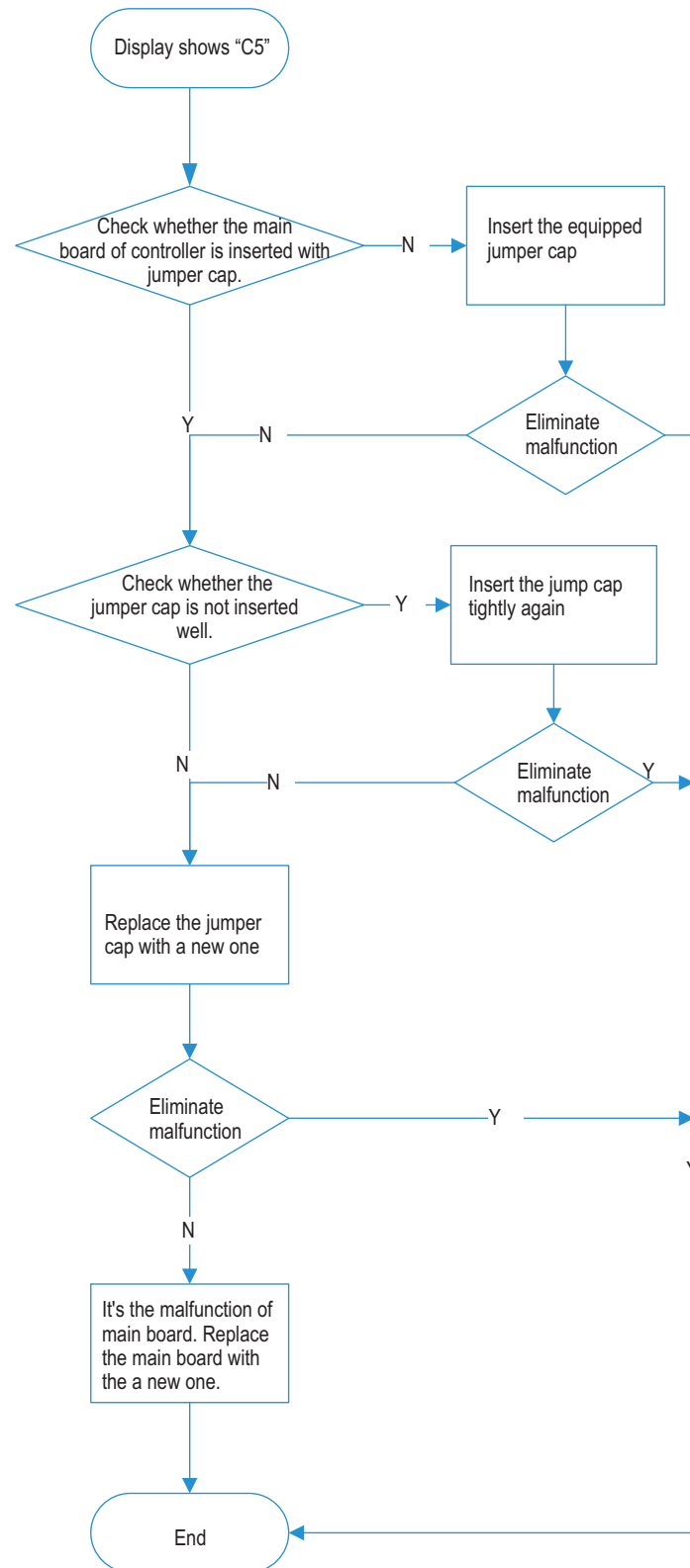
Processing method: Once the module malfunction happens, if it persists for a long time and can not be self-canceled, cut off the power and turn off the unit, and then re-energize the unit again after about 10 min. After repeating the procedure for sever times, if the malfunction still exists, replace the module.

9.2 Procedure of Troubleshooting

1. Troubleshooting for jumper cap ⚡

Main check points:

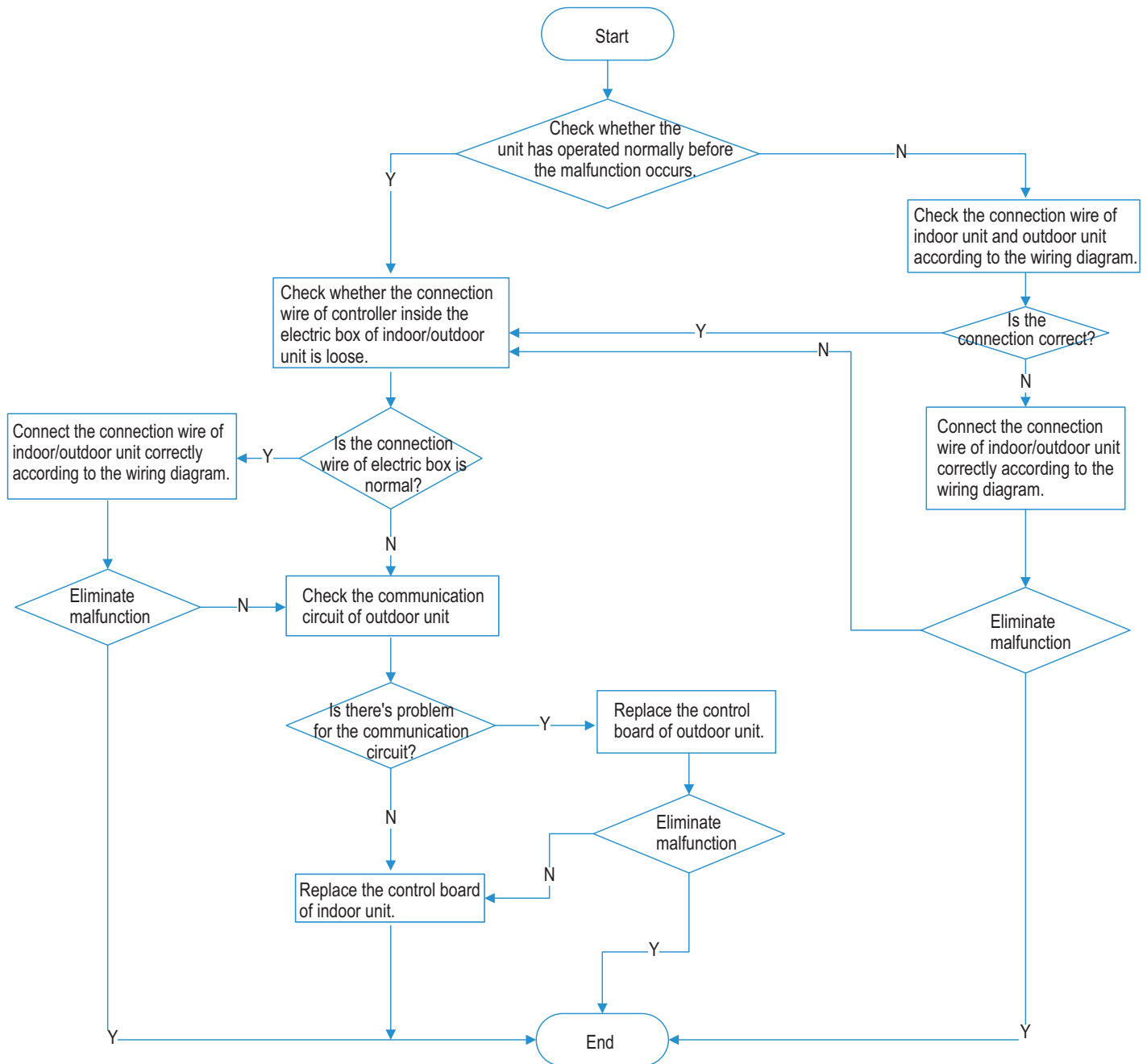
(1) jumper cap (2) control board of indoor unit



2. Communication malfunction $\varepsilon\delta$

Main check points:

- (1) Connection wire between indoor unit and outdoor unit
- (2) Wiring inside the unit
- (3) Communication circuit of control board of indoor unit
- (4) Communication circuit of control board of outdoor unit

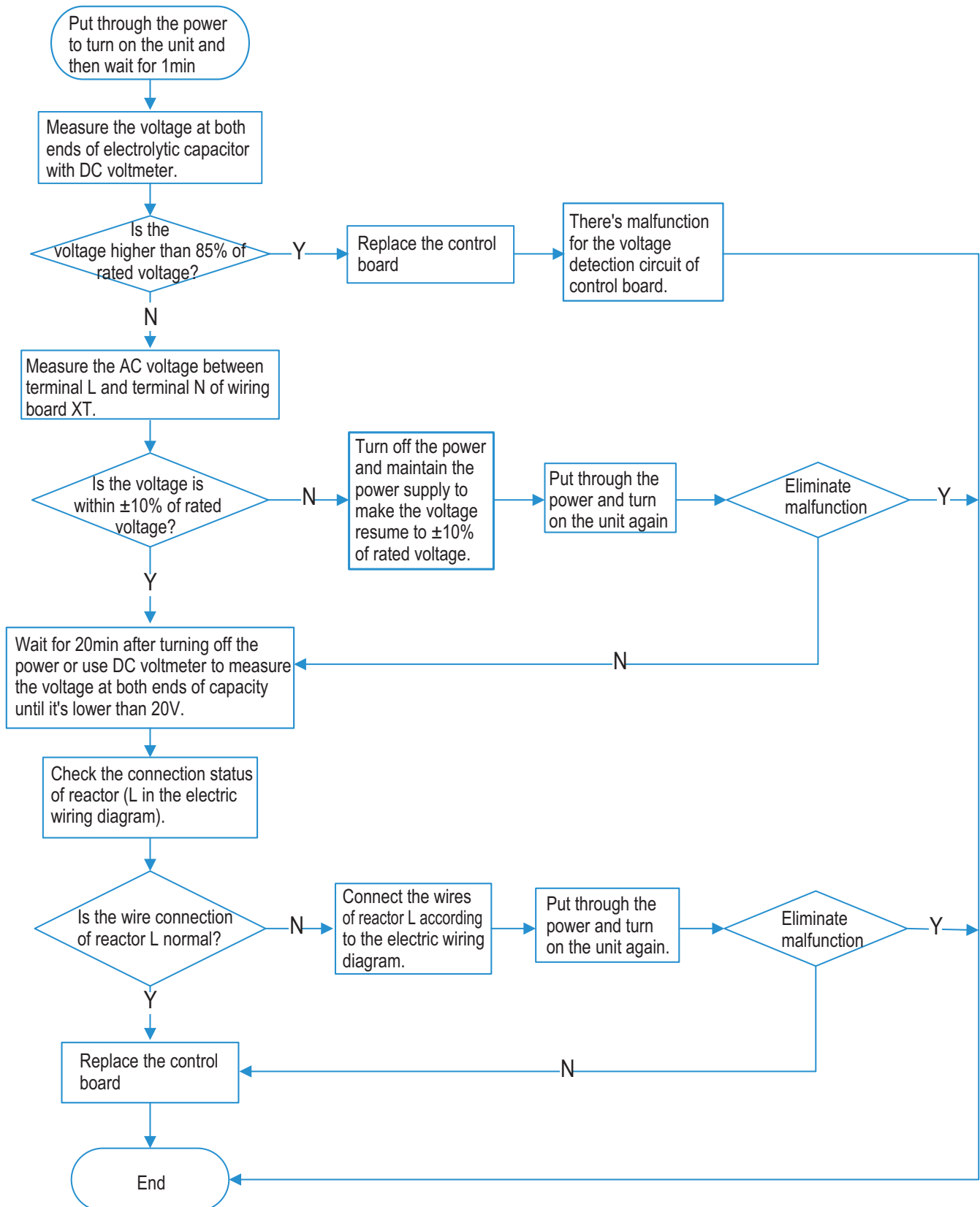


3. IPM protection H5, over-phase current of compressor P5

Main check points:

- (1) compressor COMP terminal (2) power supply voltage (3) compressor
- (4) charging amount of refrigerant (5) air inlet and air outlet of indoor/outdoor unit

NOTE: The control board as below means the control board of outdoor unit.

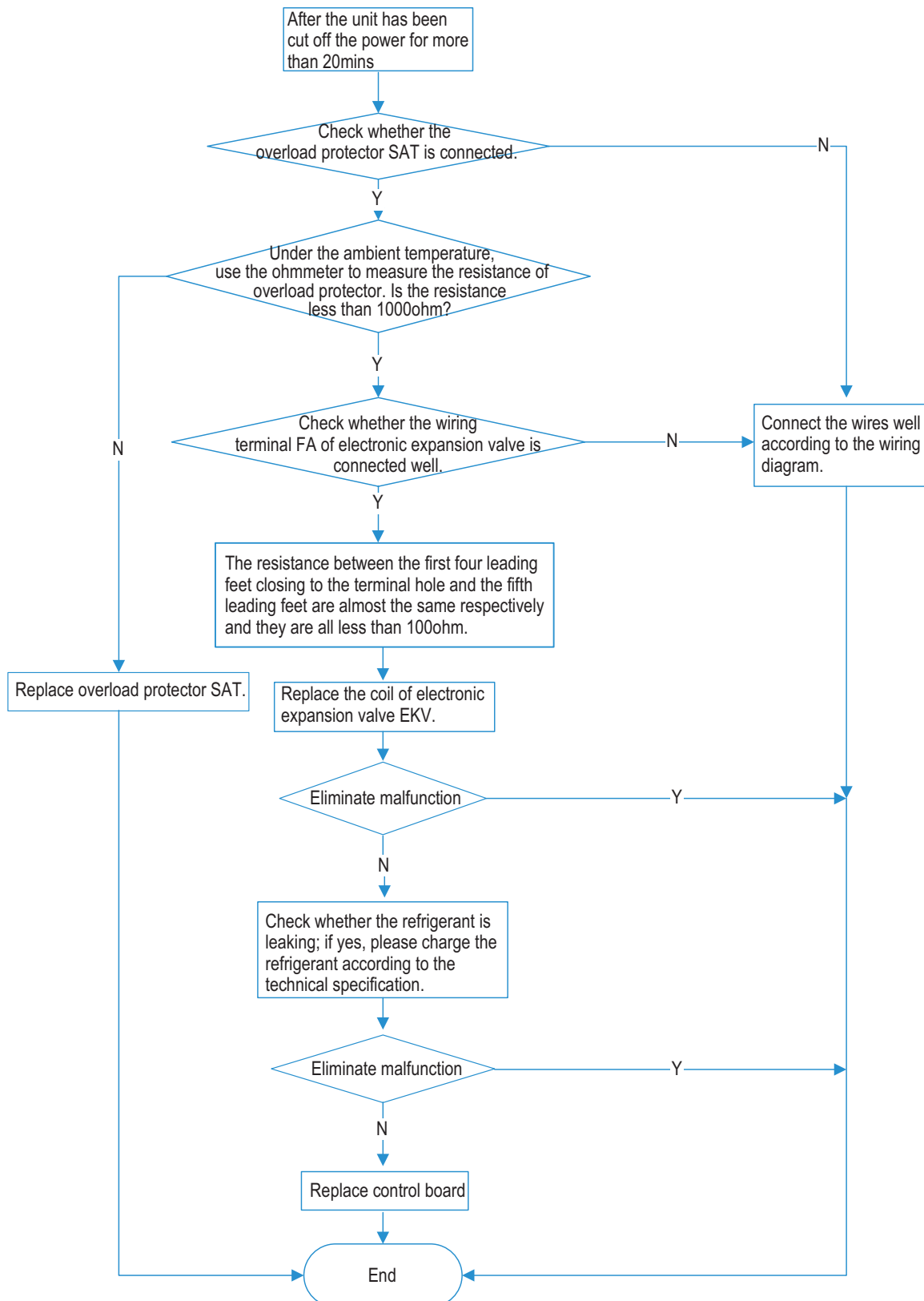


4. Overload protection of compressor H3, high discharge temperature, protection of compressor E4

Main check points:

- (1) electronic expansion valve (2) expansion valve terminal
- (3) charging amount of refrigerant (4) overload protector

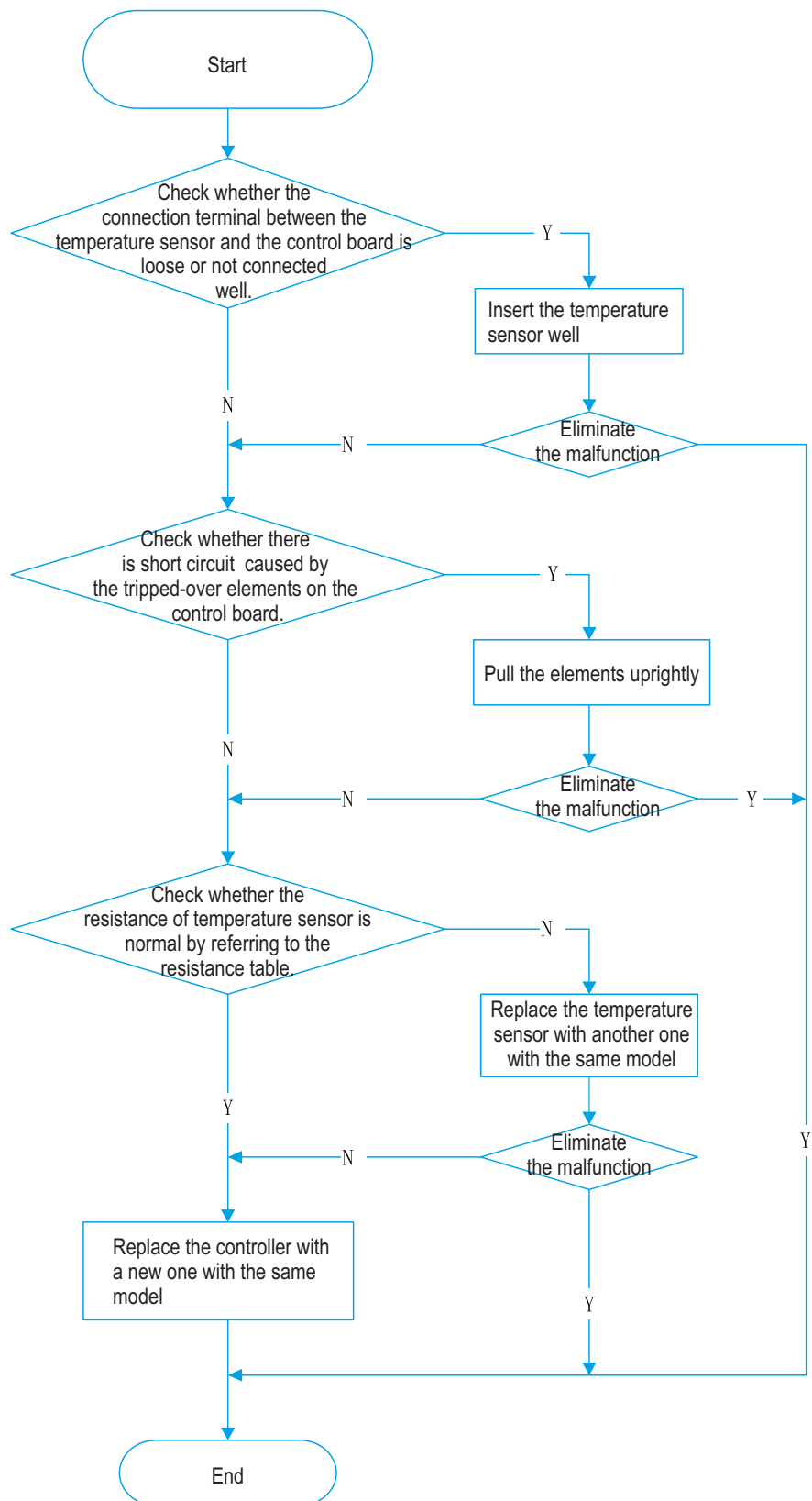
NOTE: The control board as below means the control board of outdoor unit.



5. Troubleshooting for temperature sensor F1,F2,F3,F4,F5

Main check points:

(1) connection terminal (2) temperature sensor (3) main board

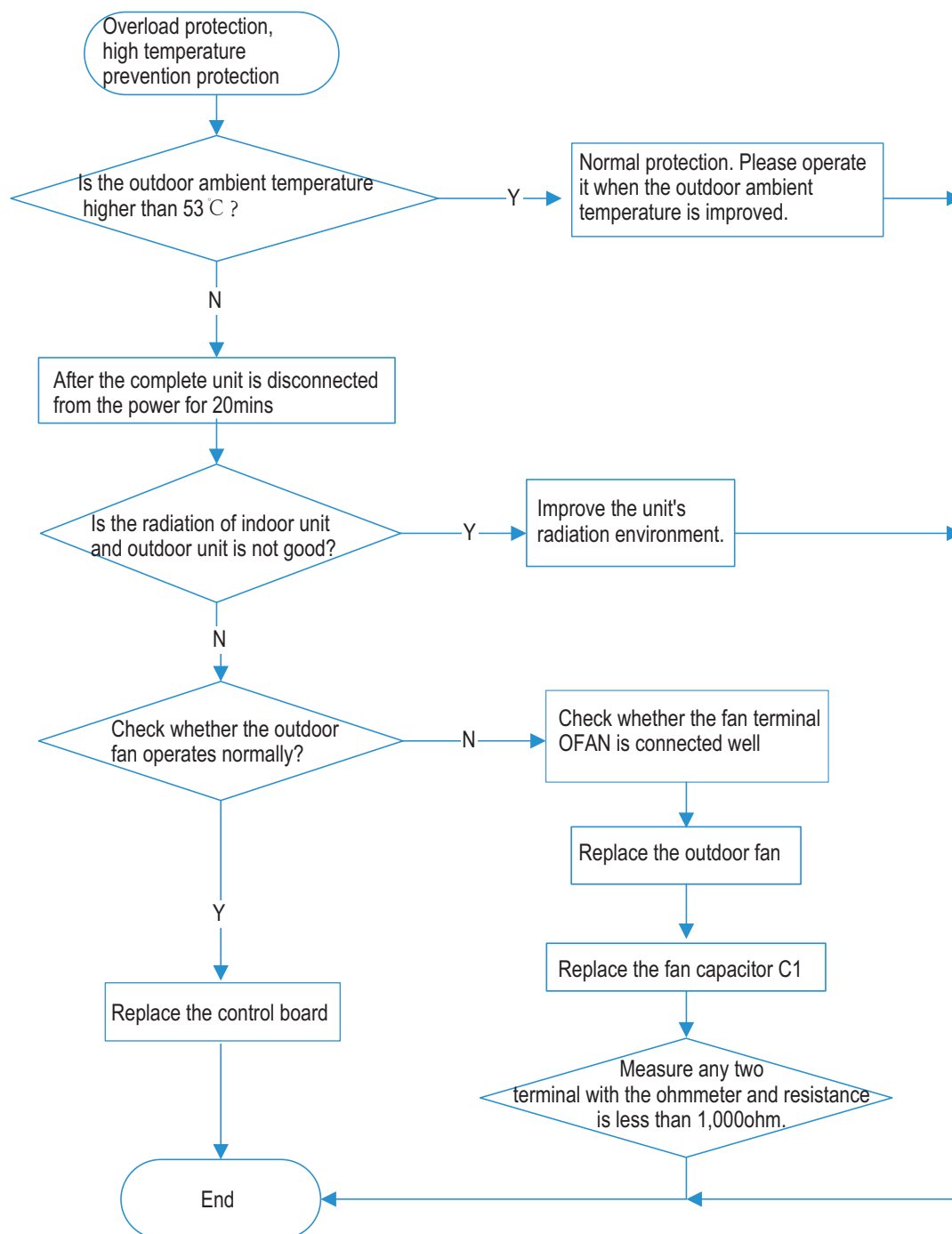


6. High temperature prevention protection E8; high power L9; system is abnormal H4

Main check points:

(1) outdoor temperature (2) fan (3) air inlet and air outlet of indoor/outdoor unit

NOTE: The control board as below means the control board of outdoor unit.

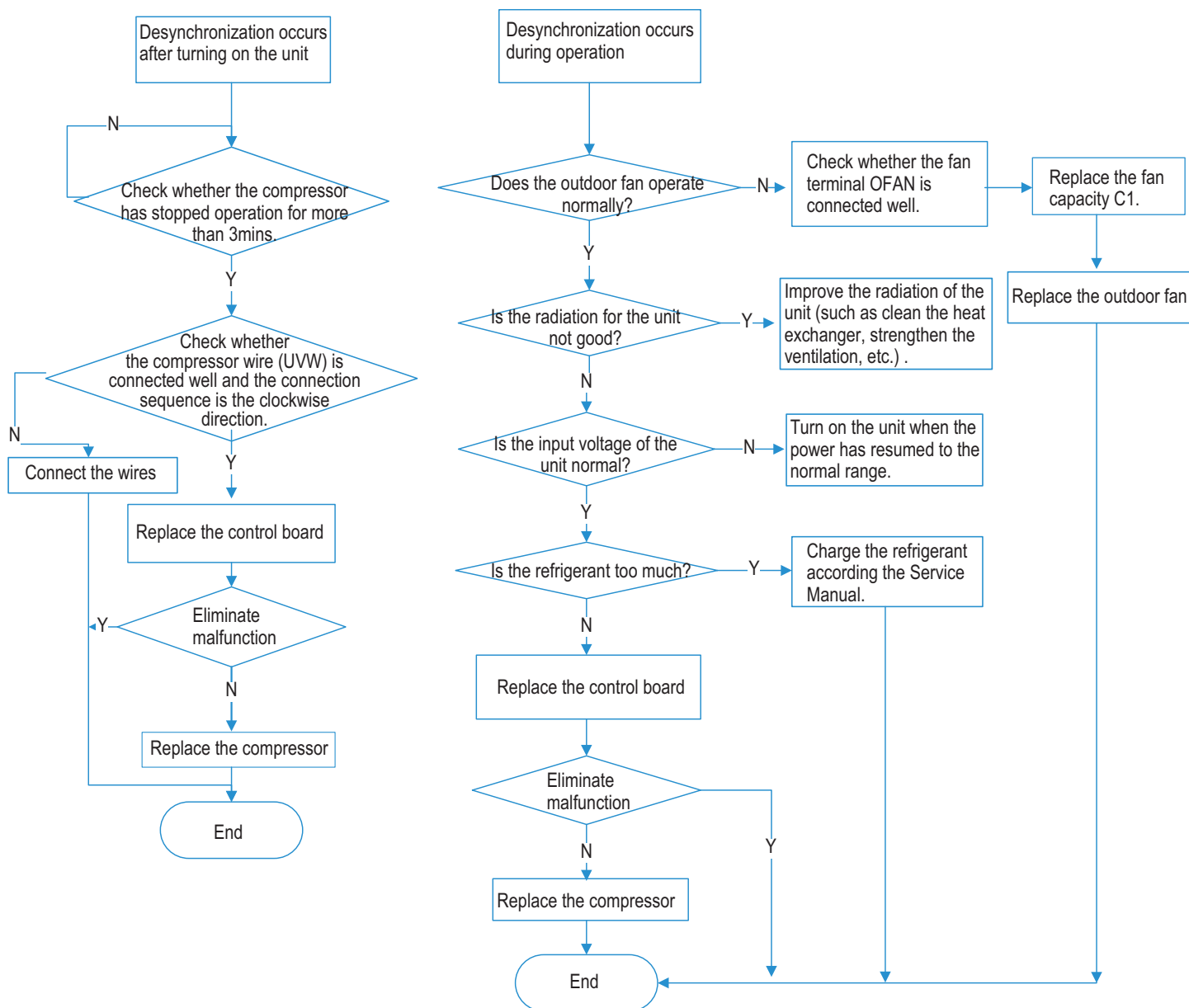


7. Desynchronization diagnosis for compressor H7

Main check point:

(1) system pressure (2) power supply voltage

NOTE: The control board as below means the control board of outdoor unit.

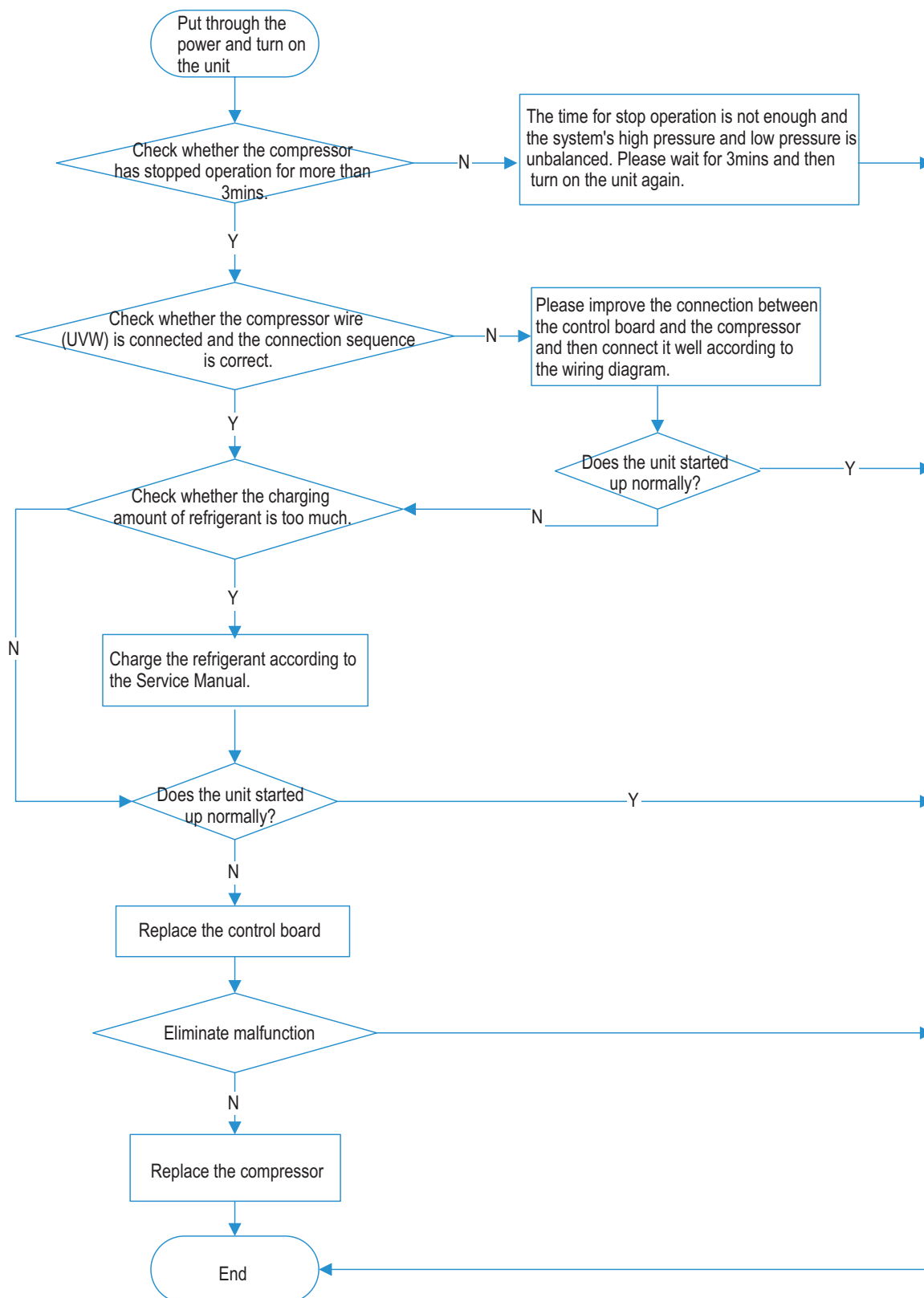


8. Malfunction diagnosis for failure startup L_c

Main check points:

(1) compressor wire (2) compressor (3) charging amount of refrigerant

NOTE: The control board as below means the control board of outdoor unit.

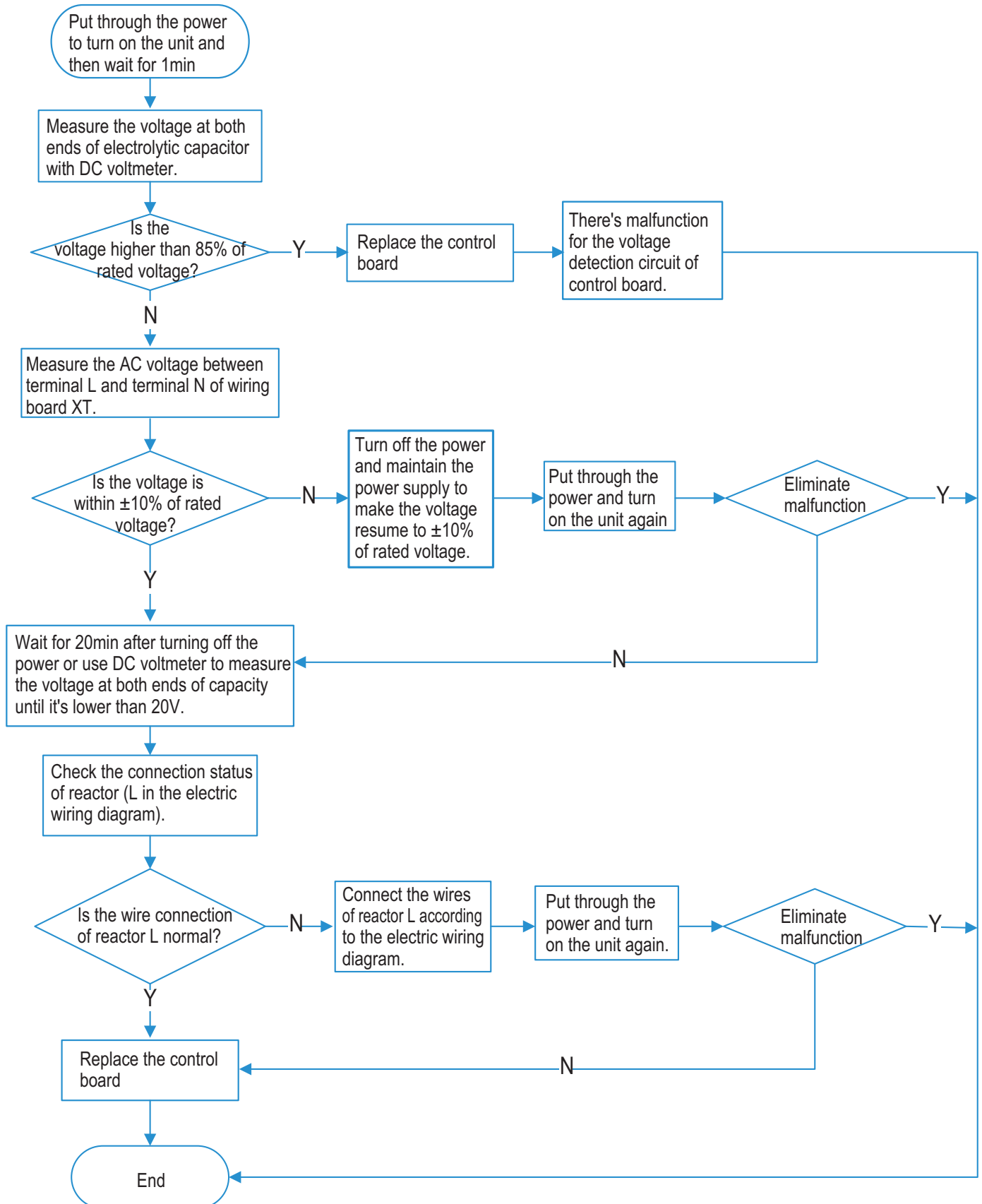


9. Charging malfunction of capacitor PU

Main check points:

(1) wiring board XT (2) reactor

NOTE: The control board as below means the control board of outdoor unit.

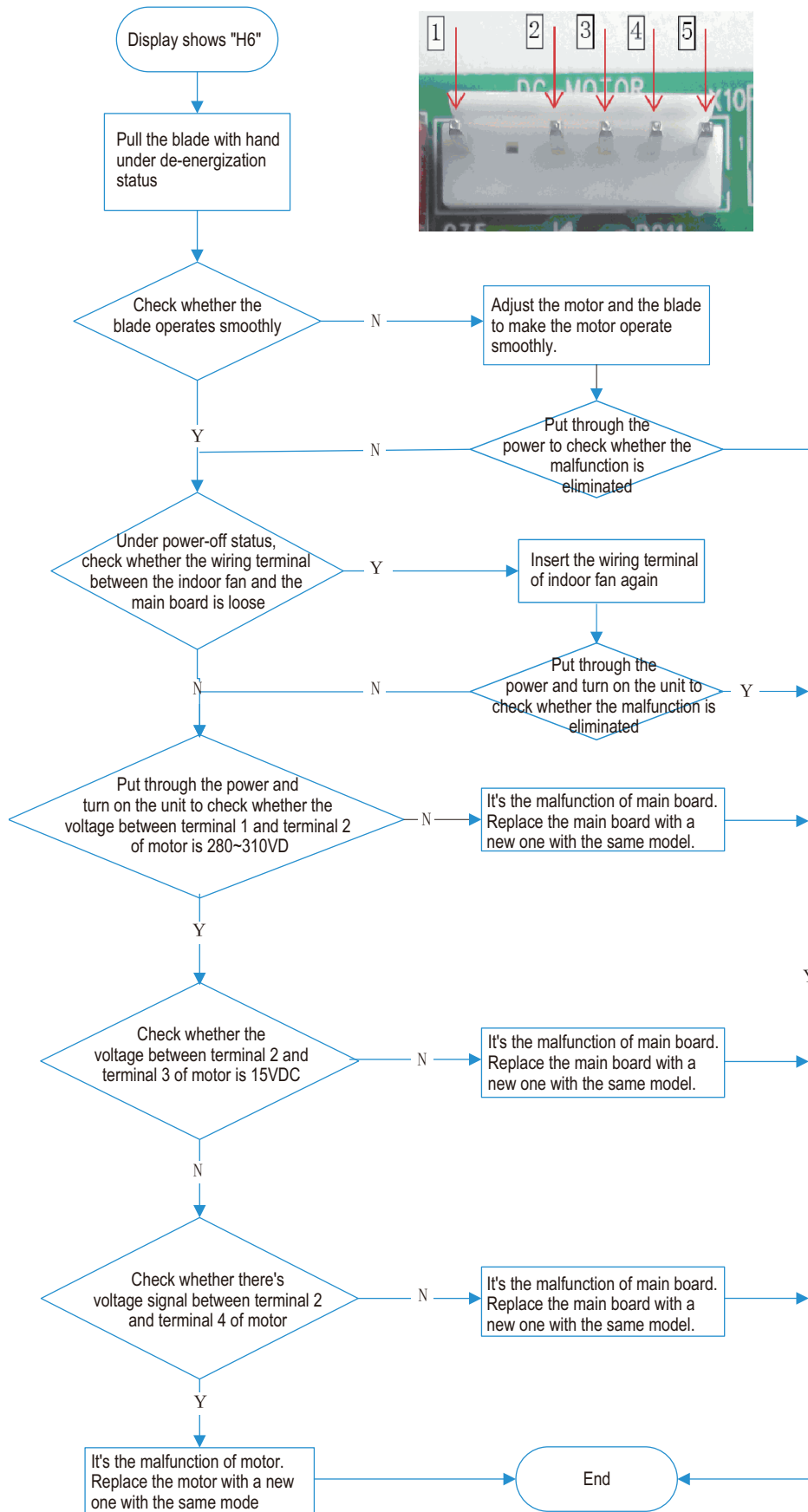


10. Troubleshooting-motor(indoor fan) doesn't operate H5

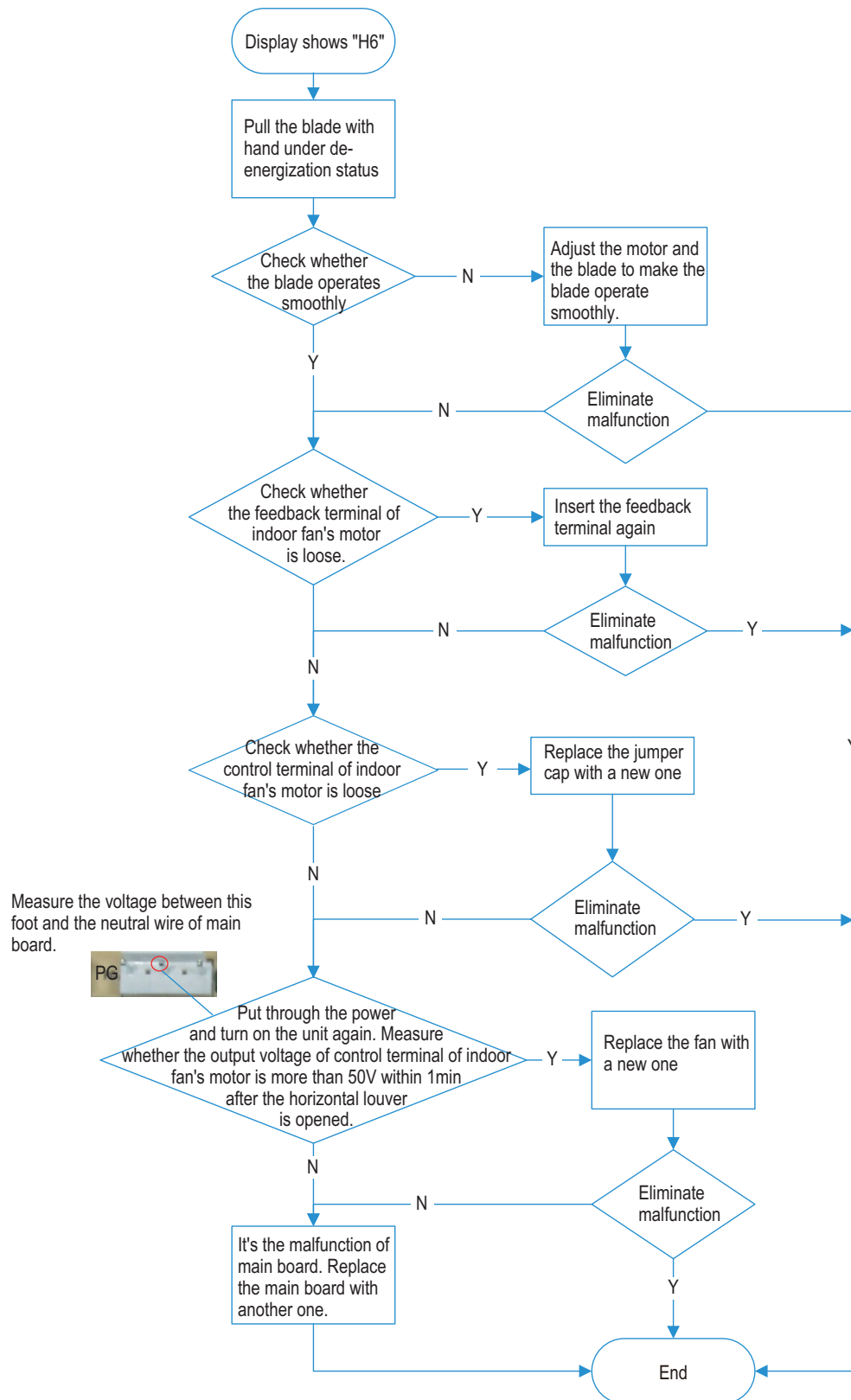
Main check points:

(1) connection terminal (2) motor (3) control board AP1 of indoor unit (4) blade

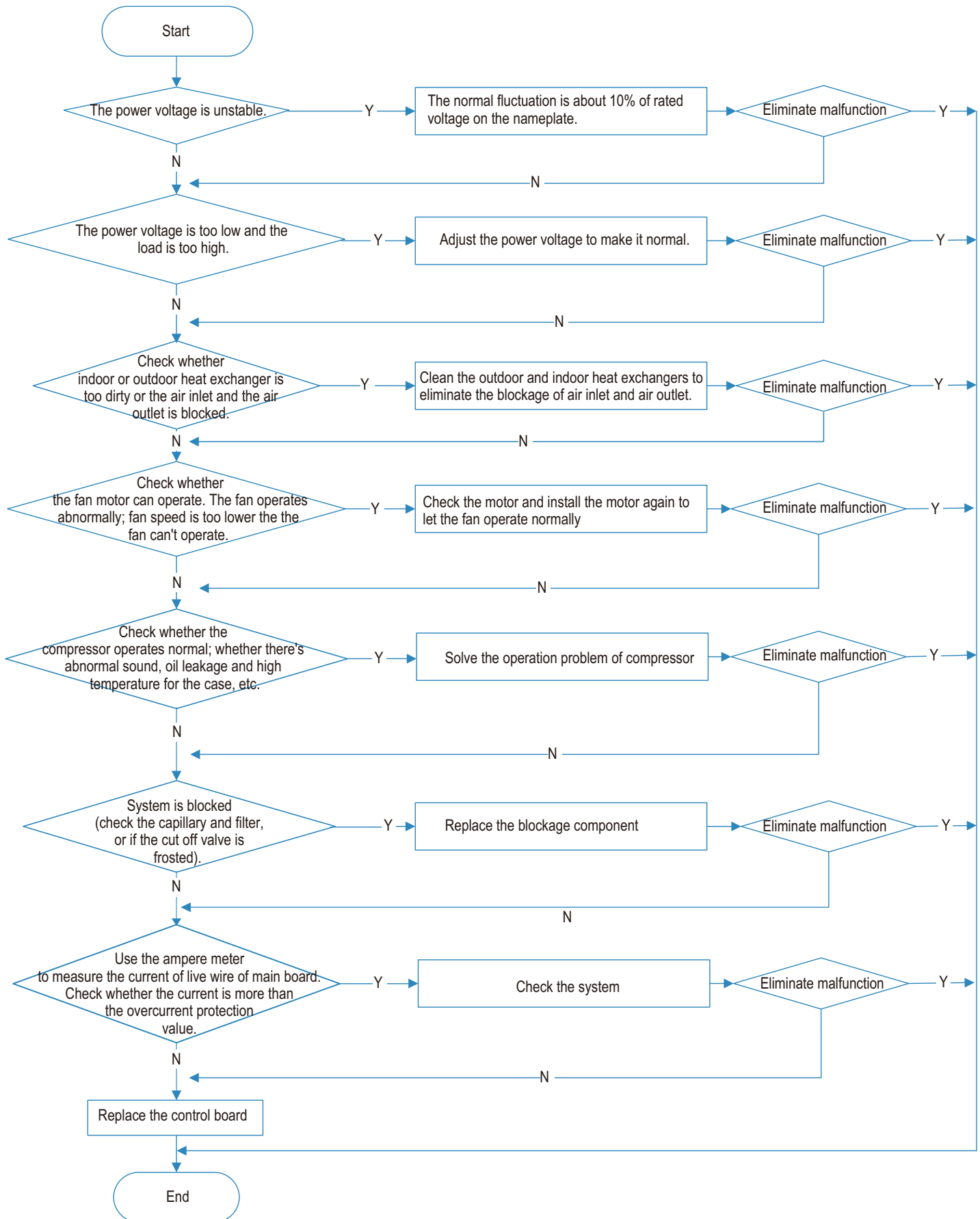
10.1 DC motor



10.2 PG motor



11. AC overcurrent protection E5



9.3 Troubleshooting for Normal Malfunction

1. Air Conditioner can't be Started Up

Possible Causes	Discriminating Method (Air conditioner Status)	Troubleshooting
No power supply, or poor connection for power plug	After energization, operation indicator isn't bright and the buzzer can't give out sound	Confirm whether it's due to power failure. If yes, wait for power recovery. If not, check power supply circuit and make sure the power plug is connected well.
Wrong wire connection between indoor unit and outdoor unit, or poor connection for wiring terminals	Under normal power supply circumstances, operation indicator isn't bright after energization	Check the circuit according to circuit diagram and connect wires correctly. Make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly
Electric leakage for air conditioner	After energization, room circuit breaker trips off at once	Make sure the air conditioner is grounded reliably. Make sure wires of air conditioner is connected correctly. Check the wiring inside air conditioner. Check whether the insulation layer of power cord is damaged; if yes, place the power cord.
Model selection for air switch is improper	After energization, air switch trips off	Select proper air switch
Malfunction of remote controller	After energization, operation indicator is bright, while no display on remote controller or buttons have no action.	Replace batteries for remote controller Repair or replace remote controller

2. Poor Cooling (Heating) for Air Conditioner

Possible Causes	Discriminating Method (Air conditioner Status)	Troubleshooting
Set temperature is improper	Observe the set temperature on remote controller	Adjust the set temperature
Rotation speed of the IDU fan motor is set too low	Small wind blow	Set the fan speed at high or medium
Filter of indoor unit is blocked	Check the filter to see its blocked	Clean the filter
Installation position for indoor unit and outdoor unit is improper	Check whether the installation position is proper according to installation requirement for air conditioner	Adjust the installation position, and install the rain-proof and sunproof for outdoor unit
Refrigerant is leaking	Discharged air temperature during cooling is higher than normal discharged wind temperature; Discharged air temperature during heating is lower than normal discharged wind temperature; Units pressure is much lower than regulated range	Find out the leakage causes and deal with it. Add refrigerant.
Malfunction of 4-way valve	Blow cold wind during heating	Replace the 4-way valve
Malfunction of capillary	Discharged air temperature during cooling is higher than normal discharged wind temperature; Discharged air temperature during heating is lower than normal discharged wind temperature; Unit pressure is much lower than regulated range. If refrigerant isn't leaking, part of capillary is blocked	Replace the capillary
Flow volume of valve is insufficient	The pressure of valves is much lower than that stated in the specification	Open the valve completely
Malfunction of horizontal louver	Horizontal louver can't swing	Refer to point 3 of maintenance method for details
Malfunction of the IDU fan motor	The IDU fan motor can't operate	Refer to troubleshooting for H6 for maintenance method in details
Malfunction of the ODU fan motor	The ODU fan motor can't operate	Refer to point 4 of maintenance method for details
Malfunction of compressor	Compressor can't operate	Refer to point 5 of maintenance method for details

3. Horizontal Louver can't Swing

Possible Causes	Discriminating Method (Air conditioner Status)	Troubleshooting
Wrong wire connection, or poor connection	Check the wiring status according to circuit diagram	Connect wires according to wiring diagram to make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly
Stepping motor is damaged	Stepping motor can't operate	Repair or replace stepping motor
Main board is damaged	Others are all normal, while horizontal louver can't operate	Replace the main board with the same model

4. ODU Fan Motor can't Operate

Possible causes	Discriminating method (air conditioner status)	Troubleshooting
Wrong wire connection, or poor connection	Check the wiring status according to circuit diagram	Connect wires according to wiring diagram to make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly
Capacity of the ODU fan motor is damaged	Measure the capacity of fan capacitor with an universal meter and find that the capacity is out of the deviation range indicated on the nameplate of fan capacitor.	Replace the capacity of fan
Power voltage is a little low or high	Use universal meter to measure the power supply voltage. The voltage is a little high or low	Suggest to equip with voltage regulator
Motor of outdoor unit is damaged	When unit is on, cooling/heating performance is bad and ODU compressor generates a lot of noise and heat.	Change compressor oil and refrigerant. If no better, replace the compressor with a new one

5. Compressor can't Operate

Possible causes	Discriminating method (air conditioner status)	Troubleshooting
Wrong wire connection, or poor connection	Check the wiring status according to circuit diagram	Connect wires according to wiring diagram to make sure all wiring terminals are connected firmly
Capacity of compressor is damaged	Measure the capacity of fan capacitor with an universal meter and find that the capacity is out of the deviation range indicated on the nameplate of fan capacitor.	Replace the compressor capacitor
Power voltage is a little low or high	Use universal meter to measure the power supply voltage. The voltage is a little high or low	Suggest to equip with voltage regulator
Coil of compressor is burnt out	Use universal meter to measure the resistance between compressor terminals and it's 0	Repair or replace compressor
Cylinder of compressor is blocked	Compressor can't operate	Repair or replace compressor

6. Air Conditioner is Leaking

Possible causes	Discriminating method (air conditioner status)	Troubleshooting
Drain pipe is blocked	Water leaking from indoor unit	Eliminate the foreign objects inside the drain pipe
Drain pipe is broken	Water leaking from drain pipe	Replace drain pipe
Wrapping is not tight	Water leaking from the pipe connection place of indoor unit	Wrap it again and bundle it tightly

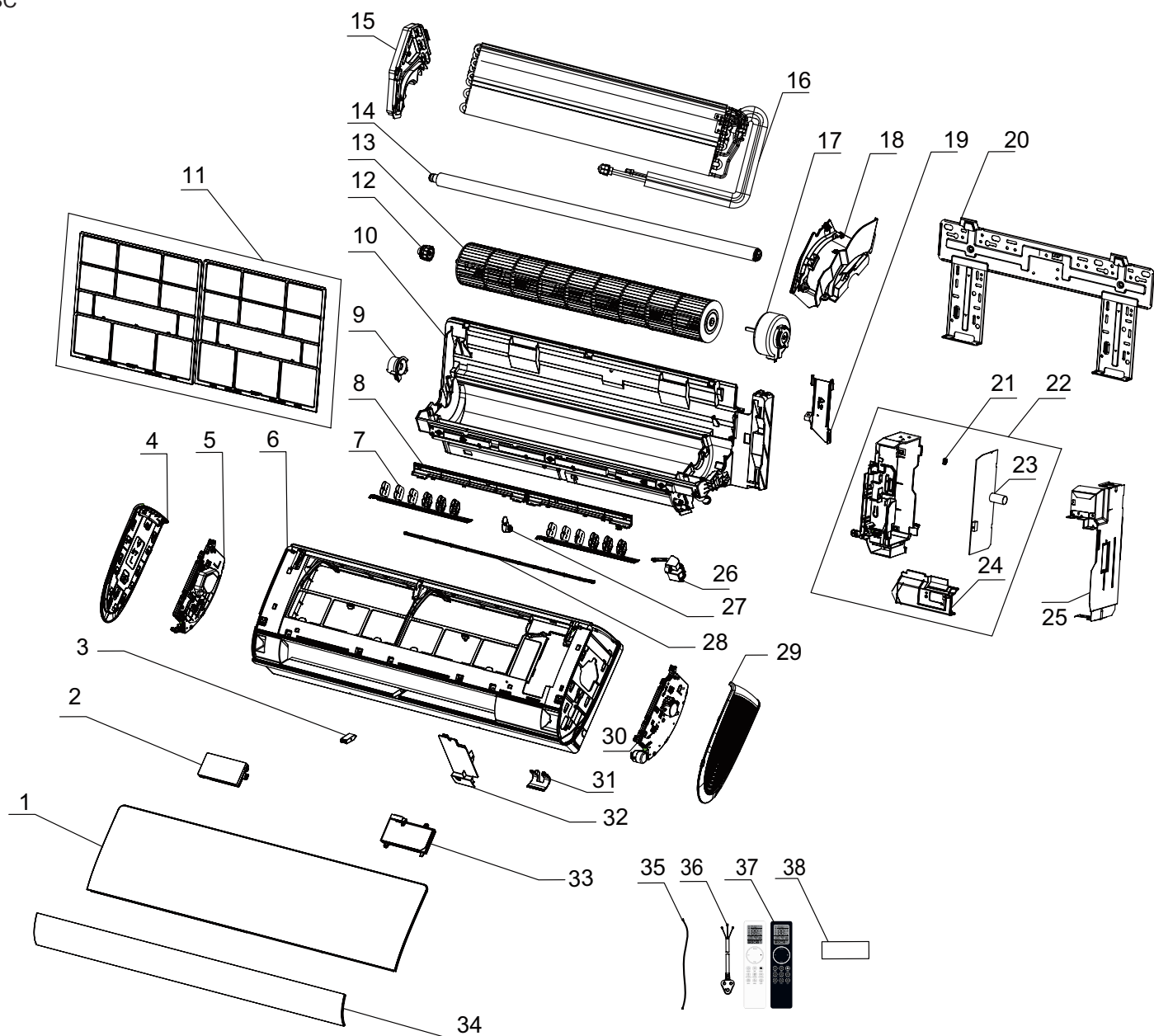
7. Abnormal Sound and Vibration

Possible causes	Discriminating method (air conditioner status)	Troubleshooting
When turn on or turn off the unit, the panel and other parts will expand and there's abnormal sound	There's the sound of "PAPA"	Normal phenomenon. Abnormal sound will disappear after a few minutes.
When turn on or turn off the unit, there's abnormal sound due to flow of refrigerant inside air conditioner	Water-running sound can be heard	Normal phenomenon. Abnormal sound will disappear after a few minutes.
Foreign objects inside the indoor unit or there are parts touching together inside the indoor unit	There's abnormal sound fro indoor unit	Remove foreign objects. Adjust all parts position of indoor unit, tighten screws and stick damping plaster between connected parts
Foreign objects inside the outdoor unit or there are parts touching together inside the outdoor unit	There's abnormal sound fro outdoor unit	Remove foreign objects. Adjust all parts position of outdoor unit, tighten screws and stick damping plaster between connected parts
Short circuit inside the magnetic coil	During heating, the way valve has abnormal electromagnetic sound	Replace magnetic coil
Abnormal shake of compressor	Outdoor unit gives out abnormal sound	Adjust the support foot mat of compressor, tighten the bolts
Abnormal sound inside the compressor	Abnormal sound inside the compressor	If add too much refrigerant during maintenance, please reduce refrigerant properly. Replace compressor for other circumstances.

10. Exploded View and Parts List

10.1 Indoor Unit

BBC



The component picture is only for reference; please refer to the actual product.

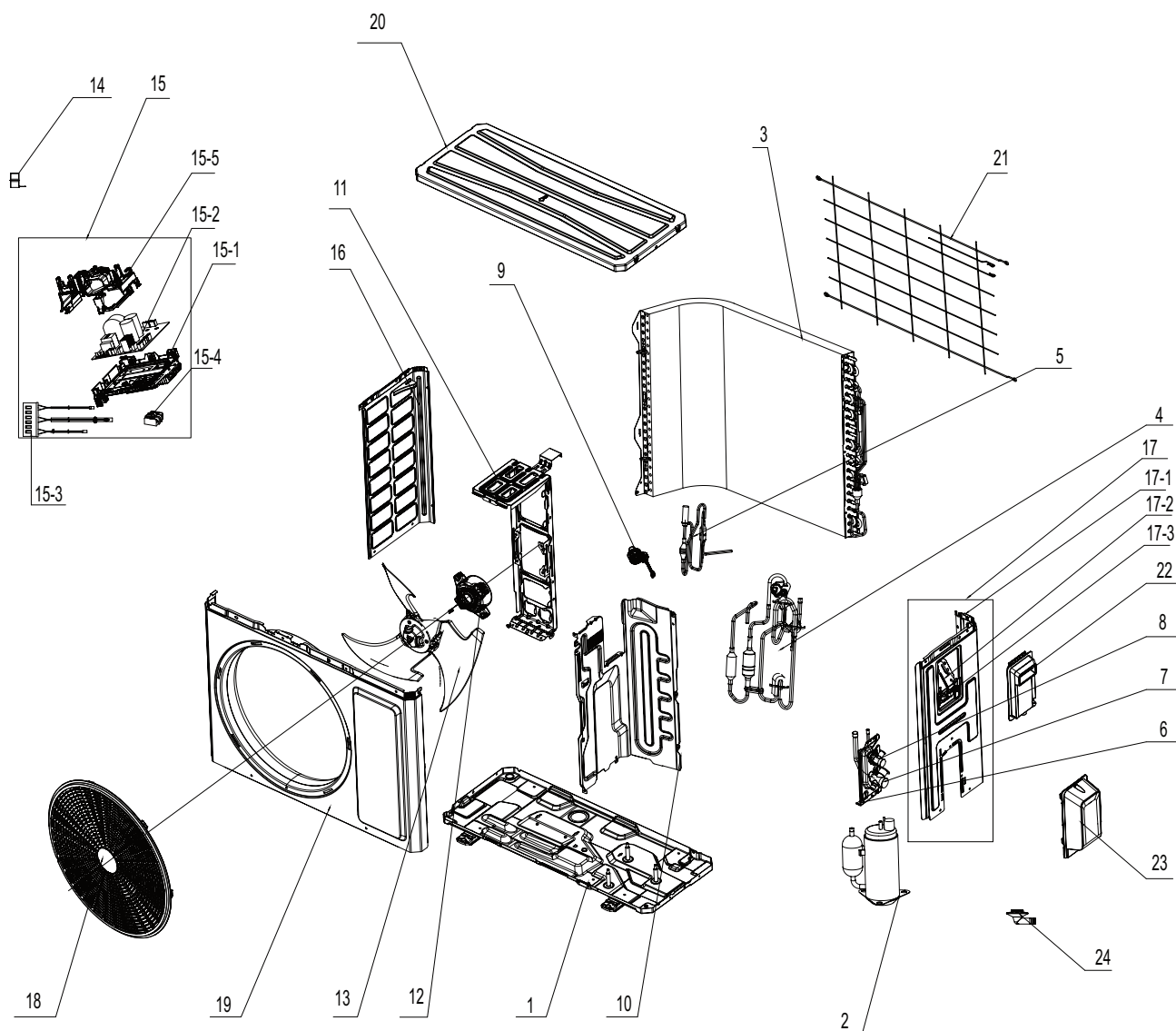
NO.	Description
1	Front Panel
2	Detecting Plate
3	Screw Cover
4	Left Side Plate Sub-Assy
5	Left Driving Box Sub-assy
6	Front Case Assy
7	Air Louver
8	Helicoid Tongue
9	Ring of Bearing
10	Rear Case assy
11	Filter Sub-Assy
12	O-Gasket sub-assy of Bearing
13	Cross Flow Fan
14	Drainage Hose
15	Evaporator Support
16	Evaporator Assy
17	Fan Motor
18	Motor Press Plate
19	Connecting pipe clamp
20	Wall Mounting Frame

NO.	Description
21	Jumper
22	Electric Box Assy
23	Main Board
24	Mouseproof Board
25	Shield Cover of Electric Box Sub-assy
26	Louver Motor Sub-assy
27	Air Louver (Middle)
28	Swing Lever
29	Right Side Plate Sub-Assy
30	Right Driving Box Sub-assy
31	Seal Cover
32	Electric Box Cover Sub-Assy
33	Display Board
34	Guide Louver
35	Connecting Cable
36	Power Cord
37	Remote Controller
38	Filter

Some models may not contain some parts, please refer to the actual product.

10.2 Outdoor Unit

GWH09BBCXD-K6DNA1A/O
GWH12BBCXD-K6DNA1A/O



The component picture is only for reference; please refer to the actual product.


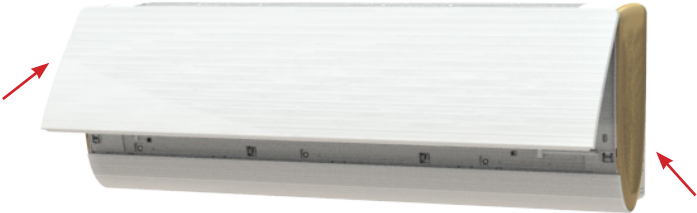
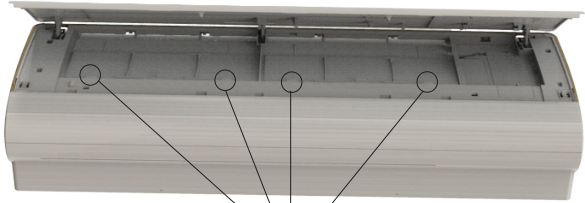

11. Removal Procedure

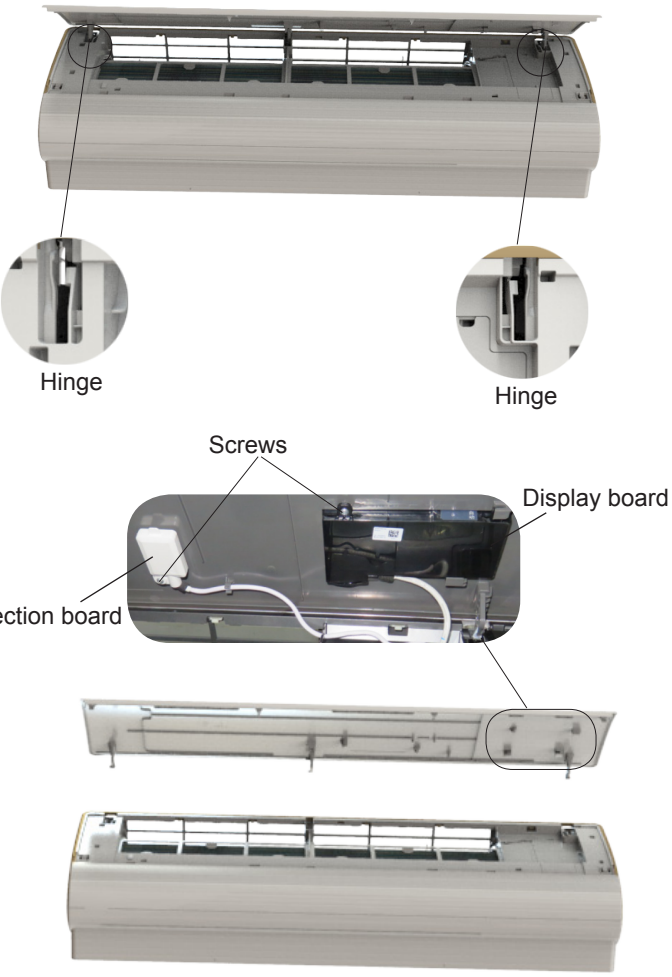
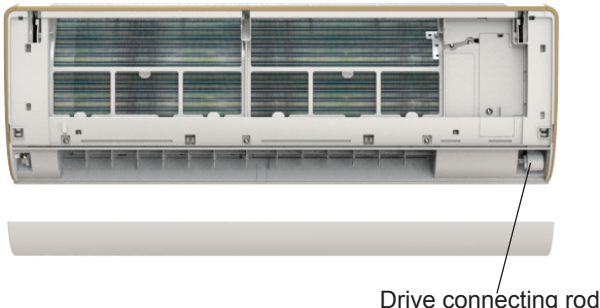
11.1 Removal Procedure of Indoor Unit

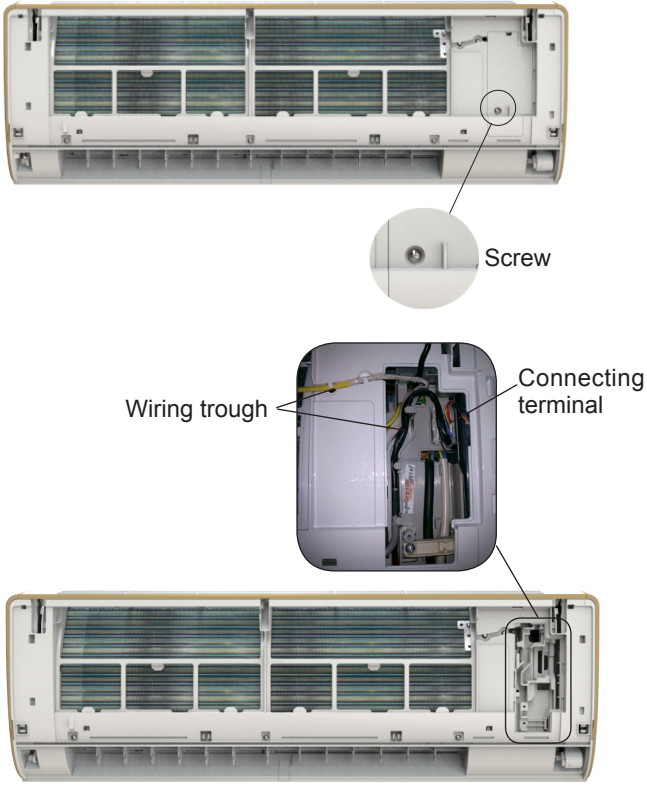
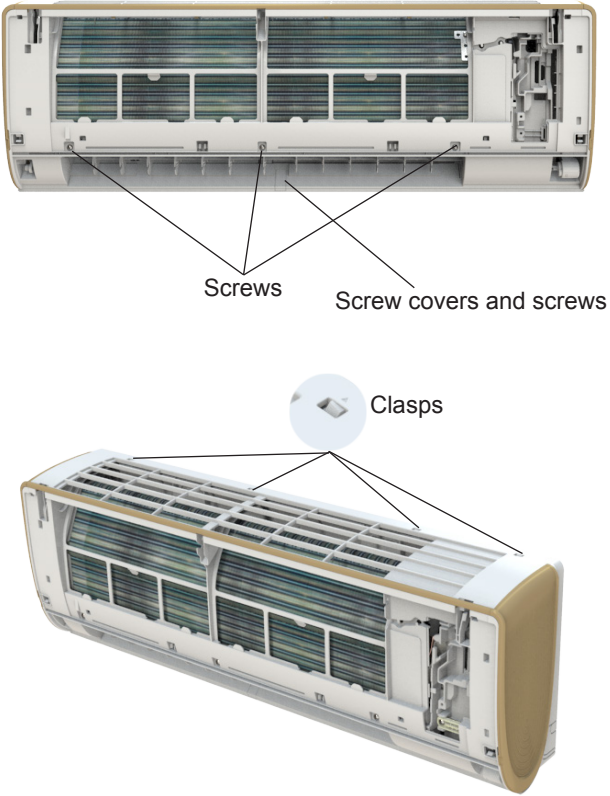
Note: Take white panel for example.

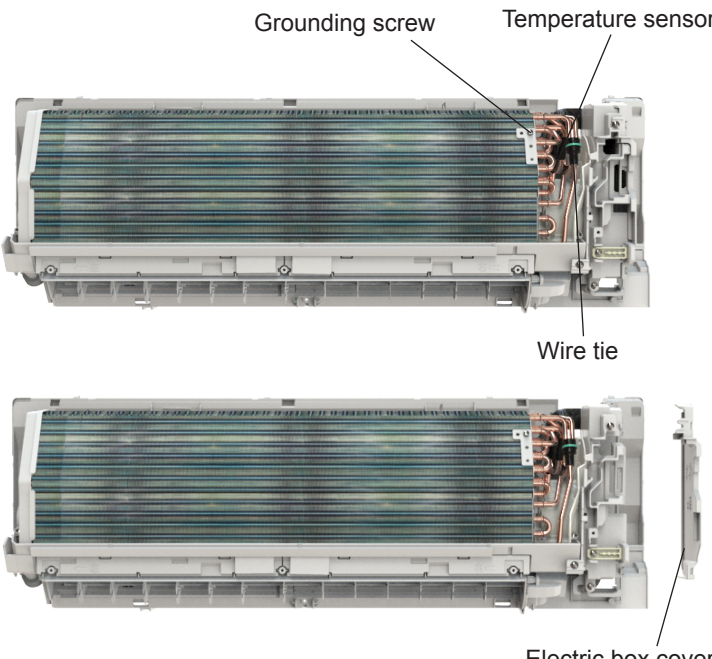
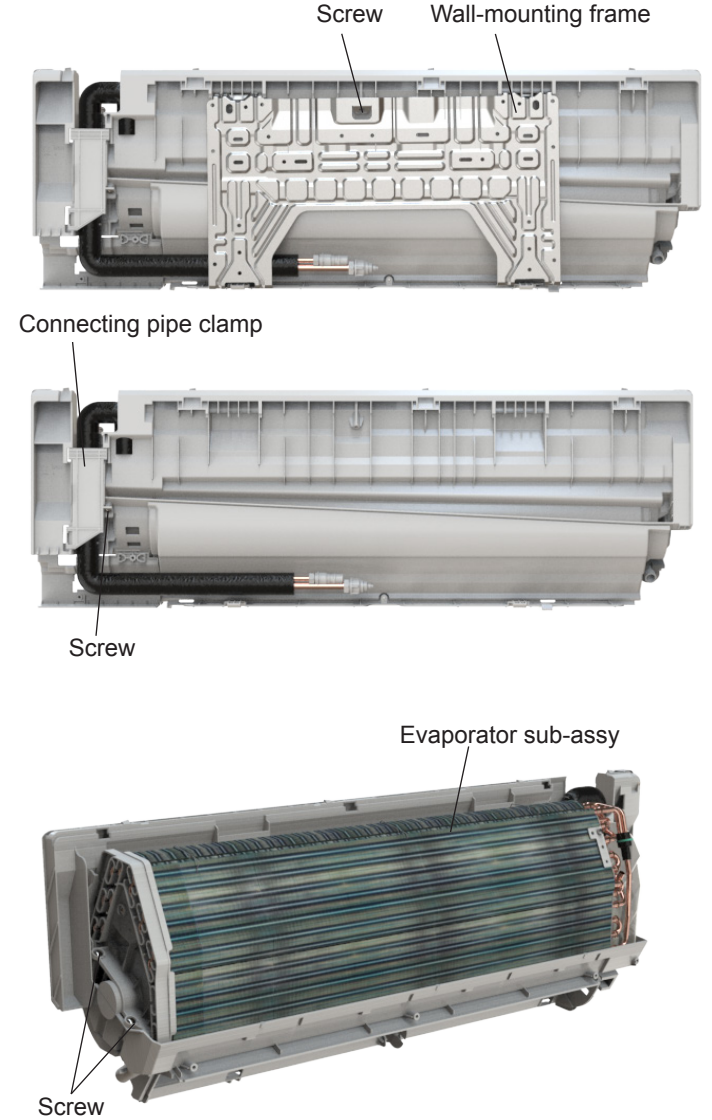


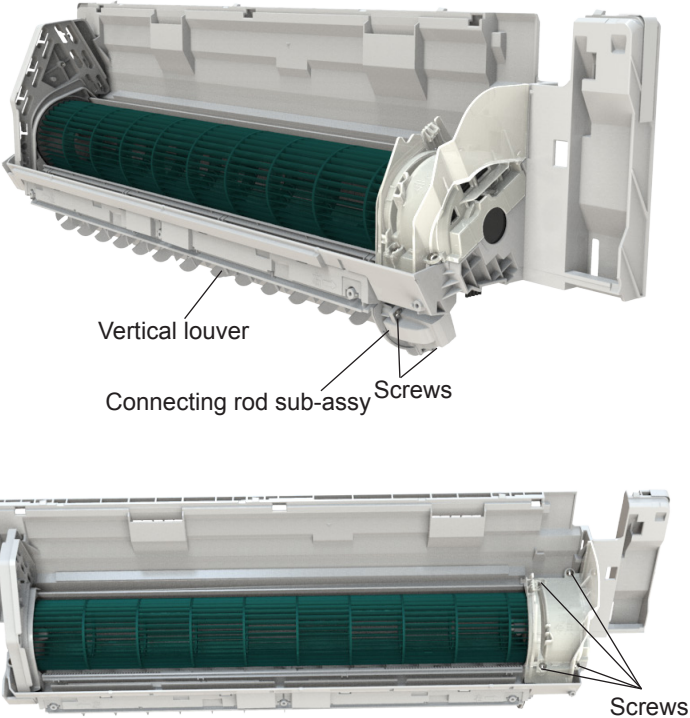
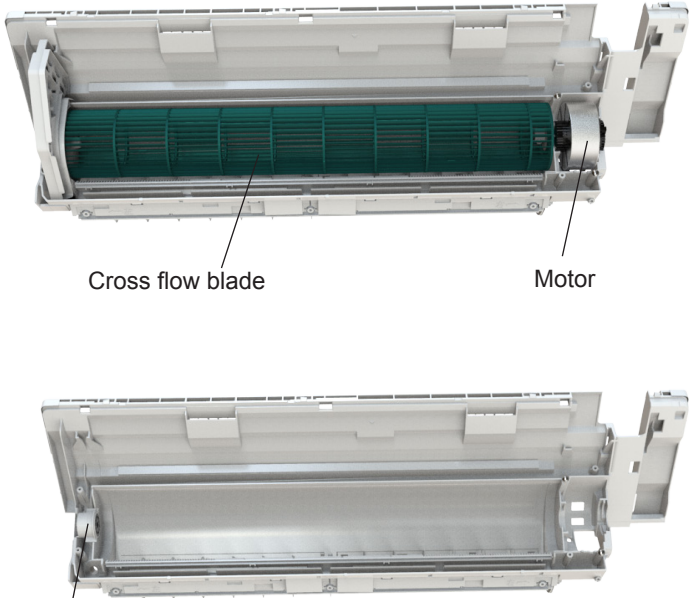
Caution: discharge the refrigerant completely before removal.

Step	Procedure
1. Complete unit	
2. Remove Filter	<div>   Clasp</div> <p>a. Hold the front end of the two sides of the panel, and then lift the panel outwards to open the panel;</p> <p>b. Push the clasp on the filter frontward;</p> <p>c. Push the clasp on the filter backward to pull out the filter sub-assy with hands.</p>

Step	Procedure
<p>3. Remove Panel</p> <p>a. Remove the hinges in the left side and the right side of the panel, and then remove the panel.</p> <p>b. Put the removed panel at the suitable place; remove the 2 screws on the display and the detection board; remove the display and detection board from the panel; separate the panel from the panel case and then remove the panel.</p>	
<p>4. Remove horizontal louver</p> <p>a. Horizontally pull out the horizontal louver in about 70mm.</p> <p>b. Hold up the connecting rod at the motor side of horizontal louver with hands; push out the right end of the horizontal louver from the clasp, and then remove the left end of the horizontal louver to separate the horizontal louver and then drive connecting rod.</p>	

Step	Procedure
<p>5. Remove Electric Box Cover</p> <p>a. Remove the screw fixing the electric box cover with screwdriver and then remove the electric box cover.</p> <p>b. Remove the 2 connecting terminals on the electric box, and then take out the connecting terminal wire, RF board connecting wire and temperature sensor wire from the wiring trough.</p>	
<p>6. Remove Panel Case</p> <p>a. Remove the 2 wire plugs connecting the horizontal louver driver and the electric box assy at the two ends inside the panel case.</p> <p>b. Turn over the 1 screw covers on the panel case and then remove the 4 screws on the panel case with screwdriver.</p> <p>c. Remove the 4 clasps at the left, middle and right sides of the panel case with hands, and then lift the panel case upwards to remove it.</p>	

Step	Procedure
<p>7. Remove electric box sub-assy</p> <p>a. Remove the 3 grounding screws with screwdriver; pull out the temperature sensor of indoor pipe with hands and then cut the wire tie short with scissors.</p> <p>b. Remove the electric box cover rightwards.</p>	
<p>8. Remove evaporator sub-assy</p> <p>a. Remove the connecting pipe clamp with hands, to separate the connecting pipe clamp from the bottom case. Remove the screws on the wall-mounting frame with screwdriver and then remove the wall-mounting frame.</p> <p>b. Remove the 2 screws connecting the evaporator assy and the bottom case with screwdriver.</p> <p>c. Prise off the connecting pipe on the evaporator assy and then remove the evaporator assy.</p>	



Step	Procedure
<p>9. Remove vertical louver sub-assy and motor clamp</p> <p>a. Remove the vertical louver from the connecting rod.</p> <p>b. Remove the screws of connecting rod support and then remove the connecting rod sub-assy;</p> <p>c. Remove the 4 screws fixing the motor clamp with screwdriver, and then remove the motor clamp to separate the motor clamp from the bottom case.</p>	 <p>Vertical louver</p> <p>Connecting rod sub-assy</p> <p>Screws</p> <p>Screws</p>
<p>10. Remove cross flow blade and motor</p> <p>a. Remove the cross flow blade and motor.</p> <p>b. Pull out the rubber ring base of the bearing.</p>	 <p>Cross flow blade</p> <p>Motor</p> <p>Ring of Bearing</p>

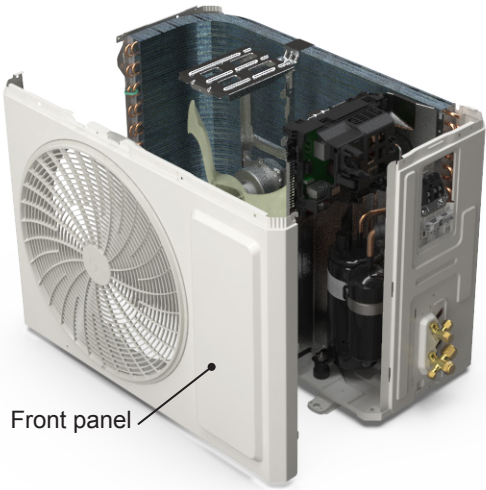
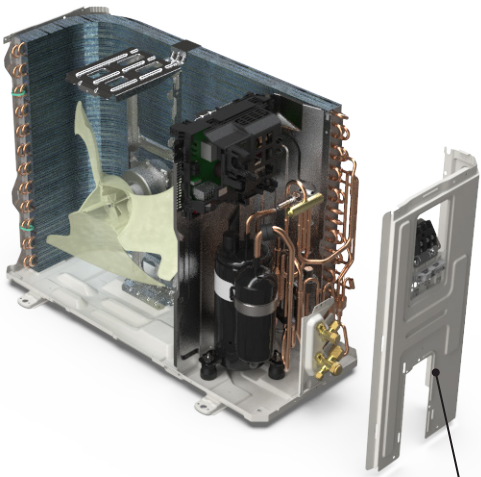
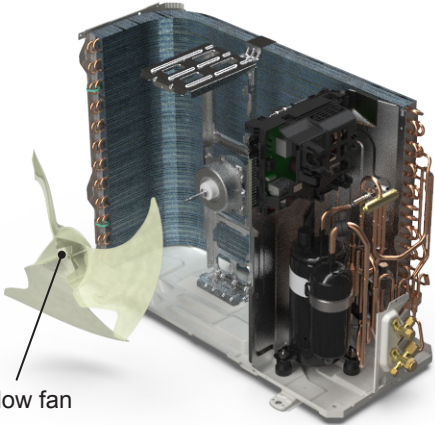
11.2 Removal Procedure of Outdoor Unit

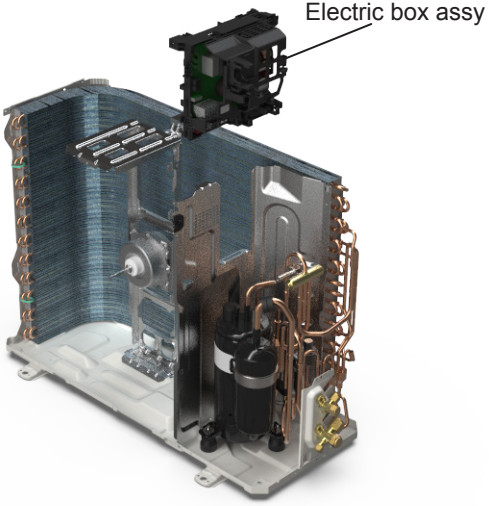
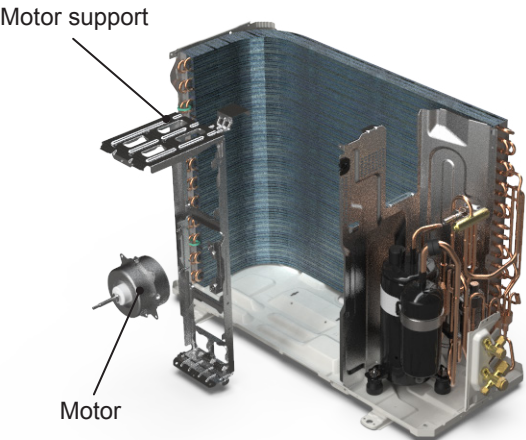
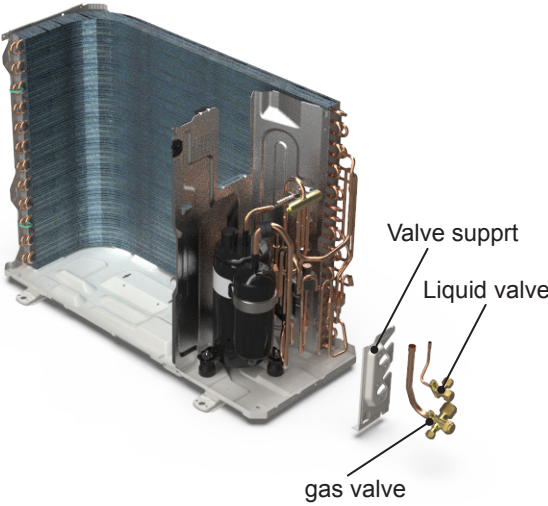
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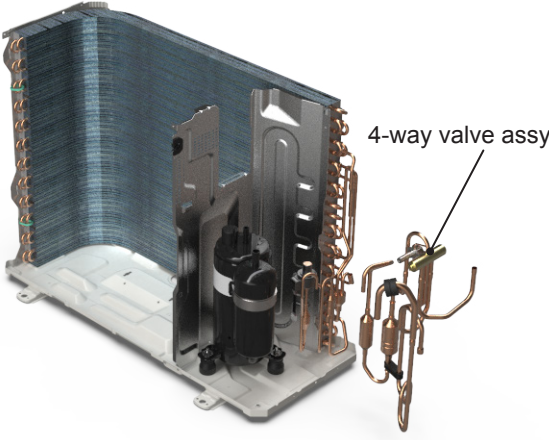
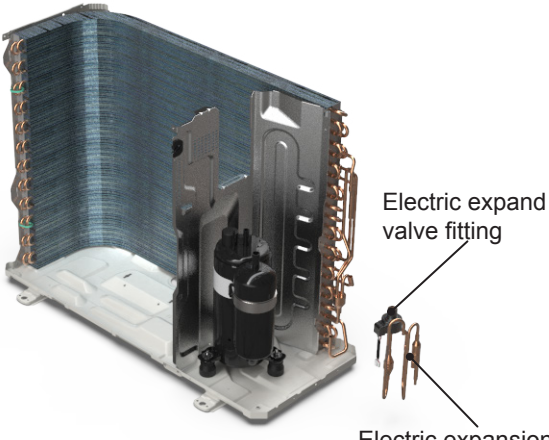
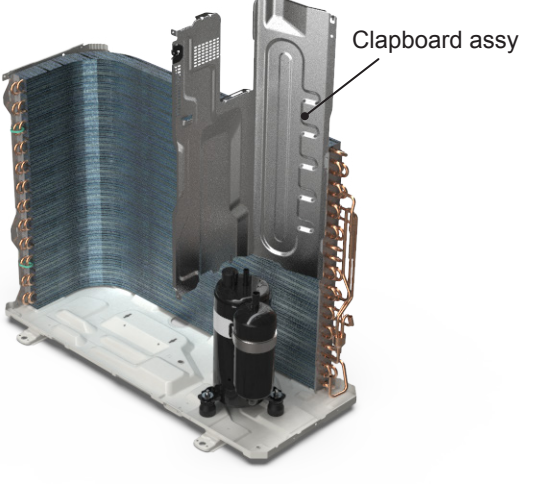


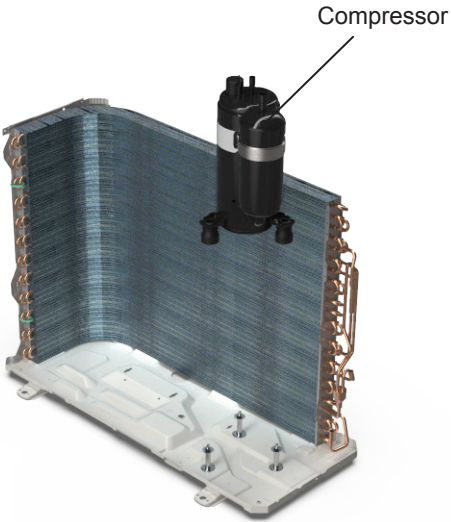
Caution: discharge the refrigerant completely before removal.

Step	Procedure
1. Before disassembly	
2. Remove big handle and valve cover	<p>Remove the screws fixing big handle, valve cover and then remove them.</p> 
3. Remove top cover	<p>Remove the screws fixing top panel and then remove the top panel.</p> 

Step	Procedure
4. Remove front panel assy	<p>Remove connection screws connecting the front panel assy with the chassis and the motor support, and then remove the front panel assy.</p> 
5. Remove right side plate assy	<p>Rescrew the ground screws, remove the ground wires, loosen the screws fixing terminal board, remove the terminal board, rescrew the screws fixing the right plate, and remove the right side plate assy.</p> 
6. Remove axial flow fan	<p>Remove the nut on the fan and then remove the axial flow fan.</p> 

Step	Procedure
7. Remove electric box assy	<p>Remove the terminals, lift up and rotate the electrical box assy to the right so that the snaps on the clapboard are removed and the electrical box assy are removed.</p>  <p>Electric box assy</p>
8. Remove motor and motor support	<p>Remove the screws fixing the motor and then remove the motor. Remove the screws fixing the motor support and lift the motor support to remove it.</p>  <p>Motor support</p> <p>Motor</p>
9. Remove gas valve, liquid valve and valve support	<p>Remove the valve support block, remove the screws fixing the gas valve and the liquid valve, unsolder the welding joint connecting the gas valve and the liquid valve, remove them.</p> <p>Note: Discharge the refrigerant completely before unsoldering; when unsoldering, wrap the gas valve with a wet cloth completely to avoid damage to the valve caused by high temperature. Remove the screws fixing valve support, then remove the valve support.</p>  <p>Valve support</p> <p>Liquid valve</p> <p>gas valve</p>

Step	Procedure
10. Remove 4-way valve assy	<p>Unsolder the welding joints connecting the 4-way valve assy, remove the 4-way valve.</p> <p>Note: Before unsoldering the welding joint, wrap the 4-way valve with a wet cloth completely to avoid damage to the valve caused by high temperature.</p>  <p>4-way valve assy</p>
11. Remove electric expansion valve sub-assy	<p>Unsolder the spot weld of electric expansion valve sub-assy and condenser, and then remove the electric expansion valve sub-assy.</p> <p>Note: When unsoldering the spot weld, wrap the electric expansion valve sub-assy with wet cloth completely to avoid damaging the valve due to high temperature.</p>  <p>Electric expand valve fitting</p> <p>Electric expansion valve sub-assy</p>
12. Remove clapboard assy	<p>Remove the screws fixing the clapboard assy and then remove the clapboard assy.</p>  <p>Clapboard assy</p>

Step	Procedure
13. Remove compressor	
Remove the 3 foot nuts on the compressor and then remove the compressor.	

Appendix:

Appendix 1: Reference Sheet of Celsius and Fahrenheit

Conversion formula for Fahrenheit degree and Celsius degree: $T_f = T_c \times 1.8 + 32$

Set temperature

Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius (°C)	Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius (°C)	Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius (°C)
61	60.8	16	69/70	69.8	21	78/79	78.8	26
62/63	62.6	17	71/72	71.6	22	80/81	80.6	27
64/65	64.4	18	73/74	73.4	23	82/83	82.4	28
66/67	66.2	19	75/76	75.2	24	84/85	84.2	29
68	68	20	77	77	25	86	86	30

Ambient temperature

Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius (°C)	Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius (°C)	Fahrenheit display temperature (°F)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Celsius (°C)
32/33	32	0	55/56	55.4	13	79/80	78.8	26
34/35	33.8	1	57/58	57.2	14	81	80.6	27
36	35.6	2	59/60	59	15	82/83	82.4	28
37/38	37.4	3	61/62	60.8	16	84/85	84.2	29
39/40	39.2	4	63	62.6	17	86/87	86	30
41/42	41	5	64/65	64.4	18	88/89	87.8	31
43/44	42.8	6	66/67	66.2	19	90	89.6	32
45	44.6	7	68/69	68	20	91/92	91.4	33
46/47	46.4	8	70/71	69.8	21	93/94	93.2	34
48/49	48.2	9	72	71.6	22	95/96	95	35
50/51	50	10	73/74	73.4	23	97/98	96.8	36
52/53	51.8	11	75/76	75.2	24	99	98.6	37
54	53.6	12	77/78	77	25			

Appendix 2: Configuration of Connection Pipe

- Standard length of connection pipe(More details please refer to the specifications.)
- Min. length of connection pipe for the unit with standard connection pipe of 5m, there is no limitation for the min. length of connection pipe. For the unit with standard connection pipe of 7.5m and 8m, the min. length of connection pipe is 3m.
- Max. length of connection pipe and max. high difference.(More details please refer to the specifications.)
- The additional refrigerant oil and refrigerant charging required after prolonging connection pipe
 - After the length of connection pipe is prolonged for 10m at the basis of standard length, you should add 5ml of refrigerant oil for each additional 5m of connection pipe.
 - The calculation method of additional refrigerant charging amount (on the basis of liquid pipe):
 - Basing on the length of standard pipe, add refrigerant according to the requirement as shown in the table. The additional refrigerant charging amount per meter is different according to the diameter of liquid pipe. See the following sheet.
 - Additional refrigerant charging amount = prolonged length of liquid pipe X additional refrigerant charging amount per meter.

Additional refrigerant charging amount for R32				
Piping size		Indoor unit throttle	Outdoor unit throttle	
Liquid pipe	Gas pipe	Cooling only, cooling and heating (g / m)	Cooling only(g/m)	Cooling and heating(g/m)
1/4"	3/8" or 1/2"	14	12	16
1/4" or 3/8"	5/8" or 3/4"	40	12	40
1/2"	3/4" or 7/8"	80	24	96
5/8"	1" or 1 1/4"	136	48	96
3/4"	/	200	200	200
7/8"	/	280	280	280

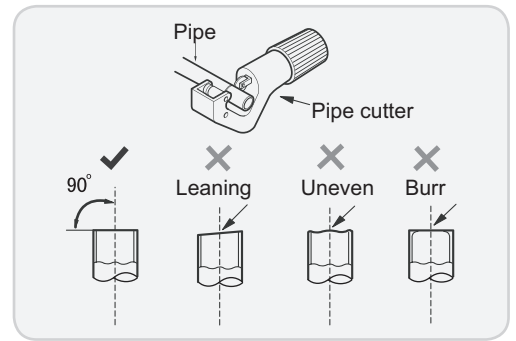
Appendix 3: Pipe Expanding Method

⚠ Note:

Improper pipe expanding is the main cause of refrigerant leakage. Please expand the pipe according to the following steps:

A: Cut the pipe

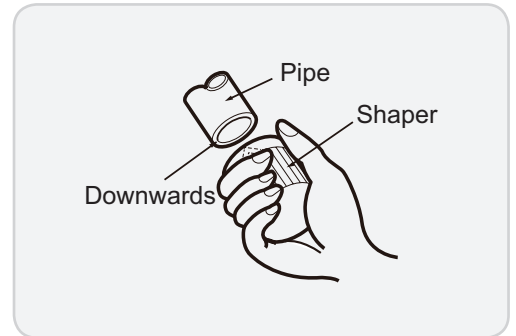
- Confirm the pipe length according to the distance of indoor unit and outdoor unit.
- Cut the required pipe with pipe cutter.



B: Remove the burrs

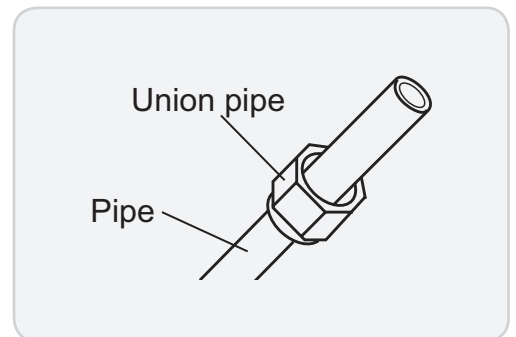
- Remove the burrs with shaper and prevent the burrs from getting into the pipe.

C: Put on suitable insulating pipe.



D: Put on the union nut

- Remove the union nut on the indoor connection pipe and outdoor valve; install the union nut on the pipe.



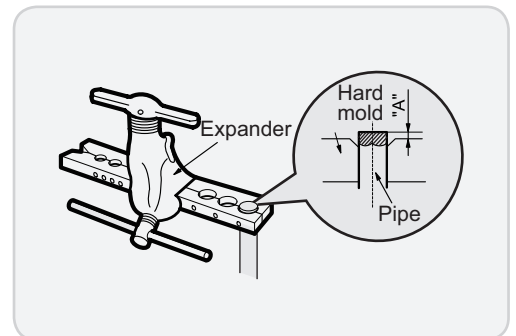
E: Expand the port

- Expand the port with expander.

⚠ Note:

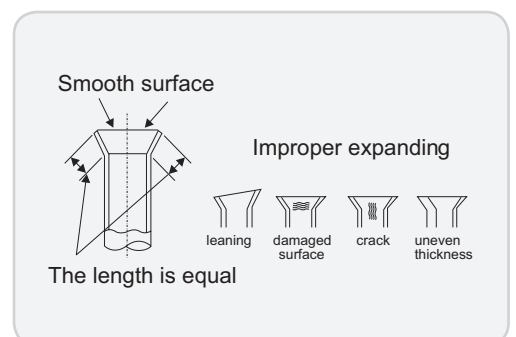
- "A" is different according to the diameter, please refer to the sheet below:

Outer diameter(mm)	A(mm)	
	Max	Min
Φ6 - 6.35 (1/4")	1.3	0.7
Φ9.52 (3/8")	1.6	1.0
Φ12 - 12.70 (1/2")	1.8	1.0
Φ16 - 15.88 (5/8")	2.4	2.2



F: Inspection

- Check the quality of expanding port. If there is any blemish, expand the port again according to the steps above.



Appendix 4: List of Resistance for Temperature Sensor

Resistance Table of Ambient Temperature Sensor for Indoor and Outdoor Units(15K)


Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)
-19	138.10	0	49.02	20	18.75	40	7.97
-18	128.60	2	44.31	22	17.14	42	7.35
-16	115.00	4	40.09	24	15.68	44	6.79
-14	102.90	6	36.32	26	14.36	46	6.28
-12	92.22	8	32.94	28	13.16	48	5.81
-10	82.75	10	29.90	30	12.07	50	5.38
-8	74.35	12	27.18	32	11.09	52	4.99
-6	66.88	14	24.73	34	10.20	54	4.63
-4	60.23	16	22.53	36	9.38	56	4.29
-2	54.31	18	20.54	38	8.64	58	3.99

Resistance Table of Tube Temperature Sensors for Indoor and Outdoor (20K)

Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)
-19	181.40	20	25.01	60	4.95	100	1.35
-15	145.00	25	20.00	65	4.14	105	1.16
-10	110.30	30	16.10	70	3.48	110	1.01
-5	84.61	35	13.04	75	2.94	115	0.88
0	65.37	40	10.62	80	2.50	120	0.77
5	50.87	45	8.71	85	2.13	125	0.67
10	39.87	50	7.17	90	1.82	130	0.59
15	31.47	55	5.94	95	1.56	135	0.52

Resistance Table of Discharge Temperature Sensor for Outdoor(50K)

Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)	Temp(°C)	Resistance(kΩ)
-30	911.400	10	98	50	17.65	90	4.469
-25	660.8	15	77.35	55	14.62	95	3.841
-20	486.5	20	61.48	60	12.17	100	3.315
-15	362.9	25	49.19	65	10.18	105	2.872
-10	274	30	39.61	70	8.555	110	2.498
-5	209	35	32.09	75	7.224	115	2.182
0	161	40	26.15	80	6.129	120	1.912
5	125.1	45	21.43	85	5.222	125	1.682



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